

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-K**

(Mark One)

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to .

Commission File Number: 001-35907

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC.**



(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

27-1341991  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2400 Ellis Rd., Durham, North Carolina 27703  
(Address of principal executive office and Zip Code)

(919) 998-2000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	IQV	New York Stock Exchange

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, based upon the closing sale price as reported on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2025, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second quarter, was approximately \$26.5 billion.

As of February 6, 2026, there were approximately 169.7 million shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated herein by reference in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K to the extent stated herein. Such proxy statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days of the registrant's fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC.**  
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## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for any historical information contained herein, the matters discussed or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (“Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Such forward-looking statements reflect, among other things, our current expectations, our forecasts and our anticipated results of operations, all of which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, market trends, or industry results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Therefore, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements and should be evaluated as such. Without limiting the foregoing, the words “assumes,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “may,” “forecasts,” “plans,” “projects,” “should,” “seeks,” “sees,” “targets,” “will,” “would” and similar words and expressions, and variations and negatives of these words are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

We caution you that any such forward-looking statements are further qualified by important factors that could cause our actual operating results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation, that business disruptions caused by natural disasters, pandemics, and the public health policy responses to the outbreak, international conflict or other disruptions outside of our control; most of our contracts may be terminated on short notice, and we may lose or experience delays with large client contracts or be unable to enter into new contracts; the market for our services may not grow as we expect; we may be unable to successfully develop and market new services or enter new markets; imposition of restrictions on our use of data by data suppliers or their refusal to license data to us; any failure by us to comply with contractual, regulatory or ethical requirements under our contracts, including current or future changes to data protection and privacy laws; breaches or misuse of our or our outsourcing partners’ security or communications systems; failure to meet our productivity or business transformation objectives; failure to successfully invest in growth opportunities; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights and our susceptibility to claims by others that we are infringing on their intellectual property rights; the expiration or inability to acquire third party licenses for technology or intellectual property; any failure by us to accurately and timely price and formulate cost estimates for contracts, or to document change orders; hardware and software failures, delays in the operation of our computer and communications systems or the failure to implement system enhancements; the rate at which our backlog converts to revenues; our ability to acquire, develop and implement technology necessary for our business; consolidation in the industries in which our clients operate; risks related to client or therapeutic concentration; government regulators or our customers may limit the number or scope of indications for medicines and treatments or withdraw products from the market, and government regulators may impose new regulatory requirements or may adopt new regulations affecting the biopharmaceutical industry; the risks associated with operating on a global basis, including currency or exchange rate fluctuations and legal compliance, including anti-corruption laws; risks related to the enactment of legislation or the imposition of regulations or other restrictions or actions by governments that create business uncertainty and have the potential to limit trade; changes in accounting standards; general economic conditions in the markets in which we operate, including financial market conditions, inflation and risks related to sales to government entities; the impact of changes in tax laws and regulations; and our ability to successfully integrate, and achieve expected benefits from, our acquired businesses. In addition, we may not achieve the expected benefits of our reorganized business segment structure.

These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those described in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors.” If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those expected, estimated or projected or as otherwise suggested by the forward-looking statements that we make for a number of reasons. Given these uncertainties, users of the information included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including investors and prospective investors, are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are made only as of the date hereof. We assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking information to reflect actual results or changes in the factors affecting such forward-looking information.

## GENERAL

When we use the terms “IQVIA,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our” in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we mean IQVIA Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, unless we state or the context implies otherwise.

## **INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes market data and forecasts with respect to the healthcare industry. In some cases, we rely on and refer to market data and certain industry forecasts that were obtained from third party surveys, market research, consultant surveys, publicly available information and industry publications and surveys that we believe to be reliable. However, we have not independently verified data from industry analyses and cannot guarantee their accuracy or completeness. We believe that data regarding the industry, market size and market position and market share within such industry provide general guidance but are inherently imprecise. Other industry and market data included in this annual report are from IQVIA analyses and have been identified accordingly, including, for example, IQVIA Market Prognosis, which is a subscription-based service that provides five-year pharmaceutical market forecasts at the national, regional and global levels. We are a leading global information provider for the healthcare industry and we maintain databases, produce market analyses and deliver information to clients in the ordinary course of our business. Our information is widely referenced in the industry and used by governments, payers, academia, the life sciences industry, the financial community and others. Most of this information is available on a subscription basis. Other reports and information are available publicly through our IQVIA Institute for Human Data Science (the “IQVIA Institute”). All such information is based upon our own market research, internal databases and published reports and has not been verified by any independent sources. Our estimates and assumptions involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed in Part I, Item IA, “Risk Factors.” These and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the estimates and assumptions.

## **TRADEMARKS AND SERVICE MARKS**

All trademarks, trade names, product names, graphics and logos of IQVIA contained herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of IQVIA Holdings Inc. or its subsidiaries, as applicable, in the United States and/or other countries. All other party trademarks, trade names, product names, graphics and logos contained herein are the property of their respective owners. The use or display of other parties’ trademarks, trade names, product names, graphics or logos is not intended to imply, and should not be construed to imply, a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of IQVIA Inc. or its subsidiaries by such other party.

Solely for convenience, the trademarks, service marks and trade names referred to in this annual report are listed without the ®, (sm) and (TM) symbols, but we will assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of the applicable licensors to these trademarks, service marks and trade names.

## PART I

### Item 1. Business

#### Our Company

IQVIA is a leading global provider of clinical research services, commercial insights and healthcare intelligence to the life sciences and healthcare industries. IQVIA's portfolio of solutions are powered by IQVIA Connected Intelligence™ to deliver actionable insights and services built on high-quality health data, Healthcare-grade AI®, advanced analytics, the latest technologies and extensive domain expertise. We are committed to using artificial intelligence ("AI") responsibly, with AI-powered capabilities built on best-in-class approaches to privacy, regulatory compliance and patient safety, and delivering AI to the high standards of trust, scalability and precision demanded by the industry. With approximately 93,000 employees in over 100 countries, including experts in healthcare, life sciences, data science, technology and operational excellence, we are dedicated to accelerating the development and commercialization of innovative medical treatments to help improve patient outcomes and population health worldwide.

We are a global leader in protecting individual patient privacy. We use a wide variety of privacy-enhancing technologies and safeguards to protect individual privacy while generating and analyzing information on a scale that helps healthcare stakeholders identify disease patterns and correlate with the precise treatment path and therapy needed for better outcomes. Our insights and execution capabilities help biotech, medical device and pharmaceutical companies, medical researchers, government agencies, payers and other healthcare stakeholders tap into a deeper understanding of diseases, human behaviors and scientific advances, in an effort to advance their path toward cures.

We have one of the largest and most comprehensive collections of healthcare information in the world spanning sales, prescription, promotional and social media data, as well as medical claims, electronic medical records, and genomics data, including more than 1.2 billion comprehensive, longitudinal, unique non-identified patient records. Our scaled and growing information set contains approximately 68 petabytes of unique proprietary data sourced from approximately 150,000 data suppliers and covering over one million data feeds globally. Based on this data, we deliver information and insights on approximately 90% of the world's pharmaceuticals, as measured by 2024 sales. We standardize, curate, structure and integrate this information by applying our sophisticated analytics and leveraging our global technology infrastructure. Longitudinal analysis across disparate datasets is enabled via internally developed fully compliant tokenization engines. This helps our clients run their organizations more efficiently and make better decisions to improve their clinical, commercial and financial performance. We have developed a comprehensive portfolio of intelligent, actionable information offerings over a period of many years through innovation, expertise and hard work that differentiates our capabilities to support customers throughout the world.

We combine our proprietary information assets with advanced analytics, transformative technology and domain expertise to develop clinical and commercial capabilities that enable us to grow our relationships with healthcare stakeholders throughout the life science's value chain. This set of capabilities includes:

- ***A leading healthcare-specific global IT infrastructure***, representing what we believe is one of the largest and most sophisticated information technology ("IT") infrastructures in healthcare. We receive approximately 120 billion healthcare records annually, and our infrastructure then connects complex healthcare data while applying a wide range of privacy, security, operational, legal and contractual protections for data in response to local law, supplier requirements and industry leading practices;
- ***Analytics-driven clinical development***, which improves clinical trial design, site identification and patient recruitment by empowering therapeutic, scientific, and domain experts with expansive levels of information, including product level tracking in 97 markets, and information about treatments and outcomes on more than 1.2 billion unique non-identified patient records globally;
- ***Robust real world solutions ecosystem***, with sophisticated retrospective database analytics, prospective real world data collection technology platforms and scientific expertise, which enables us to address critical healthcare issues of cost, value and patient outcomes;

- ***A growing set of proprietary clinical and commercial applications***, which helps our clients increase their clinical operations performance, supports their regulatory and compliance needs and orchestrates their sales operations, sales management, multi-channel marketing and performance management;
- ***Integration of information, analytics, technology, and domain expertise through IQVIA Connected Intelligence***, which enables us to provide our clients with more effective options to address their needs from research and development through commercialization as well as truly innovative breakthroughs such as decentralized trials and global real-world evidence networks; and
- ***A staff of approximately 93,000 employees across the globe***, including over 31,000 Technology & Analytics Solutions employees, approximately 51,000 Research & Development Solutions employees and approximately 7,000 Contract Sales & Medical Solutions employees.

## Our Market Opportunity

We compete in a market of approximately \$335 billion consisting of outsourced research and development, real-world evidence and connected health and technology enabled clinical and commercial operations markets for life sciences companies and the broader healthcare industry. The following sets forth our estimates for the size of our principal markets:

- ***Outsourced research and development:*** Biopharmaceutical spending on drug development totaled approximately \$199 billion in 2025. Of that amount, we estimate that our addressable opportunity (clinical development spending excluding preclinical spending) was approximately \$159 billion. The portion of this addressable opportunity that was outsourced in 2025, based on our estimates, was approximately \$75 billion.
- ***Real-World Evidence and connected health:*** Total addressable market of approximately \$90 billion in 2025 that consists of tightly coupled life sciences and healthcare markets. First, the life sciences market for Real-World Evidence of approximately \$35 billion includes post-launch evidence generation, market access, and medical affairs. Second, the addressable opportunity for connected healthcare is approximately \$55 billion, and includes areas such as revenue cycle management, payer & provider analytics and clinical decision support services.
- ***Technology enabled commercial operations:*** Total addressable market of approximately \$84 billion in 2025 that includes information, data warehousing, IT outsourcing, software applications and other services in the broader market for IT services. This addressable opportunity also includes commercial services such as recruiting, training, deploying and managing global sales forces, channel management, patient engagement services, market access consulting, brand communication, advisory services, and health information analytics and technology consulting.

In deriving estimates of the size of the various markets described above, we review third-party sources, which include estimates and forecasts of spending in various segments, in combination with internal IQVIA research and analysis informed by our experience serving these segments, as well as projected growth rates for each of these segments. See “Industry and Market Data” above.

We believe there are six key trends affecting our end markets that will create increasing demand for research and development services, technology & analytics solutions and contract sales and medical solutions:

***Growth and innovation in the life sciences industry.*** The life sciences industry is a large and critical part of the global healthcare system and, according to the latest information available from the IQVIA Market Prognosis service, is estimated to have generated approximately \$1.94 trillion in revenues in 2025. According to the IQVIA Institute, it is estimated that spending on pharmaceuticals in emerging markets will expand at a 5% to 8% compound annual growth rate (“CAGR”) through 2030. The growth of emerging markets demonstrates their strategic importance to global life sciences organizations along with the emergence of local and regional companies with similar operational and informational needs. We expect all of these organizations to apply a high degree of sophistication to their commercial operations in these countries, especially as some begin to emerge as sources of original innovative products. For global companies, this requires highly localized knowledge and information assets, the development of market access strategies and performance benchmarking. In addition, local players are learning that they need to compete on the basis of improved information and analytics.

***Growth in Research and Development.*** Spending trends in research and development are impacted as a result of several factors, including major biopharmaceutical companies' efforts to replenish revenues lost from the so-called "patent cliff," increased access to capital by the small and midcap biotechnology industry, and recent increases in pharmaceutical approvals by regulatory authorities. The IQVIA Institute also estimates that approximately 375 new molecular entities ("NMEs") are expected to be approved between 2026 and 2030, or 75 per year compared to 68 per year on average during the past decade. We believe that further research and development spending, combined with the continued need for cost efficiency across the healthcare landscape, will continue to create opportunities for biopharmaceutical services companies, particularly those with a global reach and broad service offerings, to help biopharmaceutical companies with their pre- and post-launch solutions development and commercialization needs. The impact of recent legislative changes on product launch and industry innovation continues to be evaluated. IQVIA is involved with many stakeholders throughout the industry as we help navigate changes over the coming decade.

***Increased Complexity in Research and Development.*** Biopharmaceutical companies face environments in which it has become increasingly difficult to operate. Improved standards of care in many therapeutic areas and the emergence of new types of therapies, such as biologics, genetically targeted therapies, gene and stem cell therapies, and other treatment modalities have led to more complex development and regulatory pathways. We believe that our global clinical development capabilities, including our expertise in biomarkers and genomics and our global laboratory network, position us well to help biopharmaceutical companies manage the complexities inherent in an environment where this type of expertise is important. For example, IQVIA Connected Intelligence helps us validate protocols to ensure studies in new disease areas have greater accuracy and also enables us, through innovations such as predictive analytics, to find patients who may not have been diagnosed.

Regulators require clinical trials to involve local populations as part of the process for approving new pharmaceutical products, especially in certain Asian and emerging markets. Understanding the epidemiological and physiological differences in different ethnic populations and being able to conduct clinical trials locally in certain geographies will be important to pharmaceutical product growth strategies, both for multinational and local/regional biopharmaceutical companies. We believe that our global clinical development capabilities and unmatched presence in Asia and other emerging markets make us a strong partner for biopharmaceutical companies managing the complexities of international drug development.

***Financial pressures driving the need for increased efficiency.*** Despite expected accelerating growth in the global life sciences market, we believe our clients will face increased operating margin pressure due to their changing product mix, pricing and reimbursement challenges, and rising costs of compliance. Product portfolios for life sciences companies have shifted toward specialty products with lower peak market sales potential than traditional primary care medicines. We believe that the need for biopharmaceutical companies to maximize productivity and lower costs across their processes from research and development through commercial operations will cause them to look to partners as they enter into outsourcing arrangements to improve efficiency. Further, our clients are looking for new ways to simplify processes and drive operational efficiencies by using automation, consolidating vendors and adopting new technology options such as hosted and cloud-based applications. This provides opportunities for technology services vendors to capture and consolidate the internal spending of life sciences companies by providing lower-cost and variable-cost options that lower clients' research and development, selling, marketing and administrative costs.

***Evolving need to integrate and structure expanding sources of data.*** Over the past decade, many health systems around the world have focused on digitizing medical records. While such records theoretically enhance access to data, relevant information is often unintegrated, unstructured, siloed in disparate software systems, or entered inconsistently. In addition, new sources of data from the internet, such as social media and information on limited patient pools, and information resulting from enhanced diagnostic technologies are creating new sources of healthcare data.

In order to derive valuable insights from existing and expanding sources of information, clients need access to statistically significant data sets organized into databases that can be queried and analyzed. For example, real-world evidence studies demonstrate practical and clinical effectiveness, which can require the aggregation and integration of large clinical data sets across multiple care settings, types of therapies and patient cohorts. Longitudinal studies require analysis of non-identified patient diagnoses, treatments, procedures and laboratory test results to identify types of patients that will likely best respond to particular therapies. Finally, manufacturers also can require the ability to analyze social media activity to identify unmet patient needs and support for new orphan drugs. This information is highly relevant to all healthcare stakeholders and we believe the opportunity to more broadly apply healthcare data can only be realized through structuring, organizing and integrating new and existing forms of data in conjunction with sophisticated analytics.

***Need for demonstrated value in healthcare.*** Participants in the healthcare industry are focused on improving quality and reducing costs, both of which require assessment of quality and value of therapies and providers. As a result, physicians no longer make prescribing decisions in isolation, but rather in the context of guidance and rules from payers, integrated delivery networks and governments. We believe life sciences companies are working to bring alignment across constituents on the value of their treatments in order to successfully develop and commercialize new therapies and improve lives of patients.

There is increasing pressure on life sciences companies to support and justify the value of their therapies. Many new drugs that are being approved are more expensive than existing therapies and will likely receive heightened scrutiny by regulators and payers to determine whether the existing treatment options would be sufficient. Additionally, many new specialty drugs are molecular-based therapies and require a more detailed understanding of clinical factors and influencers that demonstrate therapeutic value. As a result, leading life sciences companies are utilizing more sophisticated outcome research and data analytics services.

We believe we are well positioned to take advantage of these global trends in healthcare. Beyond our proprietary information assets, we have developed key capabilities to assess opportunities to develop and commercialize therapies, support and defend the value of medicines and help our clients operate more efficiently through the application of our clinical, scientific and operational knowledge as well as our insight-driven decision-making and cost-efficient technology solutions.

## **Our Growth Strategy**

We believe we are well positioned for continued growth across the markets we serve. Our strategy for achieving growth includes:

***Continue to innovate through our IQVIA Connected Intelligence by leveraging our information, advanced analytics, transformative technology and significant domain expertise.*** As a leader in the development and commercialization of new pharmaceutical therapies, we can empower our therapeutic, scientific and domain experts with expansive levels of information including product level tracking in 97 markets and information about treatments and outcomes on more than 1.2 billion unique non-identified patient records. By connecting this intelligence, we have the ability to optimize the clinical trial process and enable our clients to reduce costs and get their products to market more quickly through more informed site selection, faster patient recruitment practices and decentralized trials. We transform Real World Evidence by linking prospective and retrospective approaches and introduce innovation such as secondary control arms, which can eliminate the need for a placebo group. We bring best in class Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") platforms, purpose built for life sciences, to our clients to help them run their clinical and commercial operations more efficiently.

***Build upon our extensive client relationships and leverage our global presence.*** We have a diversified base of over 10,000 clients in over 100 countries and have expanded our client value proposition to address a broader market for research and development and commercial operations which we estimate to be approximately \$335 billion in 2025. Through the combined offerings of research and development and commercial services we built a platform that allows us to be a more complete partner to our clients.

***Expand the penetration of our offerings to the broader healthcare marketplace.*** We believe that substantial opportunities exist to use our existing technology and domain expertise to serve additional healthcare stakeholders (payers, providers, healthcare professionals, governments, non-governmental organizations) to quantify and optimize cost of care delivery; provide registry technology to professional association and patient communities and support healthcare providers with system implementation and platform migration.

***Expand portfolio through strategic acquisitions.*** We have and expect to continue to acquire assets and businesses that strengthen our value proposition to clients. We have developed an internal capability to source, evaluate and integrate acquisitions that have created value for stockholders. As the global healthcare landscape evolves, we expect that there will be a growing number of acquisition opportunities across the life sciences, payer and provider sectors. We expect to continue to invest in or explore opportunities for strategic acquisitions to grow our platform and enhance our ability to provide more services to our clients.

## **Our Offerings**

We offer hundreds of distinct services, applications, technology platforms and solutions to help our clients make critical decisions and perform better. We have three reportable segments: Technology & Analytics Solutions, Research & Development Solutions and Contract Sales & Medical Solutions. Their offerings complement each other and can provide enhanced value to our clients when delivered together, with each driving demand for the other.

***Our Technology & Analytics Solutions offerings include:***

***Technology platforms.*** We provide an extensive range of cloud-based applications and associated implementation services. SaaS solutions that support a wide range of commercial and clinical processes, including customer relationship management (“CRM”), performance management, real-world evidence generation, compliance and safety reporting, incentive compensation, territory alignment, roster management, call planning, multi-channel marketing, and master data management. These solutions are used by healthcare companies to manage, optimize and execute their clinical and commercial strategies in an orchestrated manner while addressing their regulatory obligations. Using proprietary algorithms, we combine our country-level data, healthcare expertise and therapeutic knowledge in over 100 countries to create our Global Market Insight family of offerings such as MIDAS, Analytics Link and Disease Insights, which provides a leading source of insight into international market dynamics and are used by most large pharmaceutical companies.

***Real World Solutions.*** We enable life sciences and provider customers to generate and disseminate evidence in a cost-efficient manner which informs health care decision making and ultimately improves patients’ outcomes. Our use of a wide range of privacy and security safeguards protect non-identified patient-level medical claims, prescriptions, electronic medical records, genomics, patient reported outcome and social media data. Our scaled information networks include more than 1.2 billion unique non-identified patient records globally, as well as access to profiles of over 4,600 real world data assets in more than 100 countries uniquely facilitating data discoverability for healthcare research via the IQVIA Health Data Catalog. We technology-enable these data flows by harmonizing them to common data models and loading them onto our proprietary evidence platforms for secure access by our customers. We provide access to deep clinical data in Oncology, Rare Disease, and other specialty areas. Our Natural Language Processing capabilities help us create structured data from unstructured clinical notes and the published literature, and provide accredited independent medical educational content. We help our global customers across payers, providers, governments, and biopharmaceutical companies to answer critical questions about healthcare interventions related to safety, effectiveness, and value. We also bring together stakeholders across healthcare to collaborate in efforts to develop new information sources, more effective reimbursement models, and better patient outcomes.

***Analytics and consulting services.*** We provide a broad set of strategic and implementation consulting services, including advanced analytics and commercial processes outsourcing services to help the commercial operations of life sciences companies successfully transform their commercial models, engage more effectively with healthcare stakeholders and reduce their operating costs. We also help our client’s research and development function to address strategic challenges in the drug development process. Our global teams leverage local market knowledge, deep scientific and therapeutic area expertise and our global information resources to assist our clients with research and development strategy, portfolio, brand and commercial strategy, as well as pricing and market access and launch excellence.

***Information offerings.*** Our national offerings comprise unique services in over 100 countries that provide consistent country level performance metrics related to sales of pharmaceutical products, prescribing trends, medical treatment and promotional activity across multiple channels including retail, hospital and mail order. Our sub-national offerings comprise unique services in over 70 countries that provide a consistent measurement of sales or prescribing activity at the regional, zip code and individual prescriber level (depending on regulation in the relevant country). Our widely used reference database tracks over 22 million healthcare professionals in over 100 countries, providing a comprehensive view of health care practitioners that is critical for the commercial success of our clients’ marketing and sales initiatives.

***Our Research & Development Solutions offerings include:***

***Project Management and Clinical Monitoring.*** Drawing upon our years of experience, our site databases, our site relationships and our highly trained staff, our solutions and services enables the efficient conduct and coordination of multi-site clinical trials (Phase I-IV). Our service offerings include protocol design, feasibility and operational planning, site start up, patient recruitment and clinical site monitoring. By infusing technology into field-based monitoring, we are able to reduce data collection steps and time.

***Clinical Trial Support Services.*** Each clinical trial requires a number of concurrent services and data streams. We offer a broad range of functional services and consultation to support clinical trials through specialized expertise that help clients efficiently collect, analyze and report the quality data and evidence they need to gain regulatory approval.

**Laboratory Services.** We provide our clients globally scaled end-to-end clinical trial laboratory and research services. Our offerings include the full range of central laboratory, genomic, bioanalytical, ADME, discovery, vaccine and biomarker laboratory services along with sample and consent tracking services.

**Strategic Planning and Design.** By bringing our data science capabilities to our strategic planning and design services, we offer consultation services to improve decisions and performance including portfolio, program and protocol planning and design, biomarker consultation, benefit-risk management, regulatory affairs, biostatistics, modeling and simulation, and personalized medicine.

**Patient and Site Centric Solutions.** A comprehensive suite of technology and site support services which create custom strategies to engage and retain patients. Included is our site management organization Avacare Clinical Research Network, which orchestrates the activities of over 180 investigators and extends solutions to patients across more than 20 therapeutic indications in nearly 50 locations. Additionally, our decentralized approaches and technologies support sites and sponsors through direct-to-patient recruitment, remote nursing, data entry, and study coordinator resources. Our solutions reduce study burden and foster a supportive, patient-centric journey.

***Our Contract Sales & Medical Solutions offerings include:***

**Health Care Provider Engagement Services.** We partner with biopharmaceutical companies and other life sciences providers (e.g., medical device companies) to develop and deploy tailored stakeholder engagement solutions, including contract sales and market access professionals, which are focused on product sales and improving brand value at all stages of the product lifecycle from initial market entry to brands nearing patent expiry.

**Patient Engagement Services.** Our nurse-based programs directly engage with patients to help improve their disease and medication understanding through interventional and non-interventional support, while also providing assistance in navigating complex reimbursement coverage issues. Our patient engagement services combine insight from clinical trials and social listening, behavioral design, personal and innovative eHealth multichannel interactions across multiple sites (e.g., the physician's office, hospital, pharmacy, home), that act as an extension of the Health Care Provider prescribed treatment course which can lead to improved adherence and better overall outcomes.

**Medical Services.** We provide a range of medical services and scientific strategy to help biopharmaceutical companies plan and transition from the clinical trial setting to commercialization. Beginning in the clinical trial stage, our services can deploy educators to clinical trial sites to accelerate patient recruitment and improve retention, assist in translation of complex clinical trial data into a compelling scientific platform and publication strategy, and, provide field medical teams to facilitate scientific engagement with key opinion leaders and healthcare decision makers, before and after product approval.

Effective January 1, 2026, our reportable segments consist of Commercial Solutions and Research & Development Solutions. See Note 20 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for further details.

**Our Clients**

Sales to companies in life sciences, including pharmaceutical companies, biotechnology companies, device and diagnostic companies, and consumer health companies, account for the majority of our revenues. Nearly all of the top 100 global pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies, measured by revenues, are clients, and many of these companies subscribe to reports and services in many countries. Other clients include payers, government and regulatory agencies, providers, pharmaceutical distributors, and pharmacies. Our client base is broad in scope and enables us to avoid dependence on any single client. No single client accounted for 10% or more of our total Company revenues in 2025, 2024 or 2023. For the year ended December 31, 2025 the largest client based on its percentage of total Company revenues contributed approximately 5%.

## **Our Competition**

Our Technology & Analytics Solutions business competes with a broad and diverse set of businesses. While we believe no competitor provides the combination of geographical reach and breadth of our services, we generally compete in the countries in which we operate with other information, analytics, technology, services and consulting companies, as well as with the in-house capabilities of our clients. Also, we compete with certain government agencies, private payers and other healthcare stakeholders that provide their data directly to others. In addition to country-by-country competition, we have a number of regional and global competitors in the marketplace as well. Our offerings compete with various firms, including Accenture, Aetion (a Datavant company), Panalgo (a Norstella company), Cognizant Technology Solutions, Deloitte, Pharmaceutical Product Development, Inc. (part of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.), Relx, IBM, Infosys, Oracle Health, McKinsey, NielsenIQ, Optum Insight (part of UnitedHealth Group), Parexel International Corporation, Press Ganey, RTI Health Solutions, ICON plc, Definitive Healthcare, Cegedim, Tempus, Merative, CompuGroup Medical, Medidata (Part of Dassault Systèmes), Clarivate, Veeva, and ZS Associates. We also compete with a broad range of new entrants and start-ups that are looking to bring new technologies and business models to healthcare information services and technology services.

The markets for Research & Development Solutions offerings are highly competitive, and we compete against traditional clinical research organizations (“CROs”), the in-house research and development departments of biopharmaceutical companies, universities, and teaching hospitals. Among the traditional CROs, there are thousands of small, limited-service providers, several medium-sized firms and only a few full-service companies with global capabilities. Some of our larger competitors include ICON plc, Parexel International Corporation, Pharmaceutical Product Development, Inc. (part of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.), and Syneos Health, among others.

Our Contract Sales & Medical Solutions business competes against the in-house sales and marketing departments of biopharmaceutical companies, other contract pharmaceutical sales and service organizations and consulting firms. Contract Sales & Medical Solutions’ primary competitors in the United States are Syneos Health, Amplify Health, Eversana and Inizio. Outside of the United States, Contract Sales & Medical Solutions typically competes against single country or more regionally focused service providers, such as Inizio, Syneos Health, EPS Corporation, Unipharm, and CMIC HOLDINGS Co., Ltd.

## **Sustainability**

We are committed to sustainable practices that further our corporate mission of accelerating innovation for a healthier world. Our sustainable business practices are organized under three pillars — People, Public and Planet. For further information on our sustainability program and achievements, see our 2025 Sustainability Report (the “2025 Sustainability Report”), which will be available on our website at <https://www.iqvia.com/about-us/sustainability>. Information in the 2025 Sustainability Report is not incorporated by reference in, and does not form part of, this Annual Report on Form 10-K. To facilitate the disclosure of comparable, consistent, and reliable sustainability information, the 2025 Sustainability Report will be aligned with the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (“SASB”) and the Global Reporting Initiative (“GRI”) reporting frameworks by including therein and reporting against their respective reporting standards indexes.

## **Government Regulation**

Many aspects of our businesses are regulated by federal and state laws, rules and regulations. Accordingly, we maintain a robust compliance program aimed at ensuring we operate our business in compliance with all existing legal requirements material to the operation of our businesses. There are, however, occasionally uncertainties involving the application of various legal requirements, the violation of which could result in, among other things, fines or other sanctions. See Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” for additional detail.

### ***Good Clinical Practice***

Good Clinical Practice (“GCP”) regulations and guidelines are the industry standard for the conduct of clinical trials with respect to maintaining the integrity of the data and safety of the research subjects. The United States Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”), the European Medicines Agency (“EMA”), Japan’s Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare and most other global regulatory authorities expect that study results and data submitted to such authorities be based on clinical trials conducted in accordance with GCP provisions. Records for clinical trials must be maintained for specified periods for inspection by the FDA and other regulators.

### ***Regulation of Drugs, Biologics and Medical Devices***

In the United States, pharmaceutical, biological and medical device products are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA. The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA), the Public Health Service Act (PHS Act), and other federal and state statutes and regulations govern, among other things, the research, development, testing, manufacture, storage, recordkeeping, approval, labeling, promotion and marketing, distribution, post-approval monitoring and reporting, sampling, and import and export of pharmaceutical, biological and medical device products. Failure to comply with applicable United States requirements may subject a company to a variety of administrative or judicial sanctions, such as FDA refusal to approve a pending new drug application (NDA) for a new drug, a biologics license application (BLA) for a new biological product, pre-market approval (PMA) or clearance for a new medical device, warning or untitled letters, clinical holds, product recalls, product seizures, total or partial suspension of production or distribution, injunctions, fines, civil penalties, and criminal prosecution.

### ***Regulation of Patient Information***

Our information management services relate to the processing of information regarding patient diagnosis and treatment of disease and are, therefore, subject to substantial governmental regulation. In addition, the confidentiality of patient-specific information and the circumstances under which such patient-specific records may be released for inclusion in our databases or used in other aspects of our business is heavily regulated. Federal, state and foreign governments are contemplating or have proposed or adopted additional legislation governing the possession, use and dissemination of personal data, such as personal health information and personal financial data, as well as security breach notification rules for loss or theft of such data. Additional legislation or regulation of this type might, among other things, require us to implement additional security measures and processes or bring within the legislation or regulation de-identified health or other data, each of which may require substantial expenditures or limit our ability to offer some of our services.

In particular, personal health information is recognized in many countries or regions such as the United States, the European Union (EU), Latin America, Asia and others, as a special, sensitive category of personal information, subject to additional mandatory protections. Violations of data protection regulations are subject to administrative penalties, civil money penalties and criminal prosecution, including corporate fines and personal liability.

### ***Regulation of Promotion, Marketing and Distribution of Pharmaceutical Products and Medical Devices***

Certain of our services are subject to detailed and comprehensive regulation in each geographic market in which we operate. Such regulation relates, among other things, to the distribution of drug samples, the marketing and promotion of approved products, the qualifications of sales representatives and the use of healthcare professionals in sales functions.

In the United States, certain of our services are subject to numerous federal and state laws pertaining to promotional activities involving pharmaceutical products and medical devices. Certain of our services are subject to the FDA's regulations against "off-label promotion," which require sales representatives to restrict promotion of the approved product they are detailing to the approved labeling for the product. The Prescription Drug Marketing Act imposes licensing, personnel record keeping, packaging, labeling, product handling and facility storage and security requirements. Other federal and state laws prohibit manufacturers, suppliers and providers from offering, giving or receiving kickbacks or other remuneration in connection with ordering or recommending the purchase or rental of healthcare items and services. The sale or distribution of pharmaceutical products and devices is also governed by the United States Federal Trade Commission Act and state consumer protection laws. We are subject to similar regulations currently in effect in the other countries where we offer Contract Sales & Medical Solutions.

We are also subject to various laws and regulations that may apply to certain drug and device promotional practices, including, among others, various aspects of Medicare and federal healthcare programs. Violations of these laws and regulations may result in criminal and/or civil penalties, including possibly as an "aider and abettor."

## ***Regulation of Laboratories***

Our United States laboratories are subject to licensing and regulation under federal, state and local laws relating to hazard communication and employee right-to-know regulations, and the safety and health of laboratory employees. Additionally, our United States laboratories are subject to applicable federal and state laws and regulations and licensing requirements relating to the handling, storage and disposal of hazardous waste, radioactive materials and laboratory specimens, including the regulations of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Department of Transportation, the National Fire Protection Agency and the United States Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”). The use of controlled substances in testing for drugs with a potential for abuse is regulated in the United States by the DEA and by similar regulatory bodies in other parts of the world. Our United States laboratories using controlled substances for testing purposes are licensed by the DEA. The regulations of the United States Department of Transportation, Public Health Service and Postal Service apply to the surface and air transportation of laboratory specimens. Our laboratories also are subject to International Air Transport Association regulations, which govern international shipments of laboratory specimens. Furthermore, when the materials are sent to a foreign country, the transportation of such materials becomes subject to the laws, rules and regulations of such foreign country. Our laboratories outside the United States are subject to applicable national laws governing matters such as licensing, the handling and disposal of medical specimens, genetic material, hazardous waste and radioactive materials, as well as the health and safety of laboratory employees.

In addition to its comprehensive regulation of safety in the workplace, the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration has established extensive requirements relating to workplace safety for healthcare employers whose workers may be exposed to blood-borne pathogens such as HIV and the hepatitis B virus. Although we believe that we are currently in compliance in all material respects with such federal, state and local laws, failure to comply with such laws could subject us to denial of the right to conduct business, fines, criminal penalties and other enforcement actions.

Further, laboratories that analyze human blood or other biological samples for the diagnosis and treatment of clinical trial subjects must comply with Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (“CLIA”), as well as requirements established by various states. The failure to meet these requirements may result in civil penalties and suspension or revocation of the CLIA certification.

## **Data Privacy**

Patient health information is among the most sensitive of personal information, and it is critically important that information about an individual’s healthcare is properly protected from inappropriate access, use and disclosure. Real world evidence -- information that allows us to examine actual practices and outcomes -- is essential to increase access to care, improve outcomes, and lower costs. IQVIA uses a wide variety of privacy-enhancing technologies and safeguards to protect individual privacy while generating and analyzing information on a scale that helps healthcare stakeholders identify disease patterns and correlate with the precise treatment path and therapy needed for better outcomes. We employ a wide variety of methods to manage privacy requirements, including:

- governance, frameworks, models and training to promote good decision making and accountability;
- a layered approach to privacy and security management to avoid a single point of failure;
- ongoing evaluation of privacy and security practices to promote continuous improvement;
- use of technical, administrative, physical and organizational safeguards and controls;
- collaboration with data suppliers and trusted third parties for our syndicated market research and analytics offerings to remove identifiable information or employ effective encryption or other techniques to render information non-identified before data is delivered to us; and
- work with leading researchers, policy makers, thought leaders and others in a variety of fields relevant to the application of effective privacy and security practices, including statistical, epidemiological and cryptographic sciences, legal, information security and compliance, and privacy.

We are an industry leader in anonymization and privacy-enhancing technologies. Our capabilities allow us to render data to be non-identified while still maintaining data utility, thus protecting privacy while still advancing innovation. Not only do we make use of anonymization techniques with respect to the data we hold, but we also share our expertise in this area with policymakers, regulators and others to help them understand anonymization methodologies and practical considerations to avoid re-identification risk.

We operate in more than 100 countries around the world, many of which have data protection and privacy laws and regulations based on similar core principles (e.g., openness, accountability, security safeguards, etc.). We apply those principles globally and augment our practices to address local laws, contractual obligations and other data privacy requirements.

Our Global Privacy team, led by our Global Chief Privacy Officer, is comprised of privacy professionals and privacy law experts who drive our strategy and develop and manage our policies and standards. The Global Privacy team provides subject matter expertise related to the proper management of all data types. In addition, our Global Privacy team liaises with our Legal, IT, Information Security and other teams so that privacy requirements are addressed in technology development, contracting, offerings and other business activities.

The IQVIA Privacy Policy (the "Privacy Policy") is our foundational privacy policy. It explains how, when applicable, we collect, hold, use and disclose personal information, including that of our personnel, consumers, healthcare professionals, patients, medical research subjects, clinical investigators, customers, suppliers, vendors, business partners and investors. You can find the Privacy Policy on our website at <https://www.iqvia.com/about-us/privacy/privacy-policy>. Information in the Privacy Policy is not incorporated by reference in, and does not form part of, this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Our Intellectual Property**

In addition to our proprietary data sets described above, we develop and use a number of proprietary methodologies, analytics, systems, technologies and other intellectual property in the conduct of our business. We rely upon a combination of legal, technical, and administrative safeguards to protect our proprietary and confidential information and trade secrets, and patent, copyright and trademark laws to protect other intellectual property rights. We consider our trademark and related names, marks and logos to be of material importance to our business, and we have registered or applied for registration for certain of these trademarks, including IQVIA, in the United States and other jurisdictions and aggressively seek to protect them. Trademarks and service marks generally may be renewed indefinitely so long as they are in use and/or their registrations are properly maintained, and so long as they have not been found to have become generic. The technology and other intellectual property rights owned and licensed by us are of importance to our business, although our management believes that our business, as a whole, is not dependent upon any one intellectual property or group of such properties.

## **Artificial Intelligence**

Artificial Intelligence ("AI") presents opportunities for smarter healthcare. It can enable the industry to better understand patient needs, identify new approaches to treatment, and scale and democratize access to medicine. IQVIA has a rich history of developing Healthcare-grade AI<sup>®</sup>. We have steadily expanded our capabilities over the years in connection with machine learning, natural language processing and generative and agentic AI as technology evolves. For example, AI can be used to generate new insights and recommendations, helping to increase clinical trials efficiency at all stages from trial design to data submission.

We use AI to deliver tangible customer benefits and patient impact, while focusing on ethical application, responsible use and compliance with emerging regulation. The expanded use of AI in the life sciences industry is generating clear benefits, but also concerns about data security, privacy and trust. IQVIA is committed to implementing technology in a way that addresses these concerns. Our new Center for Defensible Data and AI and our AI Governance Council support employee compliance with our guiding principles of Defensible AI, Trustworthy AI, and Responsible and Ethical AI. This helps us to maintain high standards across the business, and supports our compliance with existing laws (e.g., clinical, employment, intellectual property, consumer protection, competition) and emerging AI regulation such as the European Union's Artificial Intelligence Act (the "EU AI Act") and the Colorado AI Act.

Given the sensitive and complex nature of health-related information, developing and implementing AI for healthcare requires additional safeguards to address information governance requirements, including privacy and security, and clinical regulatory requirements, including good clinical practice, pharmacovigilance and the integrity and reliability of systems. IQVIA Healthcare-grade AI<sup>®</sup> supports our AI-powered offerings, engineered to meet the level of precision, speed, and trust needed by the industry. It combines IQVIA's expertise across life sciences, data science, information management, and technology with AI models trained on our extensive, high quality, and diverse health data. Our ability to connect these powerful capabilities enables us to responsibly advance AI in healthcare and accelerate the delivery of solutions to improve patients' lives.

IQVIA employs a wide variety of policies, procedures, guidelines, training, communications, tools and other resources to support the responsible use of AI technologies and comply with legislation such as the EU AI Act, including:

- For higher risk AI activities, we have established procedures and methodologies to evaluate or test input, AI models, output and other aspects of AI use for error, bias, hallucinations and results that are not otherwise fit for the intended purpose.

- For lower risk activities, a variety of policies, standard operating procedures, guidance and training support our employees in the use of AI models — for example, the use of AI tools to improve employee communications, and to help our employees determine whether we have the necessary rights to use any non-IQVIA content with AI tools.
- We have established private instances of certain public large language models. This ensures proprietary IQVIA content is not used to train public models and that the output and AI models derived from the use of proprietary content remains subject to IQVIA requirements and guidelines.
- Robust AI policies and practices must be built on a solid foundation of good information governance policies and practices relating to data privacy, information security, intellectual property management, contract compliance, vendor management and related domains. IQVIA has extensive policies and practices addressing these topics, and substantial resources and experience in each of these domains.
- Good AI policies and practices also depend upon strong supporting policies, practices and experience relating to the design, development, testing, implementation, management and support of technology. IQVIA has extensive policies and practices addressing these topics, and substantial resources and experience relating to the responsible use of technology.
- IQVIA employs an information security framework based on National Institute of Standards and Technology ("NIST"), Health Information Trust Alliance ("HITRUST") and other common standards to define the minimum level of security controls and safeguards for each type of content (see Item 1C Cybersecurity in this Annual Report on Form 10-K).

## Human Capital

**Overview.** Our approximately 93,000 employees drive our vision to power smarter healthcare for everyone, everywhere. They are comprised of specialists across multiple disciplines, including medical and life sciences, engineering, technology, data science and more. Investments in our people are aimed at attracting, developing, and retaining a talented workforce. These efforts not only engage our people but also result in strong productivity and superior outcomes for our clients.

We unite our global workforce through our Employee Value Proposition (EVP), which consists of four values that make up our identity – passion, collaboration, innovation, and growth. The nature of our business attracts IQVIANS who thrive by innovating and growing together while they do meaningful work that helps people lead healthier lives.

We offer curated upskilling pathways and project opportunities across our businesses, empowering employees to build the skills for tomorrow while following their passions. We encourage IQVIANS to pursue multiple careers here, including unconventional career paths that bring new ways of thinking. This commitment fosters their professional development and, in a competitive industry, contributes to our favorable attrition.

**Board Oversight of Human Capital Management.** Our Board of Directors (our "Board") receives periodic updates on key human capital metrics, including recruitment and attrition rates, talent development data, and statistics related to our overall workforce.

Our Board also devotes significant time to leadership development and succession planning at the executive level and provides guidance on important decisions in each of these areas. The Leadership Development and Compensation Committee of the Board has primary responsibility for succession planning for the chief executive officer and oversight of succession planning for senior leadership.

**Human Capital Management Strategy.** Our employees are essential to our continued success and are a core element of our long-term strategy, especially as demand for critical skills continues to grow. Senior management is responsible for ensuring that our initiatives, policies, and processes reflect and reinforce our desired corporate culture, which we believe supports the development of the people and skills we will need tomorrow. Our human capital management strategy is built on three fundamental focus areas:

- **Recruitment.** We consider a range of qualified candidates for all positions. We hire qualified individuals with a variety of backgrounds and experiences from both within and outside the organization for positions at all levels.
- **Development & Progression.** We are committed to having a broad pipeline of talent moving through our organization and providing opportunities for all employees to develop within their current role as well as towards their next role. We do this by promoting our One IQVIA, Multiple Careers approach, which helps employees build their skills using our curated learning content and uses technology to match employees to open roles and projects.

- **Retention.** We develop a working environment where employees feel engaged and supported, wanting to stay and grow with us. Our retention efforts focus on areas that are important to our employees, including career, health and well-being, community, and financial rewards.

**Employee Engagement.** Listening and responding to our employees across the world enables us to continually strengthen our culture. We heard from 74,000 employees on average across our two surveys in 2025, equivalent to an average 84% response rate and maintained employee engagement across the organization. 91% of employees who responded feel they are acquiring the knowledge and skills necessary to be effective in their roles, 8 points above the Fortune 500 Benchmark. 85% of employees who responded see a clear link between their work and IQVIA's vision, 6 points above the Fortune 500 Benchmark.

**Employee Health & Well-being.** Our vision for a healthier world begins with our employees. "Healthy You" is our global program focusing on building a healthy work environment where employees thrive and can maximize their potential, improving health outcomes for all. The program focuses on five pillars: work, finances, connections, minds and bodies.

Healthy You comes to life through global initiatives and local champions who promote well-being year-round, offering activities from health and financial education sessions to social events and blood donation drives. In 2025, we strengthened this commitment by introducing programs that support employees at every stage of life, including resources for those managing chronic illness or cancer, and by expanding Hinge Health, our U.S. digital physical therapy program, with specialized guidance for women's health.

Complementing these initiatives is a comprehensive portfolio of benefits for employees and their families, tailored to location and country regulations, which may include medical, dental, and vision coverage; telemedicine; critical illness coverage; disability, accidental death and dismemberment, pet and life insurance; identity theft protection; commuter benefits; and locally relevant savings and retirement plans such as pensions. In addition, we provide parental leave for all full-time employees for the birth or adoption of a child, with leave duration varying by location, as well as paid time off for other life matters, including sick time, bereavement, jury duty, military service, and voting, subject to country-specific policies.

Our local Employee Assistance Programs ("EAPs") are available to our workforce worldwide. EAPs offer counseling services, alongside accessible training and webinars focused on a variety of everyday topics including financial planning, nutrition, social connections, stress management, time management and work-life balance. While benefits vary depending on location and local regulations, in all cases we aim to support the physical, mental, social, and financial well-being of employees and their families.

**Financial Rewards.** IQVIA compensation programs support our overall strategy by linking employee compensation with both business and personal performance. This approach to compensation demonstrates our "pay for performance" philosophy, as well as our focus on providing compensation programs that attract, retain, motivate and reward employees. In addition to the benefits described above, our compensation programs include base salaries, annual bonuses, and long-term incentive awards.

**Talent & Learning.** At IQVIA, our people represent some of the smartest minds working at the intersection of healthcare, technology, and data science – complex domains that are constantly evolving. Our work demands continuous learning, and our people show a high level of commitment to upskilling. In fact, in 2025, they visited the IQVIA Talent and Learning Hub 867,000 times and completed 2.2 million e-learning programs. Taken as a whole, these efforts reflect a workforce evolving to meet the next era of work, where 91% of our employees agree that they are acquiring the knowledge and skills to be effective in their job.

Our One IQVIA, Multiple Careers approach provides an overarching framework to help employees direct their learning toward practical outcomes, supporting skill development in the context of career mobility and organizational agility. Whether employees are exploring new paths, building new skills, applying those skills in real-world projects, or moving into a new role at IQVIA when they're ready to take the next step, we are empowering them to build skills for the future while pursuing their passions.

As demand for AI capabilities in healthcare evolves, building AI literacy has become essential for everyone at IQVIA. We are committed to providing employees with the resources needed to develop their careers and leverage the AI applications we are deploying across our business. These AI tools are intended not only to improve efficiency, but to elevate how we work, learn, and connect. By integrating these capabilities, we are building an AI-augmented workplace that empowers employees and accelerates progress.

To prepare employees for the skills of tomorrow, we launched the AI and Data Analytics Skills training series in 2025, available to all employees. The series offers differentiated learning tracks: one for those eager to build a foundational understanding of AI and technology, and another for employees ready to deepen their expertise in advanced concepts. Participants have access to virtual instructor-led courses, curated e-learning paths, and short videos, giving employees hands-on experience with real-world tools. Since launch, the generative AI learning resources have received over 230,000 views.

Alongside these opportunities to build excellence in technology, we also maintain a strong emphasis on leadership and interpersonal skills through multiple learning pillars in the IQVIA Learning Academy, helping employees strengthen the human skills that drive impact.

We maintain a focus on building the strong leadership pipeline we need to ensure our long-term success, offering differentiated programs tailored to different levels and goals. In 2025, over 2,000 employees from 71 countries participated in our enterprise leadership programs. Several examples include:

- **Emerging Leader and Future Programs:** Designed for early and middle stages of growth, these programs strengthen leadership capability through immersive experiences that broaden perspective, build strategic insight, and expand networks, preparing participants to lead effectively at different levels in different parts of the company.
- **General Management Acceleration Program:** A year-long program designed for Research & Development Solutions (R&DS) employees interested in leading scientific organizations. Participants build leadership skills through a combination of advanced training and project work across R&DS operations, preparing them to tackle complex, high-impact challenges across the business.

**Health and Safety.** We are committed to maintaining a workplace that supports and promotes our employees' health. We adopt a safety-first mindset and continually look for ways to strengthen our procedures and practices, striving for excellence in safety and service delivery.

Our Code of Conduct outlines the procedures employees must follow to protect their own safety and that of their colleagues. Employees must complete mandatory health and safety training covering key risks and practical workplace safety guidance. Our health and safety programs are most relevant and tailored to our laboratories business due to the nature of activities and associated risks at these locations. IQVIA operates laboratories in the Americas, Asia, Europe, South Africa, and the United Kingdom. Certain IQVIA laboratories are certified to ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018. Depending on the location and services provided, accreditation also will include ANVISA, CAP ISO 15189, CDC Lipids, CLIA, ISO 9001, MOH Certified Laboratory, and NSGP Level 1.

#### **Available Information**

Our website address is [www.iqvia.com](http://www.iqvia.com), and our investor relations website is located at <http://ir.iqvia.com>. Information on our website is not incorporated by reference herein. Copies of our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and our proxy statements for our annual meetings of stockholders, and any amendments to those reports, as well as Section 16 reports filed by our insiders, are available free of charge on our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we file the reports with, or furnish the reports to, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site (<http://www.sec.gov>) containing reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. Information on the SEC's website does not constitute part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Also posted on our website are our certificate of incorporation and by-laws, the charters for our Audit Committee, Leadership Development and Compensation Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee, our Corporate Governance Guidelines, and our Code of Conduct governing our directors, officers and employees. Copies of our SEC reports and corporate governance information are available in print upon the request of any stockholder to our Investor Relations Department at IQVIA Holdings Inc., 2400 Ellis Road, Durham, North Carolina 27703. Within the time period required by the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), we will post on our website any amendment to the Code of Conduct or any waiver of such policy applicable to any of our senior financial officers, executive officers or directors.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

### RISK FACTORS

*We operate in a rapidly changing environment that involves a number of risks, some of which are beyond our control. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below together with the other information included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, in evaluating our Company. The occurrence of any of the following risks may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and future prospects.*

#### Summary of Risk Factors

Below is a summary of some of the principal risks that could adversely affect our business, operations and financial results:

##### ***Risks Relating to Our Business***

- The potential loss or delay of contracts could adversely affect our results.
- Our financial results may be adversely affected if we underprice our contracts, overrun our cost estimates or fail to receive approval for or experience delays in documenting change orders.
- Failure to meet productivity objectives under our internal business transformation initiatives could adversely impact our competitiveness and harm our operating results.
- If we are unsuccessful at investing in growth opportunities and are unable to develop and market new services or enter new markets, our growth, results of operations or financial condition could be adversely affected.
- If we are unable to successfully identify, acquire and integrate existing businesses, services and technologies, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely impacted.
- If we are unable to attract suitable investigators and patients for our clinical trials, our clinical development business might suffer.
- If we lose the services of key personnel or are unable to recruit additional qualified personnel, our business could be adversely affected.

##### ***Intellectual Property***

- We depend on third parties for data and support services. Our suppliers or providers might restrict our use of or refuse to license data or provide services, which could lead to our inability to access certain data or provide certain services and, as a result, materially and adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.
- Our success depends on our ability to protect our intellectual property rights.
- We may be subject to claims by others that we are infringing on their intellectual property rights.
- We rely on licenses from third parties to certain technology and intellectual property rights for some of our services and the licenses we currently have could terminate or expire.

##### ***IT systems and Information***

- Security breaches and unauthorized use of our IT systems and information could expose us, our clients, our data suppliers or others to risk of loss.
- We may experience challenges with the acquisition, development, enhancement or deployment of technology necessary for our business.
- Data protection, privacy and similar laws restrict access, use and disclosure of personal information, and failure to comply with these laws could materially harm our business.

##### ***Client Risks***

- Consolidation in the industries in which our clients operate may reduce the volume of services purchased by consolidated clients following an acquisition or merger.
- We may be adversely affected by client or therapeutic concentration.
- Our relationships with existing or potential clients who are in competition with each other may adversely impact the degree to which other clients or potential clients use our services.
- There is a risk that we may initiate a clinical trial for a client, and then the client becomes unwilling or unable to fund the completion of the clinical trial, and we may be ethically bound to complete or wind down the clinical trial at our own expense.

### ***Market Forces***

- Disruptions in the credit and capital markets and unfavorable general economic conditions could negatively affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.
- Our effective income tax rate may fluctuate for a variety of reasons.
- Due to the global nature of our business we are subject to international economic, political and other risks that could negatively affect our results of operations and financial condition.
- Climate change may have an impact on our business.

### ***Liability Exposure***

- Our Research & Development Solutions business could subject us to potential liability.
- Our Contract Sales & Medical Solutions business could result in liability to us if a drug causes harm to a patient.
- Our insurance may not cover all of our indemnification obligations and other liabilities associated with our operations.
- We may make mistakes in conducting a clinical trial that could negatively impact the usefulness of the clinical trial which could subject us to significant costs or liability.
- If we fail to perform our services in accordance with contractual requirements, regulatory standards and ethical considerations, we could be subject to significant costs or liability.

### ***Risks Relating to Our Industry***

- The biopharmaceutical services industry is highly competitive and our business could be materially impacted if we do not compete effectively or rapidly adapt to technological change.
- Outsourcing trends in the biopharmaceutical industry and changes in aggregate spending and research and development budgets could adversely affect our operating results and growth rate.
- We may be affected by healthcare reform and potential additional reforms.
- Actions by government regulators or clients to limit a prescription's scope or withdraw an approved drug from the market could affect our business and result in a loss of revenues.
- Laws restricting biopharmaceutical sales and marketing practices may adversely impact demand for our services.

### ***Risks Relating to Our Indebtedness***

- Restrictions imposed in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities (as defined below) and other outstanding indebtedness, including the indentures governing outstanding notes issued by our wholly owned subsidiary IQVIA Inc., may limit our ability to operate our business and to finance our future operations or capital needs or to engage in other business activities.
- Interest rate fluctuations and our ability to deduct interest expense may affect our results of operations and financial condition.

### ***Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock***

- Provisions of the corporate governance documents of IQVIA could make an acquisition of IQVIA difficult and may prevent attempts by its stockholders to replace or remove its management, even if beneficial to its stockholders.
- Our certificate of incorporation contains a provision renouncing any interest and expectancy in certain corporate opportunities identified by certain parties.

For a more complete discussion of the material risk facing our business, see below.

## Risks Relating to Our Business

### *The potential loss or delay of our large contracts or of multiple contracts could adversely affect our results.*

Most of our Research & Development Solutions clients can terminate our contracts upon 30 to 90 days' notice. Our clients may delay, terminate or reduce the scope of our contracts for a variety of reasons beyond our control, including but not limited to:

- decisions to forego or terminate a particular clinical trial;
- lack of available financing, budgetary limits or changing priorities;
- actions by regulatory authorities;
- production problems resulting in shortages of the drug being tested;
- failure of products being tested to satisfy safety requirements or efficacy criteria;
- unexpected or undesired clinical results for products;
- insufficient patient enrollment in a clinical trial;
- insufficient investigator recruitment;
- shift of business to a competitor or internal resources;
- product withdrawal following market launch; or
- shut down of manufacturing facilities.

As a result, contract terminations, delays and alterations are a regular part of our Research & Development Solutions business. In the event of termination, our contracts often provide for fees for winding down the project, but these fees may not be sufficient for us to realize the full amount of revenues or profits anticipated under the related services contracts, and termination may result in lower resource utilization rates. In addition, we will not realize the full benefits of our backlog of contractually committed services if our clients cancel, delay or reduce their commitments under our contracts with them, which may occur if, among other things, a client decides to shift its business to a competitor or revoke our status as a preferred provider. Thus, the loss or delay of a large contract or the loss or delay of multiple contracts could adversely affect our revenues and profitability. We believe the risk of loss or delay of multiple contracts potentially has greater effect where we are party to broader partnering arrangements with global biopharmaceutical companies.

***We depend on third parties for data and support services. Our suppliers or providers might restrict our use of or refuse to license data or provide services, which could lead to our inability to access certain data or provide certain services and, as a result, materially and adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.***

Our Commercial Solutions information services are derived from data we collect from third parties. These data suppliers are numerous and diverse, reflecting the broad scope of information that we collect and use in our business.

Although we typically enter into long-term contractual arrangements with many of these suppliers of data, at the time of entry into a new contract or renewal of an existing contract, suppliers may increase restrictions on our use of such data, increase the price they charge us for data or refuse altogether to license the data to us. In addition, during the term of any data supply contract, suppliers may fail to adhere to our data quality control standards or fail to deliver data. Further, although no single individual data supplier is material to our business, if a number of suppliers collectively representing a significant amount of data that we use for one or more of our services were to impose additional contractual restrictions on our use of or access to data, fail to adhere to our quality-control standards, repeatedly fail to deliver data or refuse to provide data, now or in the future, our ability to provide those services to our clients could be materially adversely impacted, which may harm our operating results and financial condition.

Additionally, we depend on third parties for support services to our business. Such support services include, but are not limited to, third-party transportation providers, suppliers of drugs for patients participating in clinical trials, suppliers of kits for use in our clinical trial laboratories business, suppliers of reagents for use in our testing equipment and providers of maintenance contracts for our equipment. The failure of any of these third parties to adequately provide the critical support services could have a material adverse effect on our business.

***If we fail to perform our services in accordance with contractual requirements, regulatory standards and ethical considerations, we could be subject to significant costs or liability and our reputation could be harmed.***

We contract with biopharmaceutical companies to perform a wide range of services to assist them in bringing new drugs to market. Our services include monitoring clinical trials, data and laboratory analysis, electronic data capture, patient recruitment and other related services, and we perform these services in a number of ways, including through physical and technology-enabled efforts. Such services are complex and subject to contractual requirements, regulatory standards and ethical considerations. For example, we must adhere to applicable regulatory requirements such as those required by the FDA, the EMA and the competent authorities of the member states of the EU, and the MHRA in the UK, and Good Laboratory Practice and GCP requirements, which govern, among other things, the design, conduct, performance, monitoring, auditing, recording, analysis, and reporting of clinical trials. Once initiated, clinical trials must be conducted pursuant to and in accordance with the applicable investigational new drug/device application or clinical trial application, the requirements of the relevant institutional review boards or ethics committees, and GCP requirements. For studies involving controlled substances, we are also typically subject to enhanced regulations, such as those required by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”) which regulates the distribution, recordkeeping, handling, security, and disposal of controlled substances. If we fail to perform our services in accordance with these requirements, regulatory agencies may take action against us for failure to comply with applicable regulations governing clinical trials or sales and marketing practices. Such actions may include sanctions, such as injunctions or failure of such regulatory authorities to grant marketing approval of products, delay, suspension or withdrawal of approvals, license revocation, product seizures or recalls, operational restrictions, civil or criminal penalties or prosecutions, damages or fines. Clients may also bring claims against us for breach of our contractual obligations and patients in the clinical trials and patients taking drugs approved on the basis of those clinical trials may bring personal injury claims against us for negligence. Any such action could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and reputation.

Such consequences could arise if, among other things, the following occur:

***Improper performance of our services.*** The performance of clinical development services is complex and time-consuming. For example, we may make mistakes in conducting a clinical trial that could negatively impact or obviate the usefulness of the clinical trial or cause the results of the clinical trial to be reported improperly. If the clinical trial results are compromised, we could be subject to significant costs or liability, which could have an adverse impact on our ability to perform our services. As examples:

- non-compliance generally could result in the termination of ongoing clinical trials or sales and marketing projects or the disqualification of data for submission to regulatory authorities;
- compromise of data from a particular clinical trial, such as failure to verify that informed consent was obtained from patients, could require us to repeat the clinical trial under the terms of our contract at no further cost to our client, but at a substantial cost to us; and
- breach of a contractual term could result in liability for damages or termination of the contract.

Large clinical trials can cost up to hundreds of millions of dollars, and while we endeavor to contractually limit our exposure to such risks, improper performance of our services could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, damage our reputation and result in the cancellation of current contracts by or failure to obtain future contracts from the affected client or other clients.

***Investigation of clients.*** From time to time, one or more of our clients are audited or investigated by regulatory authorities or enforcement agencies with respect to regulatory compliance of their clinical trials, programs or the marketing and sale of their drugs. In these situations, we have often provided services to our clients with respect to the clinical trials, programs or activities being audited or investigated, and we are called upon to respond to requests for information by the authorities and agencies. There is a risk that either our clients or regulatory authorities could claim that we performed our services improperly or that we are responsible for clinical trial or program compliance. If our clients or regulatory authorities make such claims against us and prove them, we could be subject to damages, fines or penalties. In addition, negative publicity regarding regulatory compliance of our clients’ clinical trials, programs or drugs could have an adverse effect on our business and reputation.

***Insufficient client funding to complete a clinical trial.*** As noted above, clinical trials can cost hundreds of millions of dollars. There is a risk that we may initiate a clinical trial for a client, and then the client becomes unwilling or unable to fund the completion of the clinical trial. This risk is heightened in a recessionary or weak funding environment for our customers, who may be unable to raise or expend funds necessary to complete a trial. In such a situation, notwithstanding the client's ability or willingness to pay for or otherwise facilitate the completion of the clinical trial, we may be ethically bound to complete or wind down the clinical trial at our own expense.

***Failure of vendors to perform contractual obligations.*** In the course of a clinical trial, we regularly contract with third party providers on behalf of our clients to support execution of the trial. If these third parties fail to perform their contractual obligations, we may incur additional costs or responsibilities in order to provide our clients with our contractually obligated deliverables, despite the failure of such third parties.

***Security breaches and unauthorized use of our IT systems and information, or the IT systems or information in the possession of our vendors, could expose us, our clients, our data suppliers or others to risk of loss.***

We rely upon the security of our computer and communications systems infrastructure to protect us from cyberattacks and unauthorized access. Cyberattacks can include malware, computer viruses, hacking or other significant disruption of our computer, communications and related systems. Third parties may attempt to improperly persuade customers, suppliers, vendors, partners, employees or others to disclose sensitive information such as user names, passwords or other information that can be used to gain unauthorized access to systems or data. Cyber threats are rapidly evolving and are becoming increasingly sophisticated, including through the use of AI-supported attacks. As cyber threats evolve and become more difficult to detect and successfully defend against, one or more cyber threats might defeat the measures that we or our vendors take to anticipate, detect, avoid or mitigate such threats. Certain techniques used to obtain unauthorized access, introduce malicious software, disable or degrade service, or sabotage systems may be designed to remain dormant until a triggering event and we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement adequate preventative measures since techniques change frequently or are not recognized until launched, and because cyberattacks can originate from a wide variety of sources. Our preventive and remedial actions, including the activities described in Item 1C Cybersecurity in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, may not be successful. We have acquired various companies, products, services and technologies over the years. While we make significant efforts to identify and address IT security issues with respect to these acquisitions, we may still inherit security risks associated with these activities. The size and complexity of our IT and information security systems, and those of our vendors (and the large amounts of confidential information that is present on them), make such systems potentially vulnerable to service interruptions or to security breaches from inadvertent or intentional actions including, but not limited to, by our employees, contingent workers, service providers, business partners, customers or malicious attackers. Such attacks, whether successful or unsuccessful, could result in our incurring costs related to, for example, rebuilding internal systems, defending against litigation, responding to regulatory inquiries or actions, paying damages or fines, or taking other remedial steps with respect to third parties. Publicity about vulnerabilities and attempted or successful incursions could damage our reputation with clients and data suppliers and reduce demand for our services.

We also store proprietary and sensitive information in connection with our business, which could be compromised by a cyberattack. To the extent that any disruption or security breach results in a loss or damage to our data, an inappropriate disclosure of proprietary or sensitive information, an inability to access data sources, or an inability to process data or provide our offerings to our clients, it could cause significant damage to our reputation, affect our relationships with our data suppliers and clients (including loss of suppliers and clients), lead to claims against us and ultimately harm our business. We may be required to incur significant costs to alleviate, remedy or protect against damage caused by these disruptions or security breaches in the future. We may also face inquiry or increased scrutiny from government agencies as a result of any such disruption or breach. While we have insurance coverage for certain instances of a cyber security breach, our coverage may not be sufficient if we suffer a significant attack or multiple attacks. Any such breach or disruption could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and our reputation as a service provider.

Some of our vendors have significant responsibility for the security of certain of our data centers and computer-based platforms or Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") applications upon which our businesses rely to host or process data or to perform various functions. Also, our data suppliers have responsibility for security of their own computer and communications environments. These third parties face risks relating to cyber security similar to ours, which could disrupt their businesses and therefore materially impact ours. Accordingly, we are subject to any flaw in or breaches to their computer and communications systems or those that they operate for us, which could result in a material adverse effect on our business, operations and financial results.

The risk of cyberattacks has increased in connection with geopolitical events and dynamics. State-sponsored parties or their supporters may launch retaliatory cyberattacks, and may attempt to cause supply chain disruptions, or carry out other geopolitically motivated actions that may adversely disrupt or degrade our operations and may result in data compromise. State-sponsored actors have carried out cyberattacks to accomplish their goals that may include espionage, monetary gain, disruption, and destruction.

***Failure to meet productivity objectives under our internal business transformation initiatives could adversely impact our competitiveness and harm our operating results.***

We are pursuing business transformation initiatives to update technology, increase innovation and obtain operating efficiencies, including through the use of AI. As part of these initiatives, which include accelerating site start-up timelines and improving our customer buying experience, we seek to improve our productivity, flexibility, quality, functionality and cost savings by investing in the development and implementation of global platforms and integration of our business processes and functions to achieve economies of scale. These various initiatives may not yield their intended gains, or be completed in a timely manner, which may impact our competitiveness and our ability to meet our growth objectives and, as a result, materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

***If we are unsuccessful at investing in growth opportunities, our business could be materially and adversely affected.***

We continue to invest significantly in growth opportunities, including the development and acquisition of new data, technologies and services to meet our clients' needs. For example, we are expanding our services and technology offerings, such as the development of a cloud-based platform with a growing number of applications to support commercial and clinical operations for life sciences companies (e.g., multi-channel marketing, marketing campaign management, customer relationship management, incentive compensation management, targeting and segmentation, performance management, site engagement payments, trial master file, risk based monitoring, in-home nursing and other services, clinical trial management and decentralized trials and other applications). We are also investing significantly in our AI strategy by launching AI-enabled solutions across our business units, developing AI agents for internal use and external offerings, and developing relationships with key strategic partners across the health-tech sector to foster collaboration and facilitate interoperability amongst AI-enabled solutions. We also continue to invest significantly in growth opportunities in emerging markets, such as the development, launch and enhancement of services in China, India, Turkey, and other countries. We consider our presence in these markets to be an important component of our growth strategy.

There is no assurance that our investment plans or growth strategy will be successful or will produce a sufficient or any return on our investments. Further, if we are unable to develop new technologies and services or keep up with the rapid pace of change in technological development and innovation, clients do not purchase our new technologies and services, our new technologies and services do not work as intended or there are delays in the availability or adoption of our new technologies and services, then we may not be able to grow our business or growth may occur slower than anticipated. Additionally, although we expect continued growth in healthcare spending in emerging markets, such spending may occur more slowly or not at all, and we may not benefit from our investments in these markets.

We plan to fund growth opportunities with cash from operations or from future financings. There can be no assurance that those sources will be available in sufficient amounts to fund future growth opportunities when needed.

Any of the foregoing could have a material and adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition.

***Data protection, privacy and similar laws and regulations in the United States and around the world restrict access, use and disclosure of personal information, and failure to comply with or adapt to changes in these laws could materially and adversely harm our business.***

The confidentiality, collection, use, retention, security, transfer and disclosure of personal information is subject to governmental regulation in the countries where the personal information was collected or processed.

For example, United States federal regulations under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”) create specific requirements for the protection of the privacy and security of certain individually-identifiable health information, specifically protected health information (PHI). These provisions apply to both “covered entities” (health care providers, health care plans, and clearinghouses) and their “business associates” (service providers who process PHI on behalf of the covered entity). When acting as a HIPAA covered entity or as a business associate of a covered entity, there can be liability for improper processing of PHI. Under HIPAA’s enforcement scheme, overseen by the US Department of Health and Human Services, covered entities and business associates may be subject to significant penalties and fines in connection with HIPAA violations, along with the potential for significant other expenditures related to these activities.

Privacy laws and regulations in all regions of the world are designed to ensure that information about an individual is properly protected from inappropriate access, use and disclosure. Such laws and regulations also include the European Union’s (“EU”) General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Canada’s Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA), Brazil’s General Data Protection Law (LGPR), India’s Digital Personal Data Protection Act (DPDP Act), Japan’s Act on the Protection of Personal Information (APPI), China’s Personal Information Protection Law (PIPL) and many other data protection and privacy laws at the national, state/provincial and local level.

Under most laws and regulations around the world, any information that relates to an identifiable natural person is considered “personal information”. In general, health information related to an identifiable person is considered “sensitive personal information” and is highly regulated. Processing health information carries additional obligations under these laws and regulations, often including the need to obtain the explicit consent of the individual for collection, use or disclosure of the information.

In many countries, there are restrictions related to the cross-border transfer of personal information to other countries, including the need to put measures in place to allow the data transfer to occur. For example, registration with the EU-US Data Protection Framework (DPF) allows the transfer of data from the EU to US. For companies not registering with the DPF, another means of legalizing the transfer is the use of standard contractual clauses. In addition, in several countries around the world there are requirements to maintain personal information or sensitive personal information within that particular country under their data localization laws.

We have established frameworks, models, processes and technologies to manage privacy, data protection and security for many data types, from a variety of sources, and under a myriad of privacy and data protection laws. In addition, we rely on our data suppliers to deliver information to us in a form and in a manner that complies with applicable privacy laws and regulations. These laws and regulations are complex, and there is no assurance that the safeguards and controls employed by us or our data suppliers will be sufficient to prevent a breach of these laws or regulations, or that claims will not be filed against us or our data suppliers despite such safeguards and controls. Failure to comply with such laws, certain certification/registration and annual re-certification/registration provisions associated with these data protection and privacy regulations, and similar rules in various jurisdictions, or to resolve any serious privacy complaints, may result in, among other things, regulatory sanctions, criminal prosecution, civil liability, negative publicity, damage to our reputation, or data being blocked from use or liability under contractual provisions.

Laws and expectations relating to privacy continue to evolve, and we continue to adapt to changing needs. For example, the definition of “personally identifiable information” and “personal data” continues to evolve and broaden and many new laws and regulations are being enacted. In addition, certain established programs have been (or are at risk of being) declared invalid (such as the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield framework that operated for several years but was struck down by the European Court of Justice in July, 2020). While the replacement for the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield (the EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework or “DPF”) has been approved for the transfer of personal data from the EU to certified companies in the U.S., the DPF is also subject to legal challenges and potential invalidation, thereby rendering data transfers from the EU to the US legally uncertain and keeping the area of data transfers in a state of flux. Changes to these programs may adversely impact our ability to provide services to our clients or develop new products or services. Federal, state and foreign governments are contemplating or have proposed or adopted new privacy laws and regulations or modifications to existing privacy laws and regulations, including by amendment, replacement or interpretation through judicial or administrative decisions. New or modified privacy laws or regulations might, among other things, require us to implement new security measures and processes or bring within the scope of the privacy law or regulation other data not currently regulated, each of which may require substantial expenditures or limit our ability to offer some of our services. Additionally, changes in privacy laws and regulations may limit our data access, use and disclosure, and may require increased expenditures by us or may dictate that we not offer certain types of services. Any of the foregoing may have a material adverse impact on our ability to provide services to our clients or maintain our profitability.

There is ongoing concern from privacy advocates, regulators and others regarding data protection and privacy issues, and the number of jurisdictions with privacy laws and regulations has been increasing. Also, there are ongoing public policy discussions and legal challenges regarding whether the standards for de-identified, anonymous or pseudonymized health information are sufficient, and the risk of re-identification sufficiently small, to adequately protect patient privacy. These discussions may lead to further restrictions on the use of such information. There can be no assurance that these initiatives or future initiatives will not adversely affect our ability to access and use data or to develop or market current or future services.

Many privacy laws and regulations protect more than patient information, and although they vary by jurisdiction, these laws can extend to employee information, business contact information, provider information and other information relating to identifiable individuals. Failure to comply with these laws may result in, among other things, civil and criminal liability, negative publicity, damage to our reputation and liability under contractual provisions. In addition, compliance with such laws may require increased costs to us or may dictate that we not offer certain types of services.

The occurrence of any of the foregoing could impact our ability to provide the same level of service to our clients, require us to modify our offerings or increase our costs, which could materially and adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.

***Our success depends on our ability to protect our intellectual property rights.***

Our success depends, in part, upon our ability to develop, use and protect our proprietary methodologies, analytics, systems, technologies and other intellectual property. We rely upon a combination of trade secrets, confidentiality policies, nondisclosure, invention assignment and other contractual arrangements, and patent, copyright and trademark laws, to protect our intellectual property rights. Relevant laws are subject to change at any time and certain agreements may not be fully enforceable, which could further restrict our ability to protect our innovations. Further, these laws may not provide adequate protection for our intellectual property, particularly in countries in which the legal system provides less protection for intellectual property rights. Our intellectual property rights may not prevent competitors from independently developing services similar to or duplicative of ours. Further, the steps we take in this regard might not be adequate to prevent or deter infringement or other misappropriation of our intellectual property by competitors, former employees or other third parties, and we might not be able to detect unauthorized use of, or take appropriate and timely steps to enforce, our intellectual property rights.

Our ability to obtain, protect and enforce our intellectual property rights is subject to general litigation or third-party opposition risks, as well as the uncertainty as to the scope of protection, registrability, patentability, validity and enforceability of our intellectual property rights in each applicable country. Governments may adopt regulations, and government agencies or courts may render decisions, requiring compulsory licensing of intellectual property rights. When we seek to enforce our intellectual property rights, we may be subject to claims that the intellectual property rights are invalid or unenforceable. Litigation may be necessary in the future to enforce our intellectual property rights and to protect our confidential and proprietary information. Litigation brought to protect and enforce our intellectual property rights could be costly, time consuming and distracting to management and could result in the impairment or loss of portions of our intellectual property rights. Furthermore, our efforts to enforce our intellectual property rights may be met with defenses, counterclaims and countersuits attacking the validity and enforceability of our intellectual property rights. Our inability to protect our proprietary technology against unauthorized copying or use, as well as any costly litigation or diversion of our management's attention and resources, could delay further sales or the implementation of our solutions, impair the functionality of our solutions, delay introductions of new solutions, result in our substituting inferior or more costly technologies into our solutions, or injure our reputation and harm our operating results and financial condition.

The theft or unauthorized use or publication of our trade secrets and other confidential business information could reduce the differentiation of our services and harm our business; the value of our investment in development or business acquisitions could be reduced; and third parties might make claims against us related to losses of their confidential or proprietary information. In addition, we may not be able to discover or determine the extent of any unauthorized use of our proprietary rights. Third parties that license our proprietary rights also may take actions that diminish the value of our proprietary rights or reputation. The protection of our intellectual property may require the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources. Moreover, the steps we take to protect our intellectual property may not adequately protect our rights or prevent third parties from infringing or misappropriating our proprietary rights. These incidents and claims could harm our business, reduce revenues, increase expenses and harm our reputation.

***We may be subject to claims by others that we are infringing on their intellectual property rights.***

Third parties may assert claims that we or our clients infringe their intellectual property rights and these claims, with or without merit, could be expensive to litigate, cause us to incur substantial costs and divert management resources and attention in defending the claim. In some jurisdictions, plaintiffs can also seek injunctive relief that may limit the operation of our business or prevent the marketing and selling of our services that infringe on the plaintiff's intellectual property rights. To resolve these claims, we may enter into licensing agreements with restrictive terms or significant fees, stop selling, be required to implement costly redesigns to the affected services, or pay damages to satisfy contractual obligations to others. If we do not resolve these claims in advance of a trial, there is no guarantee that we will be successful in court. These outcomes may have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition.

In addition, certain contracts with our suppliers or clients contain provisions whereby we indemnify, subject to certain limitations, the counterparty for damages suffered as a result of claims related to intellectual property infringement and the use of data. Claims made under these provisions could be expensive to litigate and could result in significant payments.

***We rely on licenses from third parties to certain technology and intellectual property rights for some of our services and the licenses we currently have could terminate or expire.***

Some of our business services rely on technology or intellectual property rights owned and controlled by others. Our licenses to this technology or these intellectual property rights could be terminated or could expire. We may be unable to replace these licenses in a timely manner. Failure to renew these licenses, or renewals of these licenses on less advantageous terms, could harm our operating results and financial condition.

***Our financial results may be adversely affected if we underprice our contracts, overrun our cost estimates or fail to receive approval for or experience delays in documenting change orders.***

Most of our Research & Development Solutions contracts are either fee for service contracts or fixed-fee contracts. Our past financial results have been, and our future financial results may be, adversely impacted if we initially underprice our contracts or otherwise overrun our cost estimates and are unable to successfully negotiate a change order. Change orders typically occur when the scope of work we perform needs to be modified from that originally contemplated by our contract with the client. Modifications can occur, for example, when there is a change in a key clinical trial assumption or parameter or a significant change in timing. Where we are not successful in converting out-of-scope work into change orders under our current contracts, we bear the cost of the additional work. Such underpricing, significant cost overruns or delay in documentation of change orders could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

***The relationship of backlog to revenues varies over time.***

Backlog represents future revenues for our Research & Development Solutions business from work not yet completed or performed under signed binding commitments and signed contracts. Once work begins on a project, revenues are recognized over the duration of the project. Projects may be terminated or delayed by the client or delayed by regulatory authorities for reasons beyond our control. To the extent projects are delayed, the timing of our revenues could be affected. In the event that a client cancels a contract, we typically would be entitled to receive payment for all services performed up to the cancellation date and subsequent client-authorized services related to terminating the canceled project. Typically, however, we have no contractual right to the full amount of the revenues reflected in our backlog in the event of a contract cancellation. The duration of the projects included in our backlog, and the related revenue recognition, range from a few weeks to many years. Our backlog may not be indicative of our future revenues from our Research & Development Solutions business, and we may not realize all the anticipated future revenues reflected in our backlog. A number of factors may affect backlog, including:

- the size, complexity and duration of the projects;
- the percentage of full services versus functional services;
- the cancellation or delay of projects; and
- change in the scope of work during the course of a project.

Although an increase in backlog will generally result in an increase in revenues to be recognized over time (depending on the level of cancellations), an increase in backlog at a particular point in time does not necessarily correspond directly to an increase in revenues during a particular period. The extent to which contracts in backlog will result in revenues depends on many factors, including but not limited to delivery against projected schedules, the need for scope changes (change orders), contract cancellations and the nature, duration, size, complexity and phase of the contracts, each of which factors can vary significantly from project to project.

The rate at which our backlog converts to revenues may vary over time for a variety of reasons. The revenue recognition on larger, more global projects could be slower than on smaller, less global projects for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to an extended period of negotiation between the time the project is awarded to us and the actual execution of the contract, as well as an increased timeframe for obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals. Additionally, the increasing complexity of the drug development pipeline and the need to enroll precise patient populations could extend the length of clinical trials causing revenues to be recognized over a longer period of time. Further, delayed projects will remain in backlog, unless otherwise canceled by the client, and will not generate revenues at the rate originally expected. Thus, the relationship of backlog to realized revenues may vary over time.

***Our business depends on the continued effectiveness and availability of our information systems, including the information systems we use to provide our services to our clients, and failures of these systems may materially limit our operations.***

Due to the global nature of our business and our reliance on information systems to provide our services, we intend to increase our use of cloud-based platforms and other integrated information systems in delivering our services. We also provide access to similar information systems to certain of our clients in connection with the services we provide them. As the breadth and complexity of our information systems continue to grow, we will increasingly be exposed to the risks inherent in the development, integration and ongoing operation of evolving information systems, including:

- disruption, impairment or failure of cloud-based platforms, data centers, telecommunications facilities or other key infrastructure platforms;
- security breaches of, cyberattacks on and other failures or malfunctions in our critical application systems or their associated hardware; and
- excessive costs, excessive delays or other deficiencies in systems development and deployment.

The materialization of any of these risks may impede the processing of data, the delivery of databases and services, and the day-to-day management of our business and could result in the corruption, loss or unauthorized disclosure of proprietary, confidential or other data. While we have disaster recovery plans in place, they might not adequately protect us in the event of a system failure. While many of our operations have disaster recovery plans in place, we currently do not have excess or standby computer processing or network capacity everywhere in the world to avoid disruption in the receipt, processing and delivery of data in the event of a system failure. Despite any precautions we take, damage from fire, floods, hurricanes, power loss, telecommunications failures, computer viruses, break-ins and similar events at our various computer facilities could result in interruptions in the flow of data to our servers and from our servers to our clients. Corruption or loss of data may result in the need to repeat a clinical trial at no cost to the client, but at significant cost to us, the termination of a contract or damage to our reputation.

In addition, any failure by the computer environments we use to provide sufficient processing or network capacity to transfer data could result in interruptions in our service. In the event of a delay in the delivery of data, we could be required to transfer our data collection operations to an alternative provider of server hosting services. Such a transfer could result in significant delays in our ability to deliver services to our clients and increase our costs. Additionally, significant delays in system enhancements or inadequate performance of new or upgraded systems once completed could damage our reputation and harm our business. Finally, long-term disruptions in the infrastructure caused by events such as natural disasters, the outbreak of war, the escalation of hostilities and acts of terrorism, particularly involving cities in which we have offices, could adversely affect our businesses. Although we carry property and business interruption insurance, our coverage might not be adequate to compensate us for all losses that may occur.

We have continued to undertake significant programs to optimize business processes with respect to our services. Our inability to effectively manage the implementation and adapt to new processes designed into new or upgraded systems in a timely and cost-effective manner may result in disruption to our business and negatively affect our operations.

We have entered into agreements with certain vendors to provide systems development, integration services and hosting of IT platform(s) for programs to optimize our business processes. If such vendors fail to perform as required or if there are substantial delays in developing, implementing and updating the IT platform, our client delivery may be impaired, and we may have to make substantial further investments, internally or with third parties, to achieve our objectives. Additionally, our progress may be limited by parties with existing or claimed patents who seek to enjoin us from using preferred technology or seek license payments from us. Meeting our objectives is dependent on a number of factors which may not take place as we anticipate, including obtaining adequate technology-enabled services, creating IT-enabled services that our clients will find desirable and implementing our business model with respect to these services. Also, increased IT-related expenditures may negatively impact our profitability.

***We may experience challenges with the acquisition, development, enhancement or deployment of technology necessary for our business.***

We operate in businesses that require sophisticated computer systems and software for data collection, data processing, cloud-based platforms, analytics, cryptography, statistical projections and forecasting, mobile computing, social media analytics and other applications and technologies. We are building AI technologies into internal applications and solutions we use with others, including clients; we expect the use of AI to continue to grow. The development, deployment, and commercialization of certain AI-enabled offerings and services involve significant uncertainty, including risks that models may not perform as intended, may produce incomplete, misleading, or biased outputs, or may not be adopted by customers at the pace or scale we expect. We seek to address some of our technology risks by increasing our reliance on the use of innovations by cross-industry technology leaders and adapt these for our biopharmaceutical and healthcare industry clients. Some of these technologies supporting the industries we serve are changing rapidly and we must continue to adapt to these changes in a timely and effective manner at an acceptable cost. We also must continue to deliver data to our clients in forms that are easy to use while simultaneously providing clear answers to complex questions. There can be no guarantee that we will be able to develop, acquire or integrate new technologies, that these new technologies will meet our needs or those of our clients' needs or achieve expected investment goals, or that we will be able to do so as quickly or cost-effectively as our competitors.

Significant technological change could render certain of our services obsolete. If our investments in AI-enabled services and offerings do not keep pace with rapid innovation by competitors or technology providers, or if alternative AI solutions evolve more quickly or are more cost-effective than our offerings, certain of our existing services or platforms could become less competitive or economically viable. Moreover, the introduction of new services embodying new technologies could render certain of our existing services obsolete. Our continued success will depend on our ability to adapt to changing technologies, manage and process ever-increasing amounts of data and information and improve the performance, features and reliability of our services in response to changing client and industry demands. We may experience difficulties that could delay or prevent the successful design, development, testing, introduction or marketing of our services. New services, or enhancements to existing services, may not adequately meet our own requirements or those of current and prospective clients or achieve any degree of significant market acceptance. Regulations relating to the use of AI and the interpretation of those regulations by regulators, courts and others are in the early stages of development and evolving, which may make it difficult to identify or implement adequate compliance requirements or suitable governance practices to meet those requirements, including the activities described in Item 1. Artificial Intelligence in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. These types of failures could have a material adverse effect on our operating results, financial condition and reputation.

***Consolidation in the industries in which our clients operate may reduce the volume of services purchased by consolidated clients following an acquisition or merger, which could materially harm our operating results and financial condition.***

Mergers or consolidations among our clients have in the past and could in the future reduce the number of our clients and potential clients. When companies consolidate, overlapping services previously purchased separately are usually purchased only once by the combined entity, leading to loss of revenues. Other services that were previously purchased by one of the merged or consolidated entities may be deemed unnecessary or cancelled. If our clients merge with or are acquired by other entities that are not our clients, or that use fewer of our services, they may discontinue or reduce their use of our services. There can be no assurance as to the degree to which we may be able to address the revenues impact of such consolidation. Any of these developments could materially harm our operating results and financial condition.

***We may be adversely affected by client or therapeutic concentration.***

Although we did not have any client that represented 10% or more of our revenues in 2025, 2024 or 2023, we derive the majority of our revenues from a number of large clients. If any large client decreases or terminates its relationship with us, our business, results of operations or financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Additionally, conducting multiple clinical trials for different clients in a single therapeutic class involving drugs with the same or similar chemical action has in the past and may in the future adversely affect our business if some or all of the clinical trials are canceled because of new scientific information or regulatory judgments that affect the drugs as a class or if industry consolidation results in the rationalization of drug development pipelines. Similarly, marketing and selling drugs for different biopharmaceutical companies with similar chemical actions subjects us to risk if new scientific information or regulatory judgment prejudices the drugs as a class, which may lead to compelled or voluntary prescription limitations or withdrawal of some or all of such drugs from the market.

***Our business is subject to international economic, political and other risks that could negatively affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

We have significant operations in countries that may require complex arrangements to deliver services throughout the world for our clients. Additionally, we have established operations in locations remote from our most developed business centers. As a result, we are subject to heightened risks inherent in conducting business internationally, including the following:

- required compliance with a variety of local laws and regulations which may be materially different than those to which we are subject in the United States or which may change unexpectedly; for example, conducting a single clinical trial across multiple countries is complex, and issues in one country, such as a failure to comply with local regulations or restrictions, may affect the progress of the clinical trial in the other countries, resulting in delays or potential cancellation of contracts, which in turn may result in loss of revenues;
- the United States or foreign countries have and could continue to enact legislation or impose regulations or other restrictions, including unfavorable labor regulations, tax policies, trade barriers, tariffs, or economic sanctions, which could have an adverse effect on our ability to conduct business in or expatriate profits from the countries in which we operate, including hiring, retaining and overseeing qualified management personnel for managing operations in multiple countries, differing employment practices and labor issues, and tax-related risks, including the imposition of taxes and the lack of beneficial treaties, that result in a higher effective tax rate for us;
- foreign countries are expanding or may expand their regulatory framework with respect to patient informed consent, protection and compensation in clinical trials, which could delay or inhibit our ability to conduct clinical trials in such jurisdictions;
- the regulatory or judicial authorities of foreign countries may not enforce legal rights and recognize business procedures in a manner in which we are accustomed or would reasonably expect;
- local, economic, political and social conditions, including sustained increases in inflation rates and/or potential hyperinflationary conditions, political instability, and potential nationalization, repatriation, expropriation, price controls or other restrictive government actions, including changes in political and economic conditions may lead to changes in the business environment in which we operate, as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates;
- immigration laws are subject to legislative change and varying standards of application and enforcement due to political forces, economic conditions or other events (including proposals in the U.S. to change limitations on temporary and permanent workers), and local immigration laws may require us to meet certain other legal requirements as a condition to obtaining or maintaining entry visas, which may impact our ability to provide services to our clients;
- potential violations of local laws or anti-bribery laws, such as the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (“FCPA”), and the UK Bribery Act, may cause difficulty in managing foreign operations, as well as significant consequences to us if those laws are violated;

- clients in foreign jurisdictions may have longer payment cycles, and it may be more difficult to collect receivables in foreign jurisdictions; and
- natural disasters, public health emergencies and pandemics, or international conflict, such as the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, or terrorist acts, could interrupt our services, endanger our personnel, lower patient visits and increase patient drop-out rates, cause delays in recruitment of new patients, decrease the productivity of our clinical research associates, cause other project delays or loss of clinical trial materials or results.

These risks and uncertainties could negatively impact our ability to, among other things, perform large, global projects for our clients. Furthermore, our ability to deal with these issues could be affected by applicable United States laws and the need to protect our assets. Any such risks could have an adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

***Environmental events may have an impact on our business.***

While we have determined that, at this time, environmental events do not present a material risk to our business given the nature of our activities, we continue to evaluate and mitigate our business risks associated with environmental events, and we recognize that there are inherent climate-related risks wherever business is conducted. Any of our office or IT systems locations may be vulnerable to the adverse effects of environmental events. Furthermore, environmental events may impact patients in our clinical trials and our employees, particularly where they work remotely. Changing market dynamics, global policy developments, and the increasing frequency and impact of extreme weather events on critical infrastructure have the potential to disrupt our business, the business of our third-party suppliers, and the business of our customers, and may cause us to experience losses and additional costs to maintain or resume operations.

***The expectations and requirements of regulators and other key stakeholders on sustainability-related matters, continue to evolve and diverge, and our ability to meet these expectations and requirements could increase our costs, and inaction could harm our reputation and adversely impact our financial results.***

We are subject to rapidly changing and varied expectations and requirements on sustainability-related issues, from a wide range of stakeholders, such as governmental and self-regulatory organizations, including the Securities and Exchange Commission, U.S. federal and state governments, New York Stock Exchange, and the European Union, as well as our investors, customers and suppliers. In addition, many of our stakeholders have diverging demands, perspectives and preferences on a variety of sustainability topics. We may not be able to meet the diverging expectations and demands of all of our stakeholders, which could result in an adverse impact on our business, financial results, stock price or reputation, and subject us to legal, reputational and operational risks.

For example, U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities, as well as governmental authorities in various jurisdictions, have proposed or implemented and are likely to continue to propose or implement, legislative and regulatory initiatives around corporate governance and environmental and social practices and disclosures. Compliance with such evolving expectations, rules and regulations, including any that may emerge in the future as well as customer expectations and requirements, could increase the cost and complexity of operating our business, and could adversely impact us. In addition, various jurisdictions have adopted or proposed laws, regulations and policies that diverge from, or potentially conflict with, those adopted or proposed in other jurisdictions, making compliance more difficult and uncertain. Failure to comply with any law, regulation or policy, including as a result of making good faith interpretations that may differ from those taken by authorities in relevant jurisdictions, could potentially result in legal, reputational and operational risks. In addition, compliance with new laws, regulations, and reporting requirements may increase our costs, result in disclosures of potentially competitively sensitive information, or may cause us to be targeted by activists, regulators, or others who want us to take a different approach to such matters or increase our disclosures or commitments.

Furthermore, any actual or perceived failure to achieve our current and future sustainability goals, including those which result from customer expectations or requirements, or to act responsibly with respect to such matters or to effectively respond to new or additional sustainability-related legal or regulatory requirements, could result in adverse publicity and adversely affect our business and reputation. There is no assurance that we will be able to successfully achieve any sustainability-related goal or execute on any sustainability-related strategy, or adequately meet stakeholder expectations with respect to such matters. In addition, certain environmental and sustainability disclosures and commitments we make may be reliant in part or in whole on third party information, which we cannot verify the quality of, and third party performance, which we cannot guarantee. We may fail to meet our environmental and sustainability commitments either entirely or on the schedule we commit to.

***Exchange rate fluctuations may affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

Because a large portion of our revenues and expenses are denominated in currencies other than the United States dollar and our financial statements are reported in United States dollars, changes in foreign currency exchange rates could significantly affect our results of operations and financial condition. Exchange rate fluctuations between local currencies and the United States dollar create risk in several ways, including:

- ***Foreign Currency Translation Risk.*** The revenues and expenses of our foreign operations are generally denominated in local currencies and translated into United States dollars for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, exchange rate fluctuations will affect the translation of foreign results into United States dollars for purposes of reporting our consolidated results. Unanticipated currency fluctuations have affected and could continue to affect our financial results and cause our results to differ from investor expectations or our own guidance in any future periods.
- ***Foreign Currency Transaction Risk.*** We are subject to foreign currency transaction risk for fluctuations in exchange rates during the period of time between the consummation and cash settlement of a transaction. We earn revenues from our service contracts over a period of several months and, in some cases, over several years. Accordingly, exchange rate fluctuations during this period may affect our profitability with respect to such contracts.
- ***Foreign Currency Risk from Differences in Customer Contract Currency and Operating Costs Currency.*** The majority of our Research & Development Solutions global contracts are denominated in U.S. dollars or Euros while our operating costs in foreign countries are denominated in various local currencies. Fluctuations in the exchange rates of the currencies we use to contract with our customers and the currencies in which we incur cost to fulfill those contracts can have an adverse impact on our results of operations.

We may aim to limit these risks through exchange rate fluctuation provisions stated in our service contracts, or we may hedge our transaction risk with foreign currency exchange contracts or options. We have not, however, hedged all of our foreign currency transaction risk, and we may experience fluctuations in financial results from our operations outside the United States and foreign currency transaction risk associated with our service contracts.

***Due to the global nature of our business, we may be exposed to liabilities under anti-corruption laws, including the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, the United Kingdom Bribery Act and various international anti-corruption laws, and any allegation or determination that we violated these laws could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

We are required to comply with the FCPA, the UK Bribery Act and other international anti-corruption laws, which prohibit companies from engaging in bribery including corruptly or improperly offering, promising, or providing money or anything else of value to non-United States officials and certain other recipients. In addition, the FCPA imposes certain books, records, and accounting control obligations on public companies and other issuers. We operate in parts of the world in which corruption can be common and compliance with anti-bribery laws may conflict with local customs and practices. Our global operations face the risk of unauthorized payments or offers being made by employees, consultants, sales agents, and other business partners outside of our control or without our authorization. It is our policy to implement safeguards to prohibit these practices by our employees and business partners with respect to our operations. However, irrespective of these safeguards, or as a result of monitoring compliance with such safeguards, it is possible that we or certain other parties may discover or receive information at some point that certain employees, consultants, sales agents, or other business partners may have engaged in corrupt conduct for which we might be held responsible. Violations of the FCPA, the UK Bribery Act or other international anti-corruption laws may result in restatements of, or irregularities in, our financial statements as well as severe criminal or civil sanctions, and we may be subject to other liabilities, which could negatively affect our business, operating results and financial condition. In some cases, companies that violate the FCPA may be debarred by the United States government and/or lose their United States export privileges. Changes in anti-corruption laws or enforcement priorities could also result in increased compliance requirements and related costs which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the United States or other governments may seek to hold us liable for successor liability FCPA violations or violations of other anti-corruption laws committed by companies in which we invest or that we acquired or will acquire.

***We face risks related to sales to government entities.***

We derive a portion of our revenues from sales to government entities around the world. In general, our contracts with government entities are terminable at will by the government entity at any time. Government demand and payment for our services may be affected by public-sector budgetary cycles and funding authorizations, including government shutdowns. Government contracts are typically subject to oversight, including special rules on accounting, expenses, reviews and security. Failure to comply with these rules could result in civil and criminal penalties and sanctions, including termination of contracts, fines and suspensions, or debarment from future business with the relevant government. As a result, failure to comply with these rules could have an adverse effect on our future business, reputation, operating results and financial condition.

***If we are unable to successfully develop and market new services or enter new markets, our growth, results of operations or financial condition could be adversely affected.***

A key element of our growth strategy is the successful development and marketing of new services or entering new markets that complement or expand our existing business. As we develop new services or enter new markets, including services targeted at participants in the broader healthcare industry, we may not have or adequately build the competencies necessary to perform such services satisfactorily, may not receive market acceptance for such services or may face increased competition. If we are unable to succeed in developing new services, entering new markets or attracting a client base for our new services or in new markets, we will be unable to implement this element of our growth strategy, and our future business, reputation, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

***Our Research & Development Solutions business could subject us to potential liability that may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

Our Research & Development Solutions business involves the testing of new drugs on patients in clinical trials and, if marketing approval is granted, the availability of these drugs to be prescribed to patients. Our involvement in the clinical trials and development process creates a risk of liability for personal injury to or death of patients, particularly those with life-threatening illnesses, resulting from adverse reactions to the drugs administered during testing or after product launch, respectively. For example, we have from time to time been sued and may be sued in the future by individuals alleging personal injury due to their participation in clinical trials and seeking damages from us under a variety of legal theories. Although we maintain the types and amounts of insurance we view as customary in the industries and countries in which we operate, if we are required to pay damages or incur defense costs in connection with any personal injury claim that is outside the scope of indemnification agreements we have with our clients, if any indemnification agreement is not performed in accordance with its terms or if our liability exceeds the amount of any applicable indemnification limits or available insurance coverage, our financial condition, results of operations and reputation could be materially and adversely affected. We maintain professional liability insurance, including liability for completed operations coverage. In the future, we may not be able to get adequate insurance for these types of risks at reasonable rates.

We also contract with physicians to serve as investigators in conducting clinical trials. If the investigators commit errors or make omissions during a clinical trial that result in harm to clinical trial patients or after a clinical trial to a patient using the drug after it has received regulatory approval, claims for personal injury or liability damages may result. Additionally, if the investigators engage in fraudulent behavior, clinical trial data may be compromised, which may require us to repeat the clinical trial or subject us to liability. We do not believe we are legally responsible for the medical care rendered by such third-party investigators, and we would vigorously defend any claims brought against us. However, it is possible we could be found liable for claims with respect to the actions of third-party investigators, which may adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and reputation.

Social media platforms are increasingly being used to communicate about biopharmaceutical products and the diseases our customers' medicines and drug candidates are designed to treat. Social media practices in the biopharmaceutical industry continue to evolve and regulations relating to such use are not always clear and create uncertainty and risk of noncompliance with regulations applicable to our Research & Development Solutions business. For example, patients may use social media channels to comment on the effectiveness of a product or to report an alleged adverse event. When such disclosures occur, there is a risk that we may fail to monitor and comply with applicable adverse event reporting obligations.

***Some of our services involve direct interaction with clinical trial subjects or volunteers and subcontracting into a network of Phase I clinical facilities, which could create potential liability that may adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition and reputation.***

We both own a facility and subcontract into a network of facilities where Phase I clinical trials are conducted, which ordinarily involve testing an investigational drug on a limited number of healthy individuals, typically 20 to 80 persons, to determine such drug's basic safety. Failure to operate such a facility in accordance with applicable regulations could result in that facility being shut down, which could disrupt our operations. Additionally, we face risks associated with adverse events resulting from the administration of such drugs to healthy volunteers and the professional malpractice of medical care providers. Any professional malpractice or negligence by such investigators, nurses or other subcontracted employees could potentially result in liability to us in the event of personal injury to or death of a healthy volunteer in clinical trials, and could also cause us reputational harm. This liability, particularly if it were to exceed the limits of any indemnification agreements and insurance coverage we may have, may adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and reputation.

***Our Commercial Solutions business could result in liability to us if a drug causes harm to a patient. While we are generally indemnified and insured against such risks, we may still suffer financial losses.***

When we market drugs under contract for a biopharmaceutical company, we could suffer liability for harm allegedly caused by those drugs, either as a result of a lawsuit against the biopharmaceutical company to which we are joined, a lawsuit naming us or any of our subsidiaries or an action launched by a regulatory body. While we are generally indemnified by the biopharmaceutical company for the action of the drugs we market on its behalf, and we carry insurance to cover harm caused by our negligence in performing services, it is possible that we could nonetheless incur financial losses, regulatory penalties or both. In particular, any claim could result in potential liability for us if the claim is outside the scope of the indemnification agreement we have with the biopharmaceutical company, the biopharmaceutical company does not abide by the indemnification agreement as required or the liability exceeds the amount of any applicable indemnification limits or available insurance coverage. Such a finding could have an adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations and reputation. Furthermore, negative publicity associated with harm caused by drugs we helped to market could have an adverse effect on our business and reputation.

***Our insurance may not cover all of our indemnification obligations and other liabilities associated with our operations.***

We maintain insurance designed to provide coverage for ordinary risks associated with our operations and our ordinary indemnification obligations. The coverage provided by such insurance may not be adequate for all claims we may make or may be contested by our insurance carriers. If our insurance is not adequate or available to pay liabilities associated with our operations, or if we are unable to purchase adequate insurance at reasonable rates in the future, our profitability may be adversely impacted.

***If we are unable to attract suitable investigators and patients for our clinical trials, our clinical development business might suffer.***

The timely recruitment of investigators and patients for clinical trials is essential to our Research & Development Solutions business. Investigators are typically located at hospitals, clinics or other sites and supervise the administration of the investigational drug to patients during the course of a clinical trial. Patients generally include people from the communities in which the clinical trials are conducted. Investigators may be unwilling to participate for a variety of reasons, including the increasing complexity of clinical trials, inability to hire and retain qualified staff or perception that the fair market value for services rendered is inadequate. Our clinical development business could be adversely affected if we are unable to attract suitable and willing investigators or patients for clinical trials on a consistent basis. For example, if we are unable to engage investigators to conduct clinical trials as planned or enroll sufficient patients in clinical trials, we might need to expend additional funds to obtain access to resources or else be compelled to delay or modify the clinical trial plans, which may result in additional costs to us.

***If we lose the services of key personnel or experience sustained labor shortages and are unable to recruit additional qualified personnel, or we are required to substantially increase wage rates to attract or retain employees, our business could be adversely affected.***

Our success substantially depends on the collective performance, contributions and expertise of our personnel including senior management and key personnel, qualified professional, scientific and technical operating staff and qualified sales representatives for our contract sales services. There is significant and increasing competition for qualified personnel, particularly those with higher educational degrees, such as a medical degree, a Ph.D. or an equivalent degree, cutting-edge skillsets, such as AI and machine learning, or relevant experience in the industry, including highly technical specialties such as clinical research associates, project managers and technology developers, and in the locations in which we operate. Increases in inflation, competition and shortages of qualified personnel in certain specialty areas may make it more difficult to hire and retain our key employees and could result in substantial increased costs, such as increased wage rates to attract and retain employees. Our efforts to attract, develop and retain highly skilled employees may be compounded by intensified restrictions on immigration particularly if fees are increased significantly on the transfer, renewal or extension of work visas. The departure of our key employees, or our inability to continue to identify, attract and retain qualified personnel or replace departed personnel in a timely fashion, may impact our ability to grow our business and compete effectively in our industry and may negatively affect our ability to meet financial and operational goals. We continue to hire personnel in countries where exceptional technical knowledge and other expertise are offered at lower costs, which increases the efficiency of our global workforce structure and reduces our personnel-related expenditures. Nonetheless, as globalization continues, competition for talent in those countries has increased, which may impact our ability to retain these employees and increase our compensation-related expenses.

***Disruptions in the credit and capital markets and unfavorable general economic conditions could negatively affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.***

Disruptions in the credit and capital markets could have negative effects on our business that may be difficult to predict or anticipate, including the ability of our clients, vendors, contractors and financing sources to meet their contractual obligations. Although we are unable to quantify the impact it has had on us, we are aware of a limited number of instances in our Research & Development Solutions business during the past several years where cancellations, changes in scope and failure to pay timely were attributable, at least in part, to difficulty in our clients' ability to obtain financing. In the future such actions by our clients could, if they involve a significant amount of business with us, have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

***Our effective income tax rate may fluctuate for a variety of reasons, which may adversely affect our operations, earnings and earnings per share.***

Our effective income tax rate is influenced by our projected profitability in the various taxing jurisdictions in which we operate. Changes in a jurisdiction's income tax rates and the distribution of our profits and losses among such jurisdictions may have a significant impact on our effective income tax rate, which in turn could have an adverse effect on our net income and earnings per share. Other factors that may affect our effective income tax rate include, but are not limited to:

- changes in the value of deferred tax assets and liabilities;
- changes in tax laws in various jurisdictions;
- audits by taxing authorities; and
- the establishment of valuation allowances against deferred income tax assets if we determined that it is more likely than not that future income tax benefits will not be realized.

In the course of our business, there are many transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain which may require the use of estimates and significant judgement to account for their impact on the effective income tax rate in our consolidated financial statements. As the regulations and guidance evolve with respect to current and newly enacted tax law, our results may differ from previous estimates and may materially affect our consolidated financial statements.

All of these items described above may cause fluctuations in our effective income tax rate through increased income tax liability and/or the loss of tax attributes in any given year that could adversely affect our results of operations and impact our earnings and earnings per share. Additional information regarding our income taxes is presented in Note 16 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

***Changes in accounting standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) or other standard-setting bodies may adversely affect our financial statements.***

We are required to prepare our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”), which is periodically revised and/or expanded. From time to time, we are required to adopt new or revised accounting standards issued by recognized authoritative bodies, including the FASB and the SEC. It is possible that future accounting standards we are required to adopt, such as amended guidance for income taxes, may require additional changes to the current accounting treatment that we apply to our financial statements and may require us to make significant changes to our reporting systems. Such changes could result in a material adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

***Our relationships with existing or potential clients who are in competition with each other may adversely impact the degree to which other clients or potential clients use our services, which may adversely affect our results of operations.***

The biopharmaceutical industry is highly competitive, with biopharmaceutical companies each seeking to persuade payers, providers and patients that their drug therapies are better and more cost-effective than competing therapies marketed or being developed by competing firms. In addition to the adverse competitive interests that biopharmaceutical companies have with each other, biopharmaceutical companies also have adverse interests with respect to drug selection and reimbursement with other participants in the healthcare industry, including payers and providers. Biopharmaceutical companies also compete to be first to market with new drug therapies. We regularly provide services to biopharmaceutical companies who compete with each other, and we sometimes provide services or funding to such clients regarding competing drugs in development. Our existing or future relationships with our biopharmaceutical clients may therefore deter other biopharmaceutical clients from using our services or may result in our clients seeking to place limits on our ability to serve other biopharmaceutical industry participants in connection with drug development activities. In addition, our further expansion into the broader healthcare market may adversely impact our relationships with biopharmaceutical clients, and such clients may elect not to use our services, reduce the scope of services that we provide to them or seek to place restrictions on our ability to serve clients in the broader healthcare market with interests that are adverse to theirs. A loss of clients or reductions in the level of revenues from a client could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, business and prospects.

***If we are unable to successfully identify, acquire and integrate existing businesses, services and technologies, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely impacted.***

We anticipate that a portion of our future growth may come from acquiring existing businesses, services or technologies. The success of any acquisition will depend upon, among other things, our ability to effectively integrate acquired personnel, operations, services and technologies into our business and to retain the key personnel and clients of our acquired businesses. In addition, we may be unable to identify suitable acquisition opportunities, obtain any necessary financing on commercially acceptable terms or receive regulatory approvals, which have become increasingly more challenging, costly and time consuming, to move forward with the transaction as contemplated in a timely manner or at all. We may also spend time and money investigating and negotiating with potential acquisition targets but not complete the transaction. Any future acquisition could involve other risks, including, among others, the assumption of additional liabilities and expenses, termination fees, litigation costs if a regulator decides to block a proposed transaction and we challenge the regulator's decision through an administrative or legal process, difficulties and expenses in connection with integrating the acquired companies and achieving the expected benefits, issuances of potentially dilutive securities or interest-bearing debt, loss of key employees of the acquired companies, transaction costs, diversion of management's attention from other business concerns and, with respect to the acquisition of foreign companies, the inability to overcome differences in foreign business practices, language and customs. Our failure to identify potential acquisitions, complete targeted acquisitions and integrate completed acquisitions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Our results of operations may be adversely affected if we fail to realize the full value of our goodwill and acquired intangible assets.***

We assess the realizability of our goodwill annually and conduct an interim evaluation for goodwill and acquired intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances, such as operating losses or a significant decline in earnings associated with the acquired business or asset, indicate that these assets may be impaired. Our ability to realize the value of the goodwill and acquired intangible assets will depend on the future cash flows of the businesses we have acquired, which in turn could depend in part on how well we have integrated these businesses into our own business. If we are not able to realize the value of the goodwill and acquired intangible assets, we may be required to incur material charges relating to the impairment of those assets. Such impairment charges could materially and adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.

***We face risks arising from the restructuring of our operations.***

From time to time, we have adopted restructuring plans to improve our operating efficiency through various means such as reduction of overcapacity, elimination of non-billable support roles or other realignment of resources. For example, starting in the first quarter of 2026, we have restructured our operations to reduce our reportable segments from three to two. Restructuring presents significant potential risks of events occurring that could adversely affect us, including:

- actual or perceived disruption of service or reduction in service standards to clients;
- the failure to preserve supplier relationships and distribution, sales and other important relationships and to resolve conflicts that may arise;
- loss of sales as we reduce or eliminate staffing on non-core services;
- diversion of management attention from ongoing business activities; and
- the failure to maintain employee morale and retain key employees.

Further, any such restructuring would result in charges that, if material, could harm our results of operations and significantly reduce our cash position or increase debt. In addition, we may incur certain unforeseen costs once any restructuring activities are implemented. Further, if we determine to effect any restructuring, we can give no assurance that any projected cost reductions resulting from such restructuring activities will be achieved within the expected timeframe, or at all.

Because of these and other factors, we cannot predict whether we will realize the purpose and anticipated benefits of these measures and, if we do not, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Additionally, there may be delays in implementing the restructuring activities or a failure to achieve the anticipated levels of cost savings and efficiency as a result of the restructuring activities, each of which could materially and adversely impact our business and results of operations. Further restructuring or reorganization activities may also be required in the future beyond what is currently planned, which could further enhance the risks associated with these activities.

## Risks Relating to Our Industry

*The biopharmaceutical services industry is highly competitive and our business could be materially impacted if we do not compete effectively or rapidly adapt to technological change.*

The biopharmaceutical services industry is highly competitive. Our business often competes with other biopharmaceutical services companies, internal discovery departments, development departments, sales and marketing departments, information technology departments and other departments within our clients, some of which could be considered large biopharmaceutical services companies in their own right with greater resources than ours. We also compete with universities, teaching hospitals, government agencies and others. If we do not compete successfully, our business will suffer. The biopharmaceutical services industry is highly fragmented, with numerous smaller specialized companies and various companies with multi-country capabilities similar to certain of our own capabilities. Increased competition has led to price and other forms of competition, such as acceptance of less favorable contract terms, that could adversely affect our operating results. There are few barriers to entry for companies considering offering any one or more of the services we offer. Because of their size and focus, these companies might compete effectively against us, which could have a material adverse impact on our business.

In addition, the emergence of the use of Real World Evidence and the advancements in new approaches such as machine learning and artificial intelligence (AI), including generative, agentic and foundation models that are increasingly accessible through third-party or open-source platforms, that capitalize on the availability of large data sets may reduce the time and costs of the discovery and development process, may allow our clients to more readily perform for themselves clinical development tasks and services that we have typically provided, may cause even greater price competition and/or reduce the perceived differentiation of certain of our information, analytics and insight-based offerings. If customers are able to obtain comparable insights through alternative AI-enabled solutions, develop such capabilities internally, or shift spending toward lower-cost providers, demand for certain of our services and offerings could decline, pricing pressure could increase, and our margins and growth prospects could be adversely affected.

More broadly, our current competitors or other businesses might develop technologies or services that are more effective or commercially attractive than, or render obsolete, our current or future technologies and services. We may also fail to fully leverage the technologies available to us or develop technologies quickly enough to be competitively useful. Our failure to develop and offer competitive services that address these and other technological advances in a timely, cost-effective manner or to keep pace with rapid technological change could adversely affect our competitive position and our results of operations.

Our future growth and success will depend on our ability to successfully compete with other companies that provide similar services in the same markets, some of which may have financial, marketing, technical and other advantages. We also expect that competition will continue to increase as a result of consolidation among these various companies. Large technology companies with substantial resources, technical expertise and greater brand power could also decide to enter or further expand in the markets where our business operates and compete with us. If one or more of our competitors or potential competitors were to merge or partner with another of our competitors, or if a new entrant emerged with substantial resources, the change in the competitive landscape could adversely affect our ability to compete effectively. We compete on the basis of various factors, including breadth and depth of services, reputation, reliability, quality, geographic coverage, innovation, security, price and industry expertise and experience. In addition, our ability to compete successfully may be impacted by the growing availability of health information from social media, government health information systems and other free or low-cost sources. Consolidation or integration of wholesalers, retail pharmacies, health networks, payers or other healthcare stakeholders may lead any of them to provide information services directly to clients or indirectly through a designated service provider, resulting in increased competition from firms that may have lower costs to market (e.g., no data supply costs). Any of the above may result in lower demand for our services, which could result in a material adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

***Outsourcing trends in the biopharmaceutical industry and changes in aggregate spending and research and development budgets could adversely affect our operating results and growth rate.***

Economic factors and industry trends that affect biopharmaceutical companies affect our Research & Development Solutions business. Biopharmaceutical companies continue to seek long-term strategic collaborations with global clinical research organizations with favorable pricing terms. Competition for these collaborations is intense and we may decide to forego an opportunity or we may not be selected, in which case a competitor may enter into the collaboration and our business with the client, if any, may be limited. In addition, if the biopharmaceutical industry reduces its Research & Development Solutions activities or reduces its outsourcing of clinical trials and sales and marketing projects or such outsourcing fails to grow at projected rates, our operations and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected.

Our smaller biopharmaceutical company customers may rely on funding from venture capital and other sources to drive their business. When this funding is reduced, these customers have been and may in the future be forced to reduce their outsourced R&D and commercialization expenditures or may be unable to pay for services rendered, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We may also be negatively impacted by consolidation and other factors in the biopharmaceutical industry, which may slow decision making by our clients or result in the delay or cancellation of clinical trials. Our commercial services may be affected by reductions in new drug launches and increases in the number of drugs losing patent protection. Further, in the event that one of our customers combines with a company that is using the services of one of our competitors, the combined company could decide to use the services of that competitor or another provider. All of these events could adversely affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

***Our business may be materially and adversely impacted by factors affecting the biopharmaceutical and healthcare industries.***

The vast majority of our revenues are generated from sales to the biopharmaceutical and healthcare industries. The clients we serve in these industries are commonly subject to financial pressures, including, but not limited to, increased costs, reduced demand for their products, reductions in pricing and reimbursement for products and services, formulary approval and placement, government approval to market their products and limits on the manner by which they market their products, loss of patent exclusivity (whether due to patent expiration or as a result of a successful legal challenge) and the proliferation of or changes to regulations applicable to these industries. To the extent our clients face such pressures, or they change how they utilize our offerings, the demand for our services, or the prices our clients are willing to pay for those services, may decline. Any such decline could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

***We may be affected by healthcare reform and potential additional reforms, which may adversely impact the biopharmaceutical industry and reduce demand for our services or negatively impact our profitability.***

The United States Congress continues to consider healthcare reform legislation and impose health industry cost containment measures, which may significantly impact the biopharmaceutical industry. In addition, numerous government bodies are considering or have adopted various healthcare reforms and may undertake, or are in the process of undertaking, efforts to control growing healthcare costs through legislation, regulation and voluntary agreements with medical care providers and biopharmaceutical companies. We are uncertain as to the effects of these recent reforms on our business and are unable to predict what legislative proposals, if any, will be adopted in the future. If regulatory cost containment efforts limit the profitability of new drugs by, for example, continuing to place downward pressure on pharmaceutical pricing and/or increasing regulatory burdens and operating costs of the biopharmaceutical industry, our clients may reduce their research and development spending or promotional, marketing and sales expenditures, which could reduce the business they outsource to us. Any significant change in regulations, such as the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (IRA), which contains drug price negotiation provisions, or change in the interpretation of existing regulations, could reduce demand for our offerings or increase our expenses. For example, in May 2025, the Trump administration issued an executive order entitled “Delivering Most-Favored-Nation Prescription Drug Pricing to American Patients,” which, among other things, directs the HHS and other agencies to communicate most-favored-nation price targets to pharmaceutical manufacturers to bring prices for U.S. patients in line with comparably developed nations and to facilitate direct-to-consumer purchasing programs. It is currently unclear whether and to what extent these measures will be implemented and what impact any such implementation would have on our business. In addition, changes to the Medicaid program or the federal 340B drug pricing program, which imposes ceilings on prices that drug manufacturers can charge for medications sold to certain health care facilities, could have a material impact on our customers, which could reduce demand for our services. Similarly, if regulatory requirements are relaxed or simplified drug approval procedures are adopted, the demand for our services could decrease.

Foreign and domestic government bodies have adopted and may continue to adopt new healthcare legislation or regulations that are more burdensome than existing regulations. For example, product safety concerns and recommendations by the Drug Safety Oversight Board could change the regulatory environment for drug products, and new or heightened regulatory and licensing requirements may increase our expenses or limit or delay our ability to offer some of our services. We might have to incur additional costs to comply with these or other new regulations, and failure to comply could harm our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and reputation, and result in adverse legal action(s). Additionally, new or heightened regulatory requirements may have a negative impact on the ability of our clients to conduct industry-sponsored clinical trials, which could reduce the need for our services.

***Actions by government regulators or clients to limit a prescription’s scope or withdraw an approved drug from the market could adversely affect our business and result in a loss of revenues.***

Government regulators have the authority, after approving a drug, to regulate or limit its scope of prescription or withdraw it from the market completely based on safety concerns. Similarly, clients may act to voluntarily limit the scope of prescription of drugs or withdraw them from the market. In the past, we have provided services with respect to drugs that have been limited and/or withdrawn. If we are providing services to clients for drugs that are limited or withdrawn, we may be required to narrow the scope of or terminate our services with respect to such drugs, which would prevent earning the full amount of revenues anticipated under the related service contracts with negative impacts to our financial results.

***Laws restricting biopharmaceutical sales and marketing practices may adversely impact demand for our services.***

There have been a significant number of laws, legislative initiatives and regulatory actions over the years that seek to limit biopharmaceutical sales and marketing practices. For example, three states in 2006 and 2007 passed laws restricting the use of prescriber identifiable information for the purpose of promoting branded prescription medicines. Although these laws were subsequently declared to be unconstitutional based on a decision of the U.S. Supreme Court in *Sorrell v. IMS Health* in 2011, we are unable to predict whether, and in what form, other initiatives may be introduced or actions taken at the state or Federal levels to limit biopharmaceutical sales and marketing practices. In addition, while we will continue to seek to adapt our services to comply with the requirements of these laws (to the extent applicable to our services), if enacted, there can be no assurance that our efforts to adapt our offerings will be successful and provide the same financial contribution to us. There can also be no assurance that future legislative initiatives will not adversely affect our ability to develop or market current or future offerings, or that any future laws will not diminish the demand for our services, all of which could, over time, result in a material adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

***Our Research & Development Solutions clients face intense competition from lower cost generic products, which may lower the amount that they spend on our services.***

Our Research & Development Solutions clients face increasing competition from lower cost generic products, which in turn may affect their ability to pursue research and development activities with us. In the United States, UK, EU and Japan, political pressure to reduce spending on prescription drugs has led to legislation and other measures which encourages the use of generic products. In addition, proposals emerge from time to time in the United States and other countries for legislation to further encourage the early and rapid approval of generic drugs. Loss of patent protection for a product typically is followed promptly by generic substitutes, reducing our clients' sales of that product and their overall profitability. Availability of generic substitutes for our clients' drugs may adversely affect their results of operations and cash flow, which in turn may mean that they would not have surplus capital to invest in research and development and drug commercialization, including in our services. If competition from generic products impacts our clients' finances such that they decide to curtail our services, our revenues may decline and this could have a material adverse effect on our business.

### **Risks Relating to Our Indebtedness**

***Restrictions imposed in the senior secured credit facilities (as defined below) and other outstanding indebtedness, including the indentures governing outstanding notes issued by our wholly owned subsidiary IQVIA Inc., may limit our ability to operate our business and to finance our future operations or capital needs or to engage in other business activities.***

The terms of the senior secured credit facilities restrict IQVIA and its restricted subsidiaries from engaging in specified types of transactions. These covenants restrict the ability of IQVIA and its restricted subsidiaries, among other things, to:

- incur liens;
- make investments and loans;
- incur indebtedness or guarantees;
- issue preferred stock of a restricted subsidiary;
- issue disqualified equity;
- engage in mergers, acquisitions and asset sales;
- declare dividends, make payments or redeem or repurchase equity interests;
- alter the business IQVIA and its restricted subsidiaries conduct;
- make restricted payments;
- enter into agreements limiting restricted subsidiary distributions;
- prepay, redeem or purchase certain indebtedness; and
- engage in certain transactions with affiliates.

In addition, the revolving credit facility and the term A and B loans under the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (as defined below) require IQVIA to comply with a quarterly maximum senior secured net leverage ratio test and minimum interest coverage ratio test. IQVIA's ability to comply with these financial covenants can be affected by events beyond our control, and IQVIA may not be able to satisfy them. Additionally, the restrictions contained in the indentures governing the outstanding notes could also limit our ability to plan for or react to market conditions, meet capital needs or make acquisitions or otherwise restrict our activities or business plans.

A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under the senior secured credit facilities or the indentures governing the outstanding notes, which could trigger acceleration of our indebtedness and may result in the acceleration of or default under any other debt to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations and financial results. In the event of any default under the senior secured credit facilities, the applicable lenders could elect to terminate borrowing commitments and declare all borrowings and loans outstanding, together with accrued and unpaid interest and any fees and other obligations, to be due and payable. In addition, or in the alternative, the applicable lenders could exercise their rights under the security documents entered into in connection with the senior secured credit facilities. IQVIA and the other subsidiary guarantors have pledged substantially all of their tangible and intangible assets (subject to customary exceptions) as collateral under the senior secured credit facilities, including the stock and the assets of certain of our current and future wholly owned United States subsidiaries and a portion of the stock of certain of our non-United States subsidiaries.

If we were unable to repay or otherwise refinance these borrowings and loans when due, the applicable lenders could proceed against the collateral granted to them to secure that indebtedness, which could force us into bankruptcy or liquidation. In the event the applicable lenders accelerate the repayment of our borrowings, we and our subsidiaries may not have sufficient assets to repay that indebtedness. Any acceleration of amounts due under the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement governing the senior secured credit facilities or the exercise by the applicable lenders of their rights under the security documents would likely have a material adverse effect on us.

***Despite our level of indebtedness, we are able to incur more debt and undertake additional obligations. Incurring such debt or undertaking such additional obligations could further exacerbate the risks to our financial condition.***

Although the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, which governs the senior secured credit facilities of our wholly owned subsidiary through which we conduct our operations, IQVIA Inc., contains restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, these restrictions are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions and the indebtedness incurred in compliance with these restrictions could increase. In addition, the receivables financing facility for one of our consolidated subsidiaries, a bankruptcy-remote special purpose entity (the “SPE”) limits borrowing based on the amount of receivables purchased by the SPE from certain of our other subsidiaries, but when supported by the value of such purchased receivables, the debt under our receivables financing facility can increase.

While the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also contains restrictions on our and our restricted subsidiaries’ ability to make loans and investments, these restrictions are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions, and the investments incurred in compliance with these restrictions could be substantial.

***Restrictive covenants in our other indebtedness may limit our flexibility in our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes in our business or to pursue our business strategies.***

The terms contained in certain of our indebtedness, including credit facilities and any future indebtedness of ours, may include a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions, including restrictions on our and our restricted subsidiaries’ ability to take actions that we believe may be in our interest. These agreements, among other things, limit our ability to:

- incur additional debt;
- provide guarantees in respect of obligations of other persons;
- issue redeemable stock and preferred stock;
- pay dividends or distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock;
- prepay, redeem or repurchase debt;
- make loans, investments and capital expenditures;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- create or incur liens;

- make distributions from our subsidiaries;
- sell assets and capital stock of our subsidiaries;
- make acquisitions; and
- consolidate or merge with or into, or sell substantially all of our assets to, another person.

A breach of the covenants or restrictions under the agreements governing our other indebtedness could result in a default under the applicable indebtedness. Such default may allow the creditors to accelerate the related debt and may result in the acceleration of any other debt to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies. In the event our lenders and noteholders accelerate the repayment of our borrowings, we cannot assure that we and our subsidiaries would have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness.

Our financial results, our substantial indebtedness and our credit ratings could adversely affect the availability and terms of future financing.

***Interest rate fluctuations and our ability to deduct interest expense may affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

In 2025, financial regulators in various jurisdictions, including where we have variable-rate indebtedness outstanding, cut interest rates modestly while signaling that interest rates could remain higher compared to the pre-2022 period for an extended period of time in an effort to lower inflation. Because we have variable rate debt, increases in interest rates will lead to increases in our borrowing costs and may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We attempt to minimize interest rate risk and lower our overall borrowing costs through the utilization of derivative financial instruments, primarily swaps. We have entered into and will continue to enter into swaps with financial institutions that have reset dates and critical terms that match those of our senior secured term loan credit facility. Accordingly, any change in market value associated with the swaps may be offset by the opposite market impact on the related debt. Because we do not attempt to hedge all of our variable rate debt, we may incur higher interest costs for the portion of our variable rate debt which is not hedged.

In addition, the deduction for our interest expense may be limited, which could have an adverse impact on our taxes and net income.

**Risks Relating to Ownership of Our Common Stock**

***Provisions of the corporate governance documents of IQVIA could make an acquisition of IQVIA difficult and may prevent attempts by its stockholders to replace or remove its management, even if beneficial to its stockholders.***

Our certificate of incorporation and Delaware bylaws and the General Corporation Law of Delaware (the “DGCL”) contain provisions that could make it difficult for a third party to acquire IQVIA even if doing so might be beneficial to its stockholders, including:

- the sole ability of the board of directors to fill a vacancy created by the death or resignation of a director or the expansion of the board of directors;
- advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and director nominations;
- limitations on the ability of stockholders to call special meetings and to take action by written consent;
- the approval of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IQVIA entitled to vote on any amendment, alteration, change, addition or repeal of the Delaware bylaws is required to amend, alter, change, add to or repeal the Delaware bylaws;
- the required approval of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IQVIA to remove directors, which removal may only be for cause; and

- the ability of the board of directors to issue new series of, and designate the terms of, preferred stock, without stockholder approval, which could be used to, among other things, institute a rights plan that would have the effect of significantly diluting the stock ownership of a potential hostile acquirer, likely preventing acquisitions that have not been approved by the board of directors.

In addition, IQVIA is subject to Section 203 of the DGCL regulating corporate takeovers. Section 203, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any “business combination” with any “interested stockholder” for a period of three years following the date that such stockholder became an interested stockholder unless:

- prior to such date, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- upon consummation of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding those shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers, and employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or
- on or subsequent to such date, the business combination is approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

In general, Section 203 defines “business combination” to include mergers or consolidations between a Delaware corporation and an interested stockholder, transactions with an interested stockholder involving the assets or stock of the corporation or its majority-owned subsidiaries and transactions which increase an interested stockholder’s percentage ownership of stock. In general, Section 203 defines an “interested stockholder” as any entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation and any entity or person affiliated with or controlling or controlled by such entity or person. These provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by stockholders to replace members of the board of directors. Because IQVIA’s board is responsible for appointing the members of management, these provisions could in turn affect any attempt to replace current members of management. As a result, stockholders of IQVIA may lose their ability to sell their stock for a price in excess of the prevailing market price due to these protective measures, and efforts by stockholders to change the direction or management of IQVIA may be unsuccessful.

***Our operating results and share price may be volatile, which could cause the value of our stockholders’ investments to decline.***

Our quarterly and annual operating results may fluctuate in the future, and such fluctuations may be significant. In addition, securities markets worldwide have experienced, and are likely to continue to experience, significant price and volume fluctuations. This market volatility, as well as general economic, market or political conditions, could subject the market price of our shares to wide price fluctuations regardless of our operating performance. Our operating results and the trading price of our shares may fluctuate in response to various factors, including:

- market conditions in the broader stock market;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly and annual financial and operating results;
- introduction of new services by us or our competitors;
- changes in investor perception regarding the role, effectiveness, risks or regulatory implications of artificial intelligence in our business or in the healthcare and life sciences industries more broadly;
- concerns, whether or not substantiated, regarding the accuracy, reliability, ethical use, governance, or regulatory compliance of AI-enabled solutions;
- issuance of new or changed securities analysts’ reports or recommendations;
- sales, or anticipated sales, of large blocks of our stock;

- additions or departures of key personnel;
- regulatory or political developments;
- litigation and governmental investigations;
- changing economic conditions; and
- exchange rate fluctuations.

These and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, may cause our operating results and the market price for our shares to fluctuate substantially. While we believe that operating results for any particular quarter are not necessarily a meaningful indication of future results, fluctuations in our quarterly operating results could limit or prevent investors from readily selling their shares and may otherwise negatively affect the market price and liquidity of our shares. In addition, in the past, when the market price of a stock has been volatile, holders of that stock have sometimes instituted securities class action litigation against the company that issued the stock. If any of our stockholders brought a lawsuit against us, we could incur substantial costs defending the lawsuit. Such a lawsuit could also divert the time and attention of our management from our business, which could significantly harm our profitability and reputation.

***Since we have no current plans to pay regular cash dividends on our common stock, stockholders may not receive any return on investment unless they sell their common stock for a price greater than that which they paid for it.***

We do not currently anticipate paying any regular cash dividends on our common stock. Any decision to declare and pay dividends in the future will be made at the discretion of our Board and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors that our Board may deem relevant. In addition, our ability to pay dividends is, and may be, limited by covenants of existing and any future outstanding indebtedness we or our subsidiaries incur, including under our existing credit facilities. Therefore, any return on investment in our common stock is solely dependent upon the appreciation of the price of our common stock on the open market, which may not occur.

***Our certificate of incorporation contains a provision renouncing any interest and expectancy in certain corporate opportunities identified by certain parties, even if such corporate opportunities are ones that we might reasonably be deemed to have pursued or had the ability or desire to pursue.***

Our certificate of incorporation provides that IQVIA renounces any interest or expectancy in the business opportunities of the TPG Global, LLC, the Bain Capital, LLC, CPP Investment Board Private Holdings Inc., and Leonard Green & Partners, L.P., and their affiliates (other than our Company and our subsidiaries) and all of their respective partners, principals, directors, officers, members, managers, managing directors and/or employees, and each such person will have no obligation to offer us such opportunities. This provision applies to each of these current or former stockholders (and associated parties) only for so long as a nominee designated by such stockholder under the Shareholders Agreement continues to serve on our board of directors and no individual serving our board of directors has at any time been designated as a nominee by such stockholder under the Shareholders Agreement. Stockholders are deemed to have notice of and have consented to this provision of our certificate of incorporation.

Therefore, a director or officer of our Company who also serves as a director, officer, member, manager, or employee of such stockholders may pursue certain business opportunities, including acquisitions, that may be complementary to its business and, as a result, such opportunities may not be available to us. These potential conflicts of interest could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects of our Company if attractive corporate opportunities are allocated by such stockholders to themselves or their other affiliates instead of to us.

#### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

## Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Our Board actively oversees our enterprise risk management program. Our Board's role in risk oversight is consistent with our overall leadership structure: management is responsible for assessing and managing our short- and long-term risk exposures, and our Board and its committees provide effective oversight through independent monitoring of strategic risks and regularly scheduled meetings with management to discuss in-depth the strategic objectives of the Company and associated risks. In connection with Board oversight across the entire enterprise risk management program, the Board delegates to the individual committees certain elements of its oversight function. The Audit Committee of the Board has oversight of cybersecurity risk and receives regular updates on any developments from our Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), including biannual updates on strategies and action plans, with periodic reports provided to our full Board.

We have an Enterprise Risk Council made up of leaders from our principal functional areas and business units that meets on a quarterly basis to update our enterprise risk framework used to identify and manage our key risks, including cybersecurity. Cybersecurity is a standing item on our Enterprise Risk Council agenda and our cybersecurity team regularly presents its work to the Enterprise Risk Council to enable evolving risks to be integrated into our management processes. The Global Information Security team, led by our CISO, create cybersecurity processes and frameworks for use throughout IQVIA. Our CISO is an experienced cybersecurity leader with over 25 years of experience in security, technology and risk management, and has previously served as a public company CISO for a global financial services firm, where he spent 18 years serving in roles of increasing responsibility, leading large cross functional security and technology teams.

The IQVIA cybersecurity program employs policies, procedures, guidelines, training, communications, tools, assessments and other methods and resources to identify and manage cybersecurity risks. Our Integrated Information Security Framework ("IISF") defines minimum controls and safeguards used to safeguard proprietary and confidential information. Our IISF is based on relevant industry frameworks and laws, including, but not limited to National Institute of Standards and Technology ("NIST"), Good Practices Quality Guidelines (GxP), Health Information Trust Alliance (HITRUST), the ISMS Family of Standards (ISO 27000 family), Control Objectives for Information Technologies (COBIT), the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). The framework is integrated with IQVIA policies, standards, procedures, work instructions, documentation and development and oversight activities. Information is classified into four categories to help individuals apply the right level of controls and safeguards to information, applications and systems. Our global data centers and IT controls are included in an annual SOC2 Type II attestation program carried out by an independent audit firm who performs control testing and issues reports. Our set of SOC2 controls is aligned with ISO27001 specification and therefore provides an equivalent level of assurance on a global level. Additionally, our cybersecurity controls are regularly assessed as part of our global Internal Audit plan, and the maturity of our Information Security program is also regularly assessed on at least an annual basis with the help of independent consultants.

Our cybersecurity program focuses on all areas of our business, including cloud-based environments, data centers, devices used by employees and contractors, facilities, networks, applications, vendors, disaster recovery / business continuity and controls and safeguards enabled through business processes and tools. We continuously monitor for threats and unauthorized access. We learn of security threats through automated detection solutions as well as reports from users and business partners. We draw on the knowledge and insight of external cybersecurity experts and vendors and employ an array of third party tools to secure IQVIA information infrastructure and protect systems and information from unauthorized access. We manage risk in our supply chain through engagement with suppliers and vendors, including vendor on-boarding risk assessments and ongoing oversight.

Our business strategy, results of operations and financial condition have not been materially affected by risks from cybersecurity threats, including as a result of previously identified cybersecurity incidents, but we cannot provide assurance that they will not be materially affected in the future by such risks or any future material incidents. To protect against such threats, we employ an array of data security technologies, processes and methods across our infrastructure to protect systems and sensitive information from unauthorized access. We maintain comprehensive identity and access management practices (e.g., roles and access privileges for each user; multi-factor authentication, privileged user accounts, single sign-on, user lifecycle management) and employ a variety of security information and event management tools. Non-technical safeguards also play an important role in our cybersecurity program. We provide standard operating procedures, work instructions, guidelines, communications, training programs, tools and other documentation and resources to help employees avoid risky practices, help us promptly identify potential or actual issues and employ cybersecurity requirements in their day-to-day work. We also have global incident response procedures, global service tools to log incidents and issues for investigation, and an ethics line to report concerns and follow-up on matters already reported. For more information on our cybersecurity related risks, see Item 1A Risk Factors in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Item 2. Properties**

As of December 31, 2025, we had 304 offices and laboratories located in 87 countries. Our executive headquarters are located in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. We own facilities in Buenos Aires, Argentina; Caracas, Venezuela; Los Ruices, Venezuela; and Bangalore, India. All of our other offices are leased. Our properties are geographically distributed to meet our worldwide operating requirements, and none of our properties are individually material to our business operations. We believe that collectively our facilities are suitable and adequate for our present purposes. We continue to assess the suitability, adequacy, productive capacity and utilization of our existing principal physical properties, and we are in the process of evaluating the future state of our workforce practices, which may result in changes to our physical property needs.

**Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

Information pertaining to legal proceedings can be found in Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

## PART II

### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity

#### Securities Market Information for Common Stock

Our common stock trades on the NYSE under the symbol "IQV."

#### Holders of Record

On February 6, 2026, we had approximately 11 stockholders of record as reported by our transfer agent. Holders of record are defined as those stockholders whose shares are registered in their names in our stock records and do not include beneficial owners of common stock whose shares are held in the names of brokers, dealers or clearing agencies.

#### Dividend Policy

We do not currently intend to pay dividends on our common stock, and no dividends were declared or paid in 2025 or 2024. However, we expect to reevaluate our dividend policy on a regular basis and may, subject to compliance with the covenants contained in our Senior Secured Credit Facilities and long-term debt arrangements and other considerations, determine to pay dividends in the future. The declaration, amount and payment of any future dividends on shares of our common stock will be at the sole discretion of our Board of Directors (our "Board"), which may take into account general and economic conditions, our financial condition and results of operations, our available cash and current and anticipated cash needs, capital requirements, contractual, legal, tax and regulatory restrictions, the implications of the payment of dividends by us to our stockholders or by our subsidiaries to us, and any other factors that our Board may deem relevant. Our long-term debt arrangements contain usual and customary restrictive covenants that, among other things, place limitations on our ability to declare dividends. For additional information regarding these restrictive covenants, see Part II, Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

We did not sell any unregistered equity securities in 2025.

#### Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

On October 30, 2013, our Board approved an equity repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program") authorizing the repurchase of up to \$125 million of our common stock. Our Board increased the stock repurchase authorization under the Repurchase Program with respect to the repurchase of our common stock by \$600 million, \$1.5 billion, \$2.0 billion, \$1.5 billion, \$2.0 billion, \$2.0 billion, and \$2.0 billion in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2022, and 2023, respectively. On February 5, 2025, the Board increased the stock repurchase authorization under the Repurchase Program with respect to the repurchase of the Company's common stock by an additional \$2,000 million, which increased the total amount that has been authorized under the Repurchase Program to \$13,725 million. The Repurchase Program does not obligate us to repurchase any particular amount of common stock, and it may be modified, extended, suspended or discontinued at any time. The timing and amount of repurchases are determined by our management based on a variety of factors such as the market price of our common stock, our corporate requirements, and overall market conditions. Purchases of our common stock may be made in open market transactions effected through a broker-dealer at prevailing market prices, in block trades, or in privately negotiated transactions. The Repurchase Program for common stock does not have an expiration date. In addition, from time to time, we have repurchased and may continue to repurchase common stock through private or other transactions outside of the Repurchase Program.

From inception of the Repurchase Program through December 31, 2025, we have repurchased a total of \$11,956 million of our securities under the Repurchase Program.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, we repurchased 7.4 million shares of our common stock for \$1,244 million under the Repurchase Program. For additional information regarding our equity repurchases, see Part II, Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Note 13 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

As of December 31, 2025, we had remaining authorization to repurchase up to \$1,769 million of our common stock under the Repurchase Program.

Since the Merger between Quintiles and IMS Health in October 2016, we have repurchased 92.0 million shares of our common stock at an average market price per share of \$125.98 for an aggregate purchase price of \$11,582 million both under and outside of the Repurchase Program. This includes shares withheld from employees to satisfy certain tax obligations due in connection with grants of stock under the IQVIA Holdings Inc. 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan (the “Plan”). The Plan provides for the withholding of shares to satisfy tax obligations. It does not specify a maximum number of shares that can be withheld for this purpose. The shares of common stock withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations may be deemed to be “issuer purchases” of shares that are required to be disclosed pursuant to this Item.

The following table summarizes the monthly equity repurchase activity for the three months ended December 31, 2025 and the approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased pursuant to the Repurchase Program.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
(in millions, except per share data)				
October 1, 2025 – October 31, 2025	—	\$ —	—	\$ 1,981
November 1, 2025 – November 30, 2025	0.6	\$ 211.85	0.6	\$ 1,861
December 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025	0.4	\$ 223.42	0.4	\$ 1,769
	1.0		1.0	

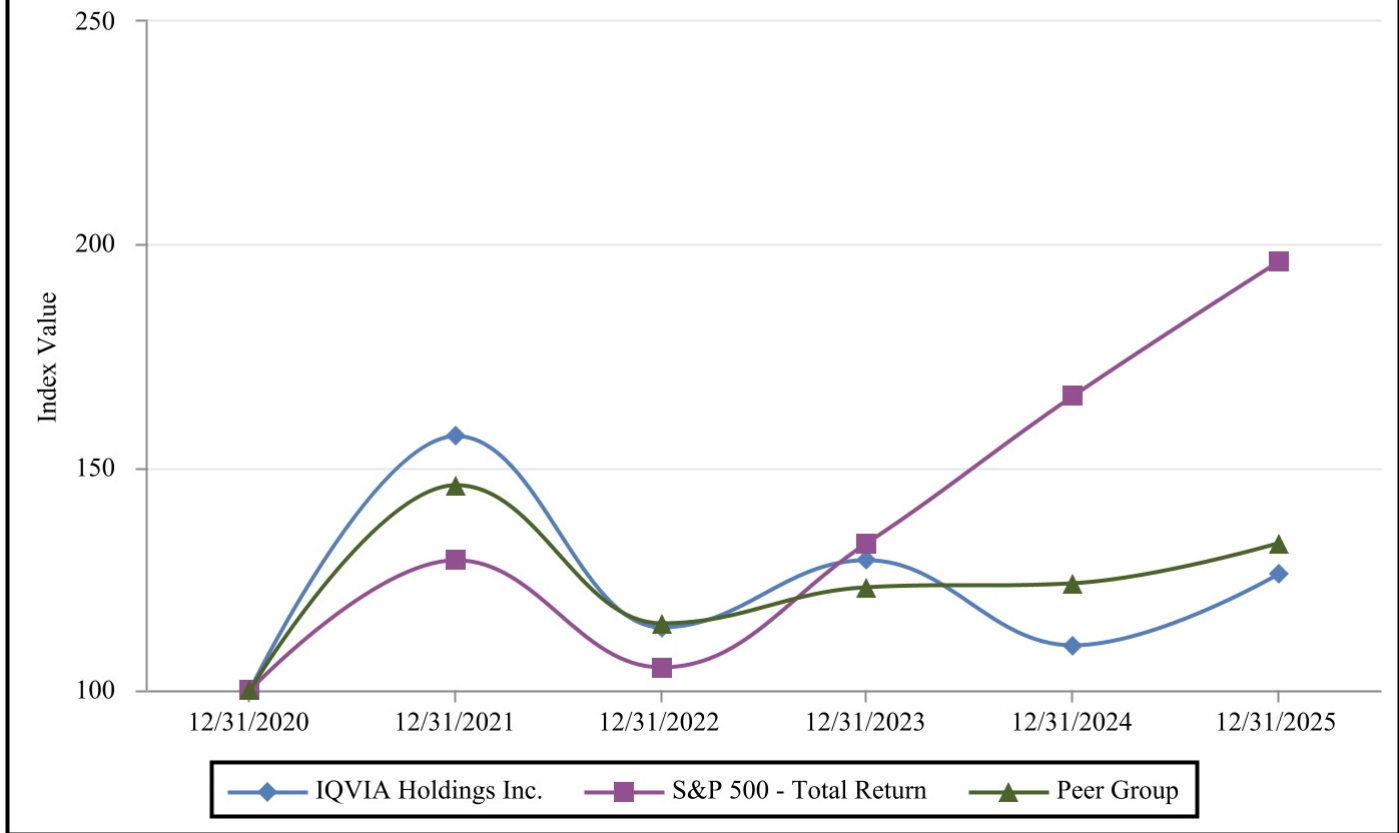
### Stock Performance Graph

This performance graph shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or incorporated by reference into any filing of IQVIA Holdings Inc. under the Exchange Act or under the Securities Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

The following graph shows a comparison from December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2025 of the cumulative total return for our common stock, the Standard & Poor’s 500 Stock Index (“S&P 500”), and our peer group set forth below. The peer group consists of Charles River Laboratories, Inc., Fortrea Holdings Inc., ICON plc, Medpace Holdings Inc., S&P Global Inc., Danaher Corporation and Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. The companies in our peer group are publicly traded information services, information technology or clinical research companies, and thus share similar business model characteristics to IQVIA, or provide services to similar customers as IQVIA. Many of these companies are also used by our compensation committee for purposes of compensation benchmarking.

The graph assumes that \$100 was invested in IQVIA, the S&P 500, and our peer group as of the close of market on December 31, 2020, and assumes the reinvestments of dividends, if any. The S&P 500 and our peer group are included for comparative purposes only. They do not necessarily reflect management’s opinion that the S&P 500 and our peer group are an appropriate measure of the relative performance of the stock involved, and they are not intended to forecast or be indicative of possible future performance of our common stock.

Comparison of 5 Years Cumulative Total Return  
Assumes Initial Investment of \$100  
December 2025



	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2024	12/31/2025
IQVIA	\$ 100	\$ 157	\$ 114	\$ 129	\$ 110	\$ 126
S&P 500	\$ 100	\$ 129	\$ 105	\$ 133	\$ 166	\$ 196
Peer Group	\$ 100	\$ 146	\$ 115	\$ 123	\$ 124	\$ 133

**Item 6. [Reserved]**

**Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Annual Report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should read the “Risk Factors” section of this Annual Report for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.*

## Overview

IQVIA is a leading global provider of clinical research services, commercial insights and healthcare intelligence to the life sciences and healthcare industries. IQVIA's portfolio of solutions are powered by IQVIA Connected Intelligence™ to deliver actionable insights and services built on high-quality health data, Healthcare-grade AI®, advanced analytics, the latest technologies and extensive domain expertise. We are committed to using artificial intelligence ("AI") responsibly, with AI-powered capabilities built on best-in-class approaches to privacy, regulatory compliance and patient safety, and delivering AI to the high standards of trust, scalability and precision demanded by the industry. With approximately 93,000 employees in over 100 countries, including experts in healthcare, life sciences, data science, technology and operational excellence, IQVIA is dedicated to accelerating the development and commercialization of innovative medical treatments to help improve patient outcomes and population health worldwide.

We are managed through three reportable segments: Technology & Analytics Solutions, Research & Development Solutions and Contract Sales & Medical Solutions. Technology & Analytics Solutions provides mission critical information, technology solutions and real world insights and services to our life science clients. Research & Development Solutions, which primarily serves biopharmaceutical clients, provides outsourced clinical research and clinical trial services. Contract Sales & Medical Solutions provides health care provider (including contract sales) and patient engagement services to both biopharmaceutical clients and the broader healthcare market.

Effective January 1, 2026, we will be updating our segment reporting to align with industry evolution, our updated operating model, and how internal reporting will be provided to the chief operating decision maker. As a result, the Contract Sales & Medical Solutions segment, which has become more closely related operationally to the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment commercial offerings, will be incorporated into the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment, which is renamed Commercial Solutions. Additionally, Real-World Late Phase and certain other Real-World offerings that have become more closely related operationally to the clinical research business, will be moved from the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment to the Research & Development Solutions segment. We will reflect the recast of segment information on this basis beginning with our Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2026.

For a description of our service offerings within our segments, refer to Part I, Item 1, "Business."

We delivered solid results in 2025, navigating a year of industry uncertainty resulting from a variety of macroeconomic factors that together slowed customer decision-making. Our Technology & Analytics Solutions business continued its growth trajectory, with revenue increasing 7.6% over 2024. While our Research & Development Solutions segment has been impacted by client cautiousness, we grew full-year revenue 4.3% over 2024, driven by improved growth rates in the second half of the year. We achieved \$2,654 million of cash flows from operating activities, and invested \$1,714 million, net of cash, to acquire businesses that will strengthen and expand our offerings moving forward, including acquisitions in all three reportable segments.

We ended the year with total company remaining performance obligations of approximately \$34.2 billion as of December 31, 2025.

We continue to maintain strong liquidity. As of December 31, 2025, cash and cash equivalents were \$1,980 million and we had \$800 million drawn under our \$2,000 million revolving credit facility. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with the financial covenants under our debt agreements in all material respects and do not have material uncertainty about ongoing ability to meet the covenants of our credit arrangements.

## Industry Outlook

For information about the industry outlook and markets that we operate in, refer to Part I, Item I, "Our Market Opportunity."

## Business Combinations

We have completed, and will continue to consider, strategic business combinations to enhance our capabilities and offerings in certain areas, including various individually immaterial acquisitions during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. These transactions were accounted for as business combinations and the acquired results of operations are included in our consolidated financial information since their respective closing dates. See Note 14 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information with respect to these business combinations.

## Sources of Revenues

Total revenues are comprised of revenues from the provision of our services. We do not have any material product revenues.

## Costs and Expenses

Our costs and expenses are comprised primarily of our cost of revenues including reimbursed expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses. Cost of revenues includes compensation and benefits for billable employees and personnel involved in production, trial monitoring, data management and delivery, and the costs of acquiring and processing data for our information offerings; costs of staff directly involved with delivering technology-related services offerings and engagements, related accommodations and the costs of data purchased specifically for technology services engagements; and other expenses directly related to service contracts such as courier fees, laboratory supplies, professional services and travel expenses. Reimbursed expenses, which are included in cost of revenues, are comprised principally of payments to investigators who oversee clinical trials and travel expenses for our clinical monitors and sales representatives. Selling, general and administrative expenses include costs related to sales, marketing and administrative functions (including human resources, legal, finance, quality assurance, compliance and general management) for compensation and benefits, travel, professional services, training and expenses for information technology and facilities. We also incur costs and expenses associated with depreciation and amortization.

## Foreign Currency Translation

In 2025, approximately 30% of our revenues were denominated in currencies other than the United States dollar, which represents approximately 60 currencies. Because a large portion of our revenues and expenses are denominated in foreign currencies and our financial statements are reported in United States dollars, changes in foreign currency exchange rates can significantly affect our results of operations. The revenues and expenses of our foreign operations are generally denominated in local currencies and translated into United States dollars for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, exchange rate fluctuations will affect the translation of foreign results into United States dollars for purposes of reporting our consolidated results. As a result, we believe that reporting results of operations that exclude the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations on certain financial results can facilitate analysis of period to period comparisons. This constant currency information assumes the same foreign currency exchange rates that were in effect for the comparable prior-year period were used in translation of the current period results. As such, the differences noted below between reported results of operations and constant currency information is wholly attributable to the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations.

## Consolidated Results of Operations

For information regarding our results of operations for our Technology & Analytics Solutions, Research & Development Solutions and Contract Sales & Medical Solutions segments, refer to “Segment Results of Operations” later in this section.

For a discussion of our results of operations comparison for 2024 and 2023, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 filed on February 13, 2025.

### Revenues

(dollars in millions)	Year Ended December 31,			Change			
				2025 vs. 2024		2024 vs. 2023	
	2025	2024	2023	\$	%	\$	%
Revenues	\$ 16,310	\$ 15,405	\$ 14,984	\$ 905	5.9 %	\$ 421	2.8 %

### 2025 compared to 2024

In 2025, our revenues increased \$905 million, or 5.9%, as compared to 2024. This increase was comprised of constant currency revenue growth of approximately \$737 million, or 4.8%, reflecting a \$380 million increase in Technology & Analytics Solutions, a \$298 million increase in Research & Development Solutions, and a \$59 million increase in Contract Sales & Medical Solutions.

### *Cost of Revenues, exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization*

<b>(dollars in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	\$ 10,880	\$ 10,030	\$ 9,745
% of revenues	66.7 %	65.1 %	65.0 %

#### *2025 compared to 2024*

When compared to 2024, cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, increased \$850 million in 2025, or 8.5%. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$790 million, or 7.9%, comprised of a \$315 million increase in Technology & Analytics Solutions, a \$416 million increase in Research & Development Solutions, and a \$59 million increase in Contract Sales & Medical Solutions.

### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

<b>(dollars in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 1,999	\$ 1,992	\$ 2,053
% of revenues	12.3 %	12.9 %	13.7 %

#### *2025 compared to 2024*

The \$7 million increase in selling, general and administrative expenses in 2025 as compared to 2024 included a constant currency decrease of approximately \$7 million, or 0.4%, comprised of a \$26 million increase in Technology & Analytics Solutions, an \$18 million increase in Research & Development Solutions, and no constant currency change in Contract Sales & Medical Solutions, offset by a \$51 million decrease in general corporate and unallocated expenses.

### *Depreciation and Amortization*

<b>(dollars in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 1,144	\$ 1,114	\$ 1,125
% of revenues	7.0 %	7.2 %	7.5 %

The \$30 million increase in depreciation and amortization in 2025 as compared to 2024 was primarily the result of an increase in amortization of capitalized software and of intangible assets from acquisitions occurring in 2024 and 2025, offset by less amortization of certain intangible assets from the merger between Quintiles and IMS Health.

### *Restructuring Costs*

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Restructuring costs	\$ 105	\$ 67	\$ 84

The restructuring costs incurred were due to ongoing efforts to streamline our global operations and reduce overcapacity to adapt to changing market conditions and integrate acquisitions. These restructuring actions are expected to occur throughout 2026 and are expected to consist of consolidating functional activities, eliminating redundant positions, and aligning resources with customer requirements.

### *Interest Income and Interest Expense*

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Interest income	\$ (45)	\$ (47)	\$ (36)
Interest expense	\$ 729	\$ 670	\$ 672

Interest income included interest received primarily from bank balances and investments. The decrease in 2025 as compared to 2024 is primarily a result of lower deposit rates.

Interest expense during 2025 increased compared to 2024 as a result of higher outstanding debt balances.

### *Loss on Extinguishment of Debt*

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Loss on extinguishment of debt	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 6

In 2025 and 2023 we recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$6 million for fees and expenses incurred related to the refinancings of our Credit Agreement. No such activity occurred in 2024.

### *Other Income, Net*

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Other income, net	\$ (99)	\$ (90)	\$ (124)

Other income, net for 2025 increased compared to 2024 primarily due to fair value related adjustments on investments offset by losses on foreign currency transactions.

### *Income Tax Expense*

(dollars in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Income tax expense	\$ 252	\$ 301	\$ 101
Effective income tax rate	15.8 %	18.0 %	6.9 %

Our effective income tax rate for 2025 was favorably impacted due to changes in the geographic mix of earnings amongst the United States and foreign tax jurisdictions, compared to our effective income tax rate for 2024.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. government enacted the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA"), which includes several changes to U.S. federal income tax law, including the temporary and permanent extension, of expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The impacts of the OBBBA did not have a material impact on the 2025 consolidated financial statements, however we will continue to evaluate impacts to future periods.

On December 12, 2022, the European Union member states agreed to implement the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two global corporate minimum tax, which establishes a 15% minimum effective tax rate for multinational enterprises with consolidated revenues of at least €750 million. Certain components of Pillar Two became effective in various jurisdictions beginning in 2024. We have continued to evaluate the effects of Pillar Two through the end of 2025 and concluded that its adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements for the periods presented. On January 5, 2026, the OECD Inclusive Framework released Administrative Guidance introducing a "side-by-side" safe harbor regime, under which U.S. parented multinational groups may be excluded from Pillar Two's Income Inclusion Rule ("IIR") and Undertaxed Profits Rule ("UTPR"), in recognition of the U.S. tax system's existing minimum tax framework. We will continue to monitor and evaluate this administrative guidance in the context of jurisdictions that adopt it. Based on our current analysis, this guidance does not change our conclusion regarding the absence of a material impact for the current year.

### Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 22	\$ 5	\$ —

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates increased in 2025 compared to 2024 due to the results in the operations of our unconsolidated affiliates.

### Segment Results of Operations

Revenues and profit by segment are as follows:

(in millions)	Segment Revenues			Segment Profit		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Technology & Analytics Solutions	\$ 6,626	\$ 6,160	\$ 5,862	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,522	\$ 1,490
Research & Development Solutions	8,896	8,527	8,395	1,873	1,948	1,915
Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	788	718	727	48	47	49
Total	16,310	15,405	14,984	3,516	3,517	3,454
General corporate and unallocated expenses				(85)	(134)	(268)
Depreciation and amortization				(1,144)	(1,114)	(1,125)
Restructuring costs				(105)	(67)	(84)
Consolidated	\$ 16,310	\$ 15,405	\$ 14,984	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,202	\$ 1,977

Certain costs are not allocated to our segments and are reported as general corporate and unallocated expenses. These costs primarily consist of stock-based compensation and expenses related to integration activities and acquisitions, as well as certain general corporate and unallocated expenses. We also do not allocate restructuring costs, depreciation and amortization, or impairment charges, if any, to our segments.

### Technology & Analytics Solutions

(dollars in millions)	Year Ended December 31,			Change			
	2025	2024	2023	2025 vs. 2024		2024 vs. 2023	
Revenues	\$ 6,626	\$ 6,160	\$ 5,862	\$ 466	7.6%	\$ 298	5.1%
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	4,076	3,721	3,496	355	9.5	225	6.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	955	917	876	38	4.1	41	4.7
Segment profit	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,522	\$ 1,490	\$ 73	4.8%	\$ 32	2.1%

### Revenues

#### 2025 compared to 2024

Technology & Analytics Solutions' revenues were \$6,626 million in 2025, an increase of \$466 million, or 7.6%, over 2024. This increase was comprised of constant currency revenue growth of approximately \$380 million, or 6.2%, reflecting revenue growth primarily in the Americas and Europe and Africa regions, and to a lesser extent in the Asia-Pacific region. The constant currency revenue growth was primarily driven by an increase in Real-World services, as well as information and technology services.

### ***Cost of Revenues, exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Technology & Analytics Solutions' cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, increased \$355 million, or 9.5%, in 2025 as compared to 2024. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$315 million, or 8.5%, reflecting primarily an increase in compensation and related expenses, and to a lesser extent increases in reimbursed expenses and costs of acquiring and processing data, all to support revenue growth.

### ***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Technology & Analytics Solutions' selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$38 million, or 4.1%, in 2025 as compared to 2024. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$26 million, or 2.8%, reflecting an increase in compensation and related expenses, as well as IT-related expenses.

### **Research & Development Solutions**

<b>(dollars in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>			<b>Change</b>			
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2025 vs. 2024</b>		<b>2024 vs. 2023</b>	
Revenues	\$ 8,896	\$ 8,527	\$ 8,395	\$ 369	4.3%	\$ 132	1.6%
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	6,124	5,698	5,629	426	7.5	69	1.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	899	881	851	18	2.0	30	3.5
Segment profit	\$ 1,873	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,915	\$ (75)	(3.9)%	\$ 33	1.7%

### ***Backlog***

Research & Development Solutions' contracted backlog increased from \$31.1 billion as of December 31, 2024 to \$32.7 billion as of December 31, 2025 and we expect approximately \$8.3 billion of this backlog to convert to revenues in the next 12 months. Contracted backlog was \$29.7 billion as of December 31, 2023.

Backlog represents, at a particular point in time, future revenues from work not yet completed or performed under signed contracts. Once work begins on a project, revenues are recognized over the duration of the project.

We believe that backlog is an indicator of future revenues but the timing of revenues will be affected by a number of factors, including the variable size and duration of projects, many of which are performed over several years, cancellations, and changes to the scope of work during the course of projects. Projects that have been delayed remain in backlog, but the timing of the revenues generated may differ from the timing originally expected. Additionally, projects may be terminated or delayed by the customer or delayed by regulatory authorities. In the event that a client cancels a contract, we typically would be entitled to receive payment for all services performed up to the cancellation date and subsequent client-authorized services related to winding down the canceled project. For more details regarding risks related to our backlog, see Part I, Item IA, "Risk Factors—Risks Related to our Business—The relationship of backlog to revenues varies over time."

### ***Revenues***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Research & Development Solutions' revenues were \$8,896 million in 2025, an increase of \$369 million, or 4.3%, over 2024. This increase was comprised of constant currency revenue growth of approximately \$298 million, or 3.5%, reflecting revenue growth in the Americas and Asia-Pacific regions. The constant currency revenue growth was primarily the result of volume-related increases in clinical services. The constant currency revenue growth was impacted by a decrease in COVID-19 related work.

### ***Cost of Revenues, exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Research & Development Solutions' cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, increased \$426 million, or 7.5%, in 2025 as compared to 2024. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$416 million, or 7.3%, reflecting increases in reimbursed expenses, as well as compensation and related expenses, as a result of volume-related increases in clinical services.

### ***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Research & Development Solutions' selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$18 million, or 2.0%, in 2025 as compared to 2024. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$18 million, or 2.0%, reflecting primarily an increase in compensation and related expenses.

### **Contract Sales & Medical Solutions**

(dollars in millions)	Year Ended December 31,			Change			
	2025	2024	2023	2025 vs. 2024		2024 vs. 2023	
Revenues	\$ 788	\$ 718	\$ 727	\$ 70	9.7%	\$ (9)	(1.2)%
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	680	611	620	69	11.3	(9)	(1.5)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	60	60	58	—	—	2	3.4
Segment profit	<u>\$ 48</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 49</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	2.1%	<u>\$ (2)</u>	(4.1)%

### ***Revenues***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Contract Sales & Medical Solutions' revenues were \$788 million in 2025, an increase of \$70 million, or 9.7%, over 2024. This increase included constant currency revenue growth of approximately \$59 million, or 8.2%, reflecting revenue growth primarily in the Europe and Africa region and to a lesser extent in the Asia-Pacific region. The constant currency revenue growth was primarily due to volume-related increases in services performed.

### ***Cost of Revenues, exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Contract Sales & Medical Solutions' cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, increased \$69 million, or 11.3%, in 2025 as compared to 2024. This increase included a constant currency increase of approximately \$59 million, or 9.7%, reflecting primarily an increase in compensation and related expenses and to a lesser extent in reimbursed expenses.

### ***Selling, General and Administrative Expenses***

*2025 compared to 2024*

Contract Sales & Medical Solutions' selling, general and administrative expenses in 2025 remained consistent with 2024.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### ***Overview***

We assess our liquidity in terms of our ability to generate cash to fund our operating, investing and financing activities. Our principal source of liquidity is operating cash flows. In addition to operating cash flows, other significant factors that affect our overall management of liquidity include: capital expenditures, acquisitions, investments, debt service requirements, equity repurchases, adequacy of our revolving credit and receivables financing facilities, and access to the capital markets.

We manage our worldwide cash requirements by monitoring the funds available among our subsidiaries and determining the extent to which those funds can be accessed on a cost-effective basis. The repatriation of cash balances from certain of our subsidiaries could have adverse tax consequences; however, those balances are generally available without legal restrictions to fund ordinary business operations. We have and expect to transfer cash from those subsidiaries to the United States and to other international subsidiaries when it is cost effective to do so.

We had a cash balance of \$1,980 million as of December 31, 2025 (\$686 million of which was in the United States), an increase from \$1,702 million as of December 31, 2024.

Based on our current operating plan, we believe that our available cash and cash equivalents, future cash flows from operations and our ability to access funds under our revolving credit and receivables financing facilities will enable us to fund our operating requirements, capital expenditures, contractual obligations, and meet debt obligations for at least the next 12 months. We regularly evaluate our debt arrangements, as well as market conditions, and from time to time we may explore opportunities to modify our existing debt arrangements or pursue additional financing arrangements that could result in the issuance of new debt securities by us or our affiliates. We may use our existing cash, cash generated from operations or dispositions of assets or businesses and/or proceeds from any new financing arrangements or issuances of debt or equity securities to repay or reduce some of our outstanding obligations, to repurchase shares from our stockholders or for other purposes. As part of our ongoing business strategy, we also continually evaluate new acquisition, expansion and investment possibilities or other strategic growth opportunities, as well as potential dispositions of assets or businesses, as appropriate, including dispositions that may cause us to recognize a loss on certain assets. Should we elect to pursue any such transaction, we may seek to obtain debt or equity financing to facilitate those activities. Our ability to enter into any such potential transactions and our use of cash or proceeds is limited to varying degrees by the terms and restrictions contained in our existing debt arrangements. We cannot provide assurances that we will be able to complete any such financing arrangements or other transactions on favorable terms or at all.

### ***Equity Repurchase Program***

On February 5, 2025, the Board increased the stock repurchase authorization under the Repurchase Program with respect to the repurchase of the Company's common stock by an additional \$2,000 million, which increased the total amount that has been authorized under the Repurchase Program to \$13,725 million. The Repurchase Program does not obligate us to repurchase any particular amount of common stock, and it may be modified, extended, suspended or discontinued at any time.

As of December 31, 2025, we had remaining authorization to repurchase up to \$1,769 million of our common stock under the Repurchase Program. In addition, from time to time, we have repurchased and may continue to repurchase common stock through private or other transactions outside of the Repurchase Program.

Additional information regarding the Repurchase Program is presented in Part II, Item 5 "Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities" and Note 13 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### ***Debt***

As of December 31, 2025, we had \$15,800 million of total indebtedness, excluding \$1,195 million of additional available borrowings under our revolving credit facility. See Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional details regarding our credit arrangements.

Our long-term debt arrangements contain customary restrictive covenants and, as of December 31, 2025, we believe we were in compliance with our restrictive covenants in all material respects.

### ***Senior Secured Credit Facilities***

On December 9, 2025, we entered into an amendment to our Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) to (i) refinance (x) our Term A-1 Dollar Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and our Term A-2 Dollar Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of term A dollar loans, (y) our Term A Euro Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of term A euro loans and (z) all current U.S. Revolving Credit Commitments, Japanese Revolving Credit Commitments and Swiss/Multicurrency Revolving Credit Commitments (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of revolving credit commitments available in U.S. dollars, (ii) to reduce the interest rate applicable to term A loans denominated in U.S. dollars and revolving credit loans denominated in U.S. dollars by eliminating the term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”) credit spread adjustment, and (iii) to release the Swiss Subsidiary Borrower and the Japanese Subsidiary Borrower (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) from all obligations as borrowers under and party to the Credit Agreement. In connection with this amendment, we recognized a \$2 million loss on extinguishment of debt, which includes fees and related expenses.

On March 10, 2025, we entered into an amendment to our Credit Agreement to, among other changes, establish a new incremental Term B-5 dollar loan facility in an aggregate principal amount equal to \$1,985 million (the “Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility”). Proceeds of the Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility were applied to (a) refinance the existing Term B-4 dollar loans and (b) repay in full the existing Term B-2 Euro loans. The interest rates for borrowings under the Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility are based on the SOFR plus an applicable margin of 1.75% per annum. In connection with this amendment, we recognized a \$4 million loss on extinguishment of debt, which includes fees and related expenses.

As of December 31, 2025, the Credit Agreement provided financing through several senior secured credit facilities (collectively, the “senior secured credit facilities”) of up to approximately \$6,412 million, which consisted of \$5,217 million principal amounts of debt outstanding and \$1,195 million of available borrowing capacity on the revolving credit facility and standby letters of credit, with a total capacity of \$2,000 million. The revolving credit facility is comprised of a \$2,000 million senior secured revolving facility available in U.S. dollars. The revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement matures in December 2030, the term A loans mature in December 2030, while the term B loans under the Credit Agreement mature in 2031. We are required to make scheduled quarterly payments on the term A loans equal to 1.25% of the original principal amount, with the remaining balance paid at maturity. The US dollars term B loan requires us to make scheduled quarterly payments equal to 0.25% of the original principal balance amount, with the remaining principal balance due at maturity. In addition, beginning with fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, we were required to apply 50% of excess cash flow (as defined in the Credit Agreement), subject to a reduction to 25% or 0% depending upon our senior secured first lien net leverage ratio, for prepayment of the term loans, with any such prepayment to be applied toward principal payments due in subsequent quarters. We are also required to pay an annual commitment fee that ranges from 0.20% to 0.35% in respect of any unused commitments under the revolving credit facility. The senior secured credit facilities are collateralized by substantially all of our assets and the assets of our material domestic subsidiaries including 100% of the equity interests of substantially all of our material domestic subsidiaries and 66% of the equity interests of substantially all of our first-tier material foreign subsidiaries and their domestic subsidiaries.

For information regarding the senior secured credit facilities, see Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### ***Senior Secured Notes and Senior Notes***

On June 4, 2025, IQVIA Inc. (the “Issuer”), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, completed the issuance and sale of \$2,000 million in gross proceeds of 6.250% senior notes due 2032 (the “Senior Notes”). The Senior Notes were issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated June 4, 2025, among the Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the Senior Notes, and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors. The net proceeds from the notes offering were used to repay existing borrowings under our revolving credit facility and to pay fees and expenses related to the Senior Notes offering, with any excess proceeds used for general corporate purposes.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, our Euro denominated 2.875% Senior Notes due 2025 matured and were repaid.

For information regarding the senior secured notes and senior notes, see Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### *Receivables Financing Facility*

For information regarding the receivables financing facility, see Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. As of December 31, 2025, no additional amounts of revolving loan commitments were available under the receivables financing facility.

**Years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023**

### *Cash Flow from Operating Activities*

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,654	\$ 2,716	\$ 2,149

#### *2025 compared to 2024*

Cash provided by operating activities decreased \$62 million in 2025 as compared to 2024. The decrease is primarily due to more cash used for accounts payable and accrued expenses (\$211 million), more cash used for income tax and other payables (\$144 million), a decrease in cash from accounts receivable and unbilled services (\$122 million), and a decrease in cash-related net income (\$29 million), offset by more cash from unearned income (\$233 million), and less cash used for prepaid expenses and other assets (\$211 million), which includes \$42 million in cash received during 2025 related to the termination of our previous cross-currency swaps.

### *Cash Flow from Investing Activities*

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (2,305)	\$ (1,444)	\$ (1,603)

#### *2025 compared to 2024*

Cash used in investing activities increased \$861 million in 2025 as compared to 2024, primarily due to more cash used for the acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired (\$979 million), more cash used for investments in debt and equity securities (\$18 million), more cash used for other investing activities (\$3 million), and more cash used for the acquisition of property, equipment, and software (\$1 million), offset by less cash used for investments in unconsolidated affiliates, net (\$88 million), more cash received from sale of property, equipment and software (\$50 million), and cash from marketable securities (\$2 million).

### *Cash Flow from Financing Activities*

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (150)	\$ (878)	\$ (382)

#### *2025 compared to 2024*

Cash used in financing activities decreased \$728 million in 2025 as compared to 2024, primarily due to more debt payments (\$5,021 million), more cash used in repayments of revolving credit facilities, net of proceeds (\$750 million), more cash payments on contingent consideration and deferred purchase price accruals (\$17 million), more cash used for other financing activities (\$11 million), and more cash payments related to employee stock option plans (\$3 million), offset by more cash provided by proceeds from debt issuances, net of payment of debt issuance costs (\$6,424 million), and less cash used to repurchase common stock (\$106 million).

## Contingencies

We are exposed to certain known contingencies that are material to our investors. The facts and circumstances surrounding these contingencies and a discussion of their effect on us are included in Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. These contingencies may have a material effect on our liquidity, capital resources or results of operations. In addition, even where our accruals are adequate, the incurrence of any of these liabilities may have a material effect on our liquidity and the amount of cash available to us for other purposes.

We believe that we have made appropriate arrangements in respect of the future effect on us of these known contingencies. We also believe that the amount of cash available to us from our operations, together with cash from financing, will be sufficient for us to pay any known contingencies as they become due without materially affecting our ability to conduct our operations and invest in the growth of our business.

## Information about our Guarantors and the Issuer of our Guaranteed Securities

IQVIA Inc. (the “Issuer”), a wholly owned subsidiary of IQVIA Holdings Inc., completed the issuance and sale of \$1,250 million in gross proceeds of the Issuer’s 6.250% senior secured notes due 2029 (the “2029 Senior Secured Notes”) on November 28, 2023, and completed the issuance and sale of \$750 million in gross proceeds of the Issuer’s 5.700% senior secured notes due 2028 (the “2028 Senior Secured Notes”) on May 23, 2023.

In February 2024, the Issuer completed an exchange offer in which it issued \$1,250 million aggregate principal amount of 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029 registered under the Securities Act (the “2029 Registered Notes”) and \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 registered under the Securities Act (the “2028 Registered Notes” and, together with the 2029 Registered Notes, the 2029 Senior Secured Notes, and the 2028 Senior Secured Notes, the “Notes”) in exchange for the same principal amount and substantially identical terms of the 2029 Senior Secured Notes and 2028 Senior Secured Notes, respectively.

The accompanying summarized financial information has been prepared and presented pursuant to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X, “Financial Statements of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered,” and Rule 13-01 of Regulation S-X, “Financial Disclosures about Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities and Affiliates Whose Securities Collateralized a Registrant’s Securities.” Each of our current direct and indirect material U.S. wholly owned restricted subsidiaries (excluding IQVIA Solutions Japan LLC and IQVIA Services Japan LLC) (the “Guarantor subsidiaries” and, together with IQVIA Holdings Inc., the “Guarantors”), have jointly and severally, irrevocably and unconditionally, on a senior secured basis, guaranteed the obligations under the Notes.

The following presents the summarized financial information on a combined basis for IQVIA Holdings Inc. (parent company), IQVIA Inc. (issuer of the guaranteed obligations) and the Guarantor subsidiaries, which are collectively referred to as the “obligated group.”

Each Guarantor subsidiary is consolidated by IQVIA Holdings Inc. as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. Refer to Exhibit 22.1 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the detailed list of entities included within the obligated group as of December 31, 2025.

The guarantee of a Guarantor subsidiary with respect to the Notes will be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged and shall terminate and be of no further force and effect, and no further action by such Guarantor subsidiary, the Issuer, or U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, be required upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- a. any sale, exchange, issuance, disposition or transfer (by merger, amalgamation, consolidation or otherwise) of (i) the capital stock of such Guarantor, after which the applicable Guarantor is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary, or (ii) all or substantially all of the assets of such Guarantor, in each case if such sale, exchange, issuance, disposition or transfer is made in compliance with the applicable provisions of this Indenture;

b. the release or discharge of the guarantee by such Guarantor of indebtedness under the senior secured term loan facilities and the senior secured revolving credit facilities under that certain Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, or the release or discharge of such other guarantee that resulted in the creation of such Guarantee, except, in each case, a discharge or release by or as a result of payment of such Indebtedness or under such guarantee (it being understood that a release subject to a contingent reinstatement is still a release, and that if any such guarantee is so reinstated, such Guarantee shall also be reinstated to the extent that such Guarantor would then be required to provide a Guarantee pursuant to Section 4.11 of the Indenture);

c. the designation of any Restricted Subsidiary that is a Guarantor as an Unrestricted Subsidiary in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture;

d. the exercise by the Issuer of its Legal Defeasance option or Covenant Defeasance option in accordance with Article VIII of the Indenture or the discharge of the Issuer's obligations under the Indenture in accordance with the terms of this Indenture;

e. the merger, amalgamation or consolidation of any Guarantor with and into the Issuer or a Guarantor that is the surviving Person in such merger, amalgamation or consolidation, or upon the liquidation of a Guarantor following the transfer of all or substantially all of its assets, in each case in a transaction that complies with the applicable provisions of this Indenture; or

f. as described in Article IX of the Indenture.

#### Summarized Combined Financial Information of the Issuer and Guarantors:

Each entity in the summarized combined financial information follows the same accounting policies as described in the consolidated financial statements, see Note 1 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Information for the non-Guarantor subsidiaries has been excluded from the combined summarized financial information of the obligated group. The accompanying summarized combined financial information does not reflect investments of the obligated group in non-Guarantor subsidiaries. The financial information of the obligated group is presented on a combined basis; intercompany balances and transactions within the obligated group have been eliminated. The obligated group's amounts due from and amounts due to non-Guarantor subsidiaries and related parties, if any, have been presented in separate line items.

The following table contains summarized combined financial information from the Statements of Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Position of the obligated group as of:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
Total current assets (excluding amounts due from subsidiaries that are non-Guarantors)	\$	1,012	\$	935
Total noncurrent assets	\$	11,876	\$	10,937
Amounts due from subsidiaries that are non-Guarantors	\$	4,488	\$	4,952
Total current liabilities	\$	5,053	\$	3,792
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	13,324	\$	12,333
Amounts due to subsidiaries that are non-Guarantors	\$	6,672	\$	6,341

The following table contains summarized combined financial information from the Statements of Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Operations of the obligated group:

(in millions)	Twelve Months Ended December 31,					
	2025		2024		2023	
Net revenues	\$	7,137	\$	6,661	\$	6,299
Costs and expenses applicable to net revenues	\$	4,630	\$	4,145	\$	4,190
Income from operations	\$	1,276	\$	1,259	\$	912
Net income	\$	286	\$	554	\$	86

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Below is a summary of our future payment commitments by year under contractual obligations as of December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	2026	2027-2028	2029-2030	Thereafter	Total
Long-term debt, including interest <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,556	\$ 5,521	\$ 6,395	\$ 4,055	\$ 18,527
Operating leases	107	141	64	51	363
Finance leases	13	28	29	256	326
Data acquisition	651	751	103	37	1,542
Purchase obligations <sup>(2)</sup>	86	123	70	5	284
Commitments to unconsolidated affiliates <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—
Benefit obligations <sup>(4)</sup>	34	37	40	113	224
Uncertain income tax positions <sup>(5)</sup>	11	33	14	—	58
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,458</b>	<b>\$ 6,634</b>	<b>\$ 6,715</b>	<b>\$ 4,517</b>	<b>\$ 21,324</b>

- (1) Interest payments on our debt are based on the interest rates in effect as of December 31, 2025.
- (2) Purchase obligations are defined as agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable and legally binding and that specify all significant terms, including fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased, fixed, minimum or variable pricing provisions and the approximate timing of the transactions.
- (3) We are currently committed to invest \$752 million in private equity funds. As of December 31, 2025, we have funded approximately \$339 million of these commitments and we have approximately \$413 million remaining to be funded which has not been included in the above table as we are unable to predict when these commitments will be paid.
- (4) Amounts represent expected future benefit payments for our pension and postretirement benefit plans, as well as expected contributions for 2026 for our funded pension benefit plans. We made cash contributions totaling approximately \$32 million to our defined benefit plans in 2025, and we estimate that we will make contributions totaling approximately \$34 million to our defined benefit plans in 2026. Due to the potential impact of future plan investment performance, changes in interest rates, changes in other economic and demographic assumptions and changes in legislation in foreign jurisdictions, we are not able to reasonably estimate the timing and amount of contributions that may be required to fund our defined benefit plans for periods beyond 2026.
- (5) As of December 31, 2025, our liability related to uncertain income tax positions was approximately \$170 million, \$112 million of which has not been included in the above table as we are unable to predict when these liabilities will be paid due to the uncertainties in the timing of the settlement of the income tax positions.

## Application of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Note 1 to the audited consolidated financial statements provided elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K describes the significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Our estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis and make changes to the estimates and related disclosures as experience develops or new information becomes known. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

The majority of our contracts within the Research & Development Solutions segment are service contracts for clinical research that represent a single performance obligation. We provide a significant integration service resulting in a combined output, which is clinical trial data that meets the relevant regulatory standards and can be used by the customer to progress to the next phase of a clinical trial or solicit approval of a treatment by the applicable regulatory body. The performance obligation is satisfied over time as the output is captured in data and documentation that is available for the customer to consume over the course of the arrangement and furthers progress of the clinical trial. We recognize revenues over time using a cost-based input method since there is no single output measure that would fairly depict the transfer of control over the life of the performance obligation. Progress on the performance obligation is measured by the proportion of actual costs incurred to the total costs expected to complete the contract. Costs included in the measure of progress include direct labor and third-party costs (such as payments to investigators and other reimbursed expenses for our clinical monitors). This cost-based method of revenue recognition requires us to make estimates of costs to complete our projects on an ongoing basis. Significant judgment is required to evaluate assumptions related to these estimates. The effect of revisions to estimates related to the transaction price or costs to complete a project are recorded in the period in which the estimate is revised. Most contracts may be terminated upon 30 to 90 days' notice by the customer; however, in the event of termination, most contracts require payment for services rendered through the date of termination, as well as for subsequent services rendered to close out the contract. A hypothetical increase of one percent in the estimated costs to complete these service contracts as of December 31, 2025 could have resulted in approximately a one percent reduction in total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2025, whereas, a hypothetical decrease of one percent could have resulted in a one percent increase in total revenues.

### ***Income Taxes***

The provision for income taxes includes federal, state, local and foreign taxes. Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. We record U.S. deferred taxes based on the Federal corporate income tax rate of 21%. We account for tax related to Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income ("GILTI") and Qualified Domestic Minimum Top-up Taxes ("QDMTT") in relation to the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two global corporate minimum tax rate of 15%, as period costs when and if incurred. Recognition of deferred income tax assets is based on management's belief that it is more likely than not that the income tax benefit associated with certain temporary differences, income tax operating loss, capital loss carryforwards, and income tax credits, will be realized. We recorded a valuation allowance to reduce our deferred income tax assets for those deferred income tax items for which it was more likely than not that realization would not occur. We determined the amount of the valuation allowance based, in part, on our assessment of future taxable income and in light of our ongoing income tax strategies. If our estimate of future taxable income or tax strategies changes at any time in the future, we would record an adjustment to our valuation allowance. Recording such an adjustment could have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Income tax expense is based on the distribution of profit before income tax among the various taxing jurisdictions in which we operate, adjusted as required by the income tax laws of each taxing jurisdiction. Changes in the distribution of profits and losses among taxing jurisdictions may have a significant impact on our effective income tax rate. We do not consider the undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested outside of the United States.

### ***Business Combinations and Goodwill***

We use the acquisition method to account for business combinations, and accordingly, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree are recorded at their estimated fair values on the date of the acquisition. We use significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining the estimated fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interests including expected future cash flows and discount rates that reflect the risk associated with the expected future cash flows and estimated useful lives.

We have recorded and allocated to our reporting units the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired, known as goodwill. The recoverability of goodwill is evaluated annually for impairment, or if and when events or circumstances indicate a possible impairment. We perform our annual goodwill impairment evaluation as of July 31.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, we performed a qualitative impairment evaluation. The qualitative evaluation requires significant judgments, estimates and assumptions, including those related to macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, financial performance, fair value history and other company specific events.

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, we determined that there was no impairment of goodwill.

We review the carrying values of other identifiable intangible assets if the facts and circumstances indicate a possible impairment. Any future impairment could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

### ***Stock-based Compensation***

We measure compensation cost for stock-based payment awards (stock options and stock appreciation rights) granted to employees and non-employee directors at fair value using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model. Stock-based compensation expense includes stock-based awards granted to employees and non-employee directors and has been reported in selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

The Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model requires the use of subjective assumptions, including share price volatility, the expected life of the award, risk-free interest rate and the fair value of the underlying common shares on the date of grant. In developing our assumptions, we take into account the following:

- We calculate expected volatility based on an analysis of the historical volatility of our stock since the Merger in October 2016 and reported data for selected reasonably similar publicly traded companies for which the historical information is available;
- We determine the risk-free interest rate by reference to implied yields available from United States Treasury securities with a remaining term equal to the expected life assumed at the date of grant;
- We estimate the dividend yield to be zero as we do not currently anticipate paying any future dividends;
- We estimate the average expected life of the award based on our historical experience; and
- We estimate forfeitures based on our historical analysis of actual forfeitures.

We account for our stock-based compensation for performance awards related to compound annual earnings per share (“EPS”) growth over a three year period based on the closing market price of our common stock on the date of grant, and for performance awards related to relative total shareholder return (“TSR”) based on a Monte Carlo simulation model. We record the expense amount of the EPS awards based on our estimates of the likelihood that the various performance targets will be achieved. The estimates are assessed on a quarterly basis. For the TSR awards we record the expense amount evenly over the service period.

### ***Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits***

We provide retirement benefits to certain employees, including defined benefit pension plans. The determination of benefit obligations and expense is based on actuarial models. In order to measure benefit costs and obligations using these models, critical assumptions are made with regard to the discount rate, expected return on plan assets, cash balance crediting rate, lump sum conversion rate and the assumed rate of compensation increases.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

Information relating to recently issued accounting standards is included in Note 1 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices. In the ordinary course of business, we are exposed to various market risks and we regularly evaluate our exposure to such changes. Our overall risk management strategy seeks to balance the magnitude of the exposure and the cost and availability of appropriate financial instruments. The following analyses present the sensitivity of our financial instruments to hypothetical changes that are reasonably possible over a one-year period.

### *Foreign Currency Exchange Rates*

We transact business in more than 100 countries and approximately 60 currencies and are subject to risks associated with fluctuating foreign currency exchange rates. Our objective is to reduce earnings and cash flow volatility associated with foreign currency exchange rate movements. Accordingly, we enter into foreign currency forward contracts to hedge certain forecasted foreign currency cash flows related to service contracts. It is our policy to enter into foreign currency transactions only to the extent necessary to meet our objectives as stated above. We do not enter into foreign currency transactions for investment or speculative purposes. The principal currency hedged in 2025 with foreign currency forward contracts was the British Pound.

The contractual value of our foreign exchange forward contracts was approximately \$127 million as of December 31, 2025. The fair value of these contracts is subject to change as a result of potential changes in foreign exchange rates. We assess our market risk based on changes in foreign exchange rates utilizing a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity analysis measures the potential gain or loss in fair values based on a hypothetical 10% change in foreign currency exchange rates. The potential gain in fair value for foreign exchange forward contracts based on a hypothetical 10% decrease in the value of the United States dollar was \$13 million as of December 31, 2025. However, the change in the fair value of the foreign exchange forward contracts would likely be offset by a change in the value of the future service contract revenues being hedged caused by the currency exchange rate fluctuation. The estimated fair values of the foreign exchange forward contracts were determined based on quoted market prices.

Exchange rate fluctuations affect the United States dollar value of foreign currency revenues and expenses and may have a significant effect on our results. Excluding the impacts from any outstanding or future hedging transactions, a hypothetical 10% change in average exchange rates used to translate all foreign currencies to the United States dollar would have impacted income from operations for 2025 by approximately \$193 million. The actual impact of exchange rate movements in the future could differ materially from this hypothetical analysis, based on the mix of foreign currencies and the timing and magnitude of individual exchange rate movements.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we designated the cross-currency swaps that we entered into in connection with the issuance of our 2029 Senior Secured Notes and Term B-4 Dollar Loans as a hedge of our net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries to reduce the volatility in stockholders' equity caused by changes in the Euro exchange rate with respect to the United States dollar. On February 3, 2025, the Company terminated its existing cross-currency swap agreements and entered into new cross-currency swap agreements for the same purpose and with substantially similar terms as the previous swaps. We do not enter into cross-currency swaps for investment or speculative purposes. The contractual value of our cross-currency swaps was approximately \$2,720 million as of December 31, 2025. The fair value of these cross-currency swaps is subject to change as a result of potential changes in foreign exchange rates. We assess our market risk based on changes in foreign exchange rates utilizing a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity analysis measures the potential gain or loss in fair values based on a hypothetical 10% change in foreign currency exchange rates. The potential loss in fair value for cross-currency swaps based on a hypothetical 10% decrease in the value of the United States dollar was \$339 million as of December 31, 2025. However, this change in fair value would be offset by the change in value of the hedged portion of our net investment in foreign subsidiaries caused by the currency exchange rate fluctuation.

Commencing in 2016 we designated our foreign currency denominated debt as a hedge of our net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries to reduce the volatility in stockholders' equity caused by changes in the Euro exchange rate with respect to the United States dollar. We have continued to designate a portion of new issuances of foreign currency denominated debt as a hedge of our net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2025, our total foreign currency denominated debt was €3,128 million (\$3,673 million), with approximately 94% being designated as a hedge. A hypothetical 10% decrease in the value of the United States dollar would lead to a potential loss in fair value of \$367 million. However, approximately 94% of this change in fair value would be offset by the change in value of the hedged portion of our net investment in foreign subsidiaries caused by the currency exchange rate fluctuation.

### ***Interest Rates***

Because we have variable rate debt, fluctuations in interest rates affect our business. We attempt to minimize interest rate risk and lower our overall borrowing costs through the utilization of derivative financial instruments, primarily interest rate swaps. We do not enter into interest rate swaps for investment or speculative purposes. We have entered into interest rate swaps with financial institutions that have reset dates and critical terms that match the underlying debt. Accordingly, any change in market value associated with the interest rate swaps is offset by the opposite market impact on the related debt. As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately \$5,768 million of variable rate indebtedness and interest rate swaps with a notional value of \$1,470 million. Because we do not attempt to hedge all of our variable rate debt, we may incur higher interest costs for the portion of our variable rate debt that is not hedged. Excluding debt covered by hedges, each quarter-point increase or decrease in the interest rate on our variable rate debt would result in our interest expense changing by approximately \$11 million per year.

### ***Marketable Securities***

As of December 31, 2025, we held investments in marketable equity securities. These investments are classified as either trading securities or available-for-sale securities and are recorded at fair value. These securities are subject to price risk. As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of these investments was \$203 million based on the quoted market value of the securities. The potential loss in fair value resulting from a hypothetical decrease of 10% in quoted market values was approximately \$20 million as of December 31, 2025.

## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

### MANAGEMENT’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The management of IQVIA Holdings Inc. (the “Company”) is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025. In making this assessment, management used the framework established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (“COSO”). As a result of this assessment and based on the criteria in the COSO framework, management has concluded that, as of December 31, 2025, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting was effective.

The effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears herein.

/s/ Ari Bousbib

\_\_\_\_\_  
Ari Bousbib

*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Ronald E. Bruehlman

\_\_\_\_\_  
Ronald E. Bruehlman

*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*

(Principal Financial Officer)

February 17, 2026

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of IQVIA Holdings Inc.

### ***Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of IQVIA Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of income, of comprehensive income, of stockholders’ equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025, including the related notes and financial statement schedules listed in the index appearing under Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the COSO.

### ***Basis for Opinions***

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company’s consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### ***Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

A company’s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### ***Critical Audit Matters***

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### *Revenue Recognition – Estimating Costs to Complete for Clinical Research Services*

As described in Notes 1 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements, revenue of the Research & Development Solutions segment for the year ended December 31, 2025, is \$8,896 million, the majority of which relates to service contracts for clinical research that represent a single performance obligation. The Company recognized revenue for these contracts over time using a cost-based input method. Revenue was recognized based on progress on the performance obligation, which was measured by the proportion of actual costs incurred to the total costs expected to complete the contract. Costs included in the measure of progress include direct labor and third-party costs (such as payments to investigators and other reimbursed expenses for the Company's clinical monitors). This cost-based method of revenue recognition required management to make estimates of costs to complete its projects on an ongoing basis.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to revenue recognition - estimating costs to complete for clinical research services is a critical audit matter are a high degree of auditor effort in performing audit procedures and evaluating audit evidence related to the cost estimates made by management when determining the total expected costs to complete its contracts, specifically the estimation of direct labor and third-party costs.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to the revenue recognition process, including controls over the estimation of the total costs to complete for clinical research service contracts. These procedures also included, among others, testing management's process for determining the estimate of total costs to complete for a sample of clinical research contracts by evaluating the reasonableness of significant assumptions made by management related to direct labor and third-party costs, evaluating the appropriateness of changes to management's estimate of total costs to complete the contracts, testing actual direct costs incurred, evaluating management's ability to reasonably estimate the total expected costs to complete contracts by performing a comparison of management's prior period cost estimates to actual costs, and testing the completeness and accuracy of underlying data used by management.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Raleigh, North Carolina  
February 17, 2026

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(in millions, except per share data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Revenues	\$ 16,310	\$ 15,405	\$ 14,984
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	10,880	10,030	9,745
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,999	1,992	2,053
Depreciation and amortization	1,144	1,114	1,125
Restructuring costs	105	67	84
Income from operations	2,182	2,202	1,977
Interest income	(45)	(47)	(36)
Interest expense	729	670	672
Loss on extinguishment of debt	6	—	6
Other income, net	(99)	(90)	(124)
Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	1,591	1,669	1,459
Income tax expense	252	301	101
Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	1,339	1,368	1,358
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	22	5	—
Net income	1,361	1,373	1,358
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	—	—
Net income attributable to IQVIA Holdings Inc.	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
Earnings per share attributable to common stockholders:			
Basic	\$ 7.91	\$ 7.57	\$ 7.39
Diluted	\$ 7.84	\$ 7.49	\$ 7.29
Weighted average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	171.9	181.3	183.8
Diluted	173.5	183.4	186.3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net income	\$ 1,361	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
Comprehensive income adjustments:			
Unrealized (losses) gains on derivative instruments, net of income tax (benefit) expense of \$(7), \$17 and \$(3)	(21)	53	(7)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of income tax expense of \$7, \$5 and \$4	18	7	7
Foreign currency translation, net of income tax (benefit) expense of \$(140), \$77 and \$(55)	106	(200)	(89)
Reclassification adjustments:			
Reclassifications on derivative instruments included in net income, net of income tax (expense) of \$(2), \$(10) and \$(17)	(8)	(31)	(51)
Comprehensive income	1,456	\$ 1,202	\$ 1,218
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	—	—
Comprehensive income attributable to IQVIA Holdings Inc.	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,202	\$ 1,218

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in millions, except per share data)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,702
Trade accounts receivable and unbilled services, net	3,400	3,204
Prepaid expenses	162	154
Income taxes receivable	27	36
Investments in debt, equity and other securities	161	141
Other current assets and receivables	519	592
Total current assets	6,249	5,829
Property and equipment, net	533	535
Operating lease right-of-use assets	290	238
Investments in debt, equity and other securities	108	108
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	324	266
Goodwill	16,616	14,710
Other identifiable intangibles, net	4,962	4,499
Deferred income taxes	357	194
Deposits and other assets, net	505	520
Total assets	\$ 29,944	\$ 26,899
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,751	\$ 3,684
Unearned income	2,118	1,779
Income taxes payable	140	156
Current portion of long-term debt	1,840	1,145
Other current liabilities	489	193
Total current liabilities	8,338	6,957
Long-term debt, less current portion	13,884	12,838
Deferred income taxes	179	196
Operating lease liabilities	225	173
Other liabilities	688	668
Total liabilities	23,314	20,832
Commitments and contingencies (Note 1 and 12)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital, 400.0 shares authorized as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, \$0.01 par value, 259.1 shares issued and 169.6 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2025; 258.2 shares issued and 176.1 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2024	11,378	11,143
Retained earnings	7,425	6,065
Treasury stock, at cost, 89.5 and 82.1 shares as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	(11,357)	(10,103)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(943)	(1,038)
Equity attributable to IQVIA Holdings Inc.'s stockholders	6,503	6,067
Noncontrolling interests	127	—
Total stockholders' equity	6,630	6,067
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 29,944	\$ 26,899

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Operating activities:</b>			
Net income	\$ 1,361	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,144	1,114	1,125
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount	23	21	18
Stock-based compensation	247	206	217
Earnings from unconsolidated affiliates	(22)	(5)	—
Gain on investments, net	(44)	(22)	(20)
Benefit from deferred income taxes	(180)	(129)	(269)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable and unbilled services	60	182	(388)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	218	7	34
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(96)	115	267
Unearned income	242	9	(29)
Income taxes payable and other liabilities	(299)	(155)	(164)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,654	2,716	2,149
<b>Investing activities:</b>			
Acquisition of property, equipment and software	(603)	(602)	(649)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(1,714)	(735)	(876)
Sales (purchases) of marketable securities, net	2	—	(6)
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates, net of payments received	(44)	(132)	(39)
Investments in debt and equity securities	(20)	(2)	(38)
Proceeds from sale of property, equipment and software	75	25	—
Other	(1)	2	5
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,305)	(1,444)	(1,603)
<b>Financing activities:</b>			
Proceeds from issuance of debt	6,465	—	4,000
Payment of debt issuance costs	(42)	(1)	(50)
Repayment of debt and principal payments on finance leases	(5,193)	(172)	(2,873)
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	3,375	1,685	2,384
Repayment of revolving credit facility	(3,400)	(960)	(2,709)
Payments related to employee stock incentive plans, net	(67)	(64)	(61)
Repurchase of common stock	(1,244)	(1,350)	(992)
Contingent consideration and deferred purchase price payments	(33)	(16)	(81)
Other	(11)	—	—
Net cash used in financing activities	(150)	(878)	(382)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash	79	(68)	(4)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	278	326	160
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,702	1,376	1,216
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,702	\$ 1,376

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(in millions)	Common Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Noncontrolling Interests	Total
<b>Balance, December 31, 2022</b>	256.4	(70.7)	\$ 3	\$ 10,895	\$ 3,334	\$ (7,740)	\$ (727)	\$ —	\$ 5,765
Issuance of common stock	0.8	—	—	(61)	—	—	—	—	(61)
Repurchase of common stock	—	(5)	—	—	—	(1,001)	—	—	(1,001)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	191	—	—	—	—	191
Net income	—	—	—	—	1,358	—	—	—	1,358
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7)	—	(7)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	7
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(89)	—	(89)
Reclassification adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(51)	—	(51)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2023</b>	257.2	(75.7)	3	11,025	4,692	(8,741)	(867)	—	6,112
Issuance of common stock	1	—	—	(66)	—	—	—	—	(66)
Repurchase of common stock, net of tax	—	(6.4)	—	—	—	(1,362)	—	—	(1,362)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	181	—	—	—	—	181
Net income	—	—	—	—	1,373	—	—	—	1,373
Unrealized losses on derivative instruments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	—	53
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	7
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(200)	—	(200)
Reclassification adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(31)	—	(31)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2024</b>	258.2	(82.1)	3	11,140	6,065	(10,103)	(1,038)	—	6,067
Issuance of common stock	0.9	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
Repurchase of common stock, net of tax	—	(7.4)	—	—	—	(1,254)	—	—	(1,254)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	227	—	—	—	—	227
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	126	126
Net income	—	—	—	—	1,360	—	—	1	1,361
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(21)	—	(21)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	18
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	106	—	106
Reclassification adjustments, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(8)	—	(8)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2025</b>	<b>259.1</b>	<b>(89.5)</b>	<b>\$ 3</b>	<b>\$ 11,375</b>	<b>\$ 7,425</b>	<b>\$ (11,357)</b>	<b>\$ (943)</b>	<b>\$ 127</b>	<b>\$ 6,630</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

***The Company***

IQVIA Holdings Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the “Company” or “IQVIA”) is a leading global provider of clinical research services, commercial insights and healthcare intelligence to the life sciences and healthcare industries. IQVIA’s portfolio of solutions are powered by IQVIA Connected Intelligence™ to deliver actionable insights and services built on high-quality health data, Healthcare-grade AI®, advanced analytics, the latest technologies and extensive domain expertise. IQVIA is committed to using artificial intelligence (“AI”) responsibly. With approximately 93,000 employees in over 100 countries, including experts in healthcare, life sciences, data science, technology and operational excellence, IQVIA is dedicated to accelerating the development and commercialization of innovative medical treatments to help improve patient outcomes and population health worldwide.

IQVIA is a global leader in protecting individual patient privacy. The Company uses a wide variety of privacy-enhancing technologies and safeguards to protect individual privacy while generating and analyzing information on a scale that helps healthcare stakeholders identify disease patterns and correlate with the precise treatment path and therapy needed for better outcomes. IQVIA’s insights and execution capabilities help biotech, medical device and pharmaceutical companies, medical researchers, government agencies, payers and other healthcare stakeholders tap into a deeper understanding of diseases, human behaviors and scientific advances, in an effort to advance their path toward cures.

***Principles of Consolidation***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of the Company, its subsidiaries and investments in which the Company has control. Amounts pertaining to the noncontrolling ownership interests held by third parties, if any, in the operating results and financial position of the Company’s majority-owned subsidiaries are reported as noncontrolling interests. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions believed reasonable under the circumstances. The Company evaluates its estimates on an ongoing basis and makes changes to the estimates and related disclosures as experience develops or new information becomes known. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

***Foreign Currencies***

The Company’s consolidated financial statements are reported in United States dollars and, accordingly, the Company’s results of operations are impacted by fluctuations in exchange rates that affect the translation of its revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies into United States dollars for purposes of reporting its consolidated financial results. Assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currencies on the books of foreign subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Revenues, costs and expenses are translated at average rates of exchange during the year. Translation adjustments resulting from this process are charged or credited to the accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income (“AOCI”) component of stockholders’ equity. The Company is subject to foreign currency transaction risk for fluctuations in exchange rates during the period of time between the consummation and cash settlement of a transaction. The Company earns revenues from its service contracts over a period of several months and, in some cases, over a period of several years. Accordingly, exchange rate fluctuations during this period may affect the Company’s profitability with respect to such contracts.

For operations outside the United States that are considered to be highly inflationary or where the United States dollar is designated as the functional currency, monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured using end-of-period exchange rates, whereas nonmonetary accounts are remeasured using historical exchange rates, and all remeasurement and transaction adjustments are recognized in other income, net.

### ***Cash Equivalents***

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### ***Derivatives***

The Company uses derivative instruments to manage exposures to interest rates and foreign currencies. Derivatives are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value at each balance sheet date utilizing pricing models for non-exchange-traded contracts.

At inception, the Company designates whether or not the derivative instrument is an effective hedge of an asset, liability or firm commitment which is then classified as either a cash flow hedge or a fair value hedge. If determined to be an effective cash flow hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative instrument are recorded as a component of AOCI until realized. The Company includes the impact from these hedges in the same line item as the hedged item on the consolidated statements of cash flows. Changes in fair value of effective fair value hedges are recorded in earnings as an offset to the changes in the fair value of the related hedged item. Hedge ineffectiveness, if any, is immediately recognized in earnings. Changes in the fair values of derivative instruments that are not an effective hedge are recognized in earnings. When it is probable that a hedged forecasted transaction will not occur, the Company discontinues hedge accounting for the affected portion of the forecasted transaction and reclassifies gains or losses that were accumulated in AOCI to earnings for foreign exchange derivatives and interest expense for interest rate derivatives on the consolidated statements of income. Cash flows are classified consistent with the underlying hedged item. The Company has entered, and may in the future enter, into derivative contracts (caps, swaps, forwards, calls or puts, warrants, for example) related to its debt and forecasted foreign currency transactions. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for investment or speculative purposes.

The Company designates its cross-currency swaps and a portion of its foreign currency denominated debt as a hedge of its net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries to reduce the volatility in stockholders' equity caused by changes in the Euro exchange rate with respect to the United States dollar. Foreign exchange gains or losses on the remeasurement of the debt designated as part of a hedge of net investments is recognized in the cumulative translation adjustment component of AOCI with the related offset in long-term debt. Those amounts would be reclassified from AOCI to earnings upon the sale or substantial liquidation of the net investments. The change in fair value of the cross-currency swaps are also recognized in the cumulative translation adjustment component of AOCI and would be reclassified from AOCI to earnings upon the sale or substantial liquidation of the net investments. The interest rate component of the cross-currency swaps is excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and, thus, is recognized as a reduction to interest expense over the life of the cross-currency swaps.

### ***Business Combinations and Goodwill***

The Company uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations, and accordingly, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree are recorded at their estimated fair values on the date of the acquisition. The Company uses significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining the estimated fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interests including expected future cash flows, and discount rates that reflect the risk associated with the expected future cash flows and estimated useful lives.

The Company records and allocates to its reporting units the excess of the cost over the fair value of the net assets acquired, known as goodwill. On an annual basis, and if a triggering event occurs, the Company performs a qualitative analysis to determine whether it is more likely than not that the estimated fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. This includes a qualitative analysis of macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, financial performance, fair value history and other company specific events. If this qualitative analysis indicates that it is more likely than not that the estimated fair value is less than the carrying value for the respective reporting unit, the Company would then need to calculate the fair value of the reporting unit. The Company may also choose to bypass the qualitative assessment for any or all reporting units and proceed directly to a quantitative assessment, which involves estimating the fair value of the Company's reporting units and comparing to the carrying value of the reporting units. If the reporting unit calculated fair value is less than the carrying amount, the Company would record an impairment charge for the difference, with the impairment charge not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill.

The Company reviews the carrying values of other identifiable definite-lived intangible assets if the facts and circumstances indicate a possible impairment.

### ***Long-Lived Assets***

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the asset's estimated useful life or the lease term, if related to leased property, as follows:

Buildings and leasehold improvements	3 - 40 years
Equipment	3 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Transportation equipment	3 - 20 years

Definite-lived other identifiable intangible assets are amortized primarily using an accelerated method that reflects the pattern in which the Company expects to benefit from the use of the asset over its estimated remaining useful life as follows:

Client relationships and backlog	1 - 25 years
Software and related assets	1 - 10 years
Trademarks, trade names and other	1 - 17 years
Databases	1 - 9 years
Non-compete agreements	2 - 5 years

Included in software and related assets is the capitalized cost of internal-use software used in supporting the Company's business. Qualifying costs incurred during the application development stage are capitalized and amortized over their estimated useful lives. Costs are capitalized from completion of the preliminary project stage and when it is considered probable that the software will be used to perform its intended function, up until the time the software is placed into service. The Company recognized \$504 million, \$472 million and \$475 million of amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively, related to software and related assets.

The carrying values of property, equipment and intangible and other long-lived assets are reviewed for recoverability at the asset grouping level to determine if the facts and circumstances suggest that a potential impairment may have occurred. If this review indicates that carrying values will not be recoverable, as determined based on undiscounted cash flow projections, the Company will record an impairment charge to reduce carrying values to estimated fair value. There were no significant impairments recognized in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

The Company's arrangements are primarily service contracts that range in duration from a few months to several years. The Company recognizes revenues when control of these services is transferred to the customer for an amount, referred to as the transaction price, that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company determines revenue recognition utilizing the following five steps: (1) identification of the contract with a customer, (2) identification of the performance obligations in the contract (promised goods or services that are distinct), (3) determination of the transaction price, (4) allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations, and (5) recognition of revenues when, or as, the Company transfers control of the product or service for each performance obligation. Cash payments made to customers as incentives to induce customers to enter into service agreements with the Company are amortized as a reduction of revenues over the period the services are performed. The Company records revenues net of any tax assessments by governmental authorities, such as value added and sales taxes, that are imposed on and concurrent with specific revenues generating transactions.

The Company derives the majority of its revenues in the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment from various information and technology service offerings. Information offerings (primarily under fixed-price contracts) typically include multiple performance obligations including an ongoing subscription-based deliverable for which revenues are recognized ratably as earned over the contract period, and/or a one-time deliverable of data offerings for which revenues are recognized upon delivery. The customer is able to benefit from the provision of data as it is received. The Company's subscription arrangements typically have terms ranging from one to three years and are generally non-cancelable and do not contain refund-type provisions. Technology services offerings may contain multiple performance obligations consisting of a mix of small and large-scale services and consulting projects, multi-year outsourcing contracts and Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") arrangements. These arrangements typically have terms ranging from several weeks to three years, with a majority having terms of one year or less. For arrangements that include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to the identified performance obligations based on their relative standalone selling prices. For these contracts, the standalone selling prices are based on the Company's normal pricing practices when sold separately with consideration of market conditions and other factors, including customer demographics and geographic location. Revenues for services engagements where the transfer of control occurs ratably over time are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the arrangement. Revenues from time and material contracts are recognized based on hours as the services are provided. Revenues from fixed price ad hoc services and consulting contracts are recognized over the contract term based on the ratio of the number of hours incurred for services provided during the period compared to the total estimated hours to be incurred over the entire arrangement (hours-based). Technology services offerings meet the over time criterion, as another party would not need to substantially re-perform the work already completed to satisfy the remaining obligations if the services were migrated.

The majority of the Company's contracts within the Research & Development Solutions segment are service contracts for clinical research that represent a single performance obligation. The Company provides a significant integration service resulting in a combined output, which is clinical trial data that meets the relevant regulatory standards and can be used by the customer to progress to the next phase of a clinical trial or solicit approval of a treatment by the applicable regulatory body. The performance obligation is satisfied over time as the output is captured in data and documentation that is available for the customer to consume over the course of the arrangement and furthers progress of the clinical trial. The Company recognizes revenues over time using a cost-based input method since there is no single output measure that would fairly depict the transfer of control over the life of the performance obligation. Progress on the performance obligation is measured by the proportion of actual costs incurred to the total costs expected to complete the contract. Costs included in the measure of progress include direct labor and third-party costs (such as payments to investigators and other reimbursed expenses for the Company's clinical monitors). This cost-based method of revenue recognition requires the Company to make estimates of costs to complete its projects on an ongoing basis. Significant judgment is required to evaluate assumptions related to these estimates. The effect of revisions to estimates related to the transaction price or costs to complete a project are recorded in the period in which the estimate is revised. Most contracts may be terminated upon 30 to 90 days' notice by the customer; however, in the event of termination, most contracts require payment for services rendered through the date of termination, as well as for subsequent services rendered to close out the contract.

The majority of revenues in the Company's Contract Sales & Medical Solutions segment is from contract sales force to the biopharmaceutical industry and broader healthcare market and recognized over time using a single measure of progress dependent on the performance obligation. Some of the Company's Contract Sales & Medical Solutions contracts contain multiple performance obligations with distinct promises including recruiting, sales force automation and deployment of sales representatives. The Company utilizes a single measure of progress for each performance obligation to recognize revenues, which includes deployment of sales representatives based on employee days worked; recruiting based on candidates recruited; sales force automation set-up based on hours worked; and sales force automation hosting and maintenance based on usage. These services meet the over time criterion as the customer consumes the benefit as activities are performed and another party would not need to substantially re-perform the work already completed to satisfy the remaining obligations if the services were migrated to another party.

#### ***Variable Consideration***

In some cases, contracts provide for variable consideration that is contingent upon the occurrence of uncertain future events, such as performance incentives (including royalty payments, bonuses, or penalty clauses that can either increase or decrease the transaction price). Variable consideration is estimated at the expected value or at the most likely amount depending on the type of consideration. Estimated amounts are included in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenues recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. The estimate of variable consideration and determination of whether to include estimated amounts in the transaction price are based largely on an assessment of the Company's anticipated performance and all information (historical, current and forecasted) that is reasonably available to the Company and reevaluated each reporting period.

### ***Reimbursed Expenses***

The Company includes reimbursed expenses in revenues and cost of revenues as the Company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified service, including the integration of the related services into a combined output to the customer, which are inseparable from the integrated service. These costs include such items as payments to investigators and travel expenses for the Company's clinical monitors and sales representatives, over which the Company has discretion in establishing prices. The Company controls the good or service and has inventory risk on contractually reimbursable expenses, as sometimes the Company is unable to obtain reimbursement from the customer for costs incurred.

### ***Change Orders***

Changes in the scope of work are common, especially under long-term contracts, and generally result in a change in transaction price. Change orders are evaluated on a contract-by-contract basis to determine if they should be accounted for as a new contract or as part of the existing contract. Generally, services from change orders are not distinct from the original performance obligation. As a result, the effect that the contract modification has on the contract revenues, and measure of progress, is recognized as an adjustment to revenues when it occurs.

### ***Cost of Revenues***

Cost of revenues include (i) compensation and benefits for billable employees and personnel involved in production, data management and delivery, and the costs of acquiring and processing data for the Company's information offerings; (ii) costs of staff directly involved with delivering technology-related services offerings and engagements, and the costs of data purchased specifically for technology services engagements; (iii) reimbursed expenses that are comprised principally of payments to investigators who oversee clinical trials and travel expenses for the Company's clinical monitors and sales representatives; and (iv) other expenses directly related to service contracts such as courier fees, laboratory supplies, professional services and travel expenses.

### ***Trade Receivables, Unbilled Services and Unearned Income***

In general, billings and payments are established by contractual provisions including predetermined payment schedules, which may or may not correspond to the timing of the transfer of control of the Company's services under the contract. In general, the Company's intention in its invoicing (payment terms) is to maintain cash neutrality over the life of the contract. Generally, the payment terms are 30 to 90 days based on contracts. Upfront payments, when they occur, are intended to cover certain expenses the Company incurs at the beginning of the contract. Neither the Company nor its customers view such upfront payments and contracted payment schedules as a means of financing. Unbilled services primarily arise from long-term contracts when a cost-based or hours-based input method of revenue recognition is utilized and revenues recognized exceeds the amount billed to the customer.

Unearned income consists of advance payments and billings in excess of revenues recognized. As the contracted services are subsequently performed and the associated revenues are recognized, the unearned income balance is reduced by the amount of the revenue recognized during the period. Unearned income is classified as a current liability on our consolidated balance sheets as the Company expects to recognize the associated revenues in less than one year.

### ***Restructuring Costs***

Restructuring costs, which primarily include termination benefits, are recorded at estimated value. Key assumptions in determining the restructuring costs include the terms and payments that may be negotiated to terminate certain contractual obligations and the timing of employees leaving the Company.

### ***Debt Fees***

Fees incurred to issue debt are generally deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the estimated term of the related debt using the effective interest rate method.

### ***Contingencies***

The Company records accruals for claims, suits, investigations and proceedings when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company reviews claims, suits, investigations and proceedings at least quarterly and records or adjusts accruals related to such matters to reflect the impact and status of any settlements, rulings, advice of counsel or other information pertinent to a particular matter. Legal costs associated with contingencies are charged to expense as incurred.

The Company is party to legal proceedings incidental to its business. While the outcome of these matters could differ from management's expectations, the Company does not believe the resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect to the Company's financial statements. See Note 12 for additional information.

### ***Income Taxes***

The provision for income taxes includes federal, state, local and foreign taxes. Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The Company records U.S. deferred taxes based on the Federal corporate income tax rate of 21%. The Company accounts for tax related to Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income ("GILTI") and Qualified Domestic Minimum Top-up Taxes ("QDMTT") in relation to the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two global corporate minimum tax rate of 15%, as period costs when and if incurred. Recognition of deferred income tax assets is based on management's belief that it is more likely than not that the income tax benefit associated with certain temporary differences, income tax operating loss, capital loss carryforwards, and income tax credits, will be realized. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce its deferred income tax assets for those deferred income tax items for which it was more likely than not that realization would not occur. The Company determines the amount of the valuation allowance based, in part, on the Company's assessment of future taxable income and in light of the Company's ongoing income tax strategies. If the estimate of future taxable income or tax strategies changes at any time in the future, the Company would record an adjustment to its valuation allowance. Recording such an adjustment could have a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

Income tax expense is based on the distribution of profit before income tax among the various taxing jurisdictions in which the Company operates, adjusted as required by the income tax laws of each taxing jurisdiction. Changes in the distribution of profits and losses among taxing jurisdictions may have a significant impact on the Company's effective income tax rate. The Company does not consider the undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested outside of the United States.

### ***Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits***

The Company provides retirement benefits to certain employees, including defined benefit pension plans. The determination of benefit obligations and expense is based on actuarial models. In order to measure benefit costs and obligations using these models, assumptions are made with regard to the discount rate, expected return on plan assets, cash balance crediting rate, lump sum conversion rate and the assumed rate of compensation increases.

### ***Stock-based Compensation***

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation for stock options and stock appreciation rights under the fair value method and uses the Black-Scholes-Merton model to estimate the value of such stock-based awards granted to its employees and non-executive directors. Expected volatility is based on an analysis that incorporates the historical volatility of the Company's stock since the Merger in October 2016 and reported data for selected reasonably similar publicly traded companies for which the historical information is available. The Company does not currently anticipate paying dividends. The expected term represents the period of time the grants are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free interest rate is based on the United States Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.

The Company values its stock-based compensation for restricted stock awards and restricted stock units based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation for performance awards related to compound annual earnings per share ("EPS") growth based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, and for performance awards related to relative total shareholder return ("TSR") based on a Monte Carlo simulation model.

### ***Leases***

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception and reassesses if there are changes in terms and conditions of the contract. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, other current liabilities, and operating lease liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Finance leases are included in deposits and other assets, net, other current liabilities, and other liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Lease assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. Lease assets also include any lease payments made before lease commencement and initial direct costs and excludes lease incentives. In determining the lease term at lease commencement, the Company includes the noncancellable term and the periods, which the Company deems it is reasonably certain to exercise or not to exercise a renewal or cancellation option. Operating lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Finance lease expense is recognized as a combination of depreciation expense for the leased asset and interest expense for the outstanding lease liabilities using the discount rate discussed above.

The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components that the Company has elected to account for as single lease components.

### ***Earnings Per Share***

The calculation of earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares or common stock equivalents outstanding during the applicable period. The dilutive effect of common stock equivalents is excluded from basic earnings per share and is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock units, restricted stock, performance awards and other stock-based awards. Diluted shares outstanding are calculated based on the average share price for each fiscal period using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the amount the employee must pay for exercising stock options, and the amount of compensation cost for future service that the Company has not yet recognized are assumed to be used to repurchase shares.

### ***Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates***

The Company's investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for under the equity method if the Company exercises significant influence or has an investment in a limited partnership that is considered to be greater than minor. These investments are classified as investments in unconsolidated affiliates on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company records its pro rata share of the earnings, adjusted for accretion of basis difference, of these investments in equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates on the accompanying consolidated statements of income. The Company reviews its investments in unconsolidated affiliates for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

### ***Treasury Stock***

The Company records treasury stock purchases under the cost method. Upon reissuance of treasury stock, amounts in excess of the acquisition cost are credited to additional paid-in capital. If the Company reissues treasury stock at an amount below its acquisition cost and additional paid-in capital associated with prior treasury stock transactions is insufficient to cover the difference between the acquisition cost and the reissue price, this shortfall is recorded in retained earnings.

## ***Recently Issued Accounting Standards***

### *Accounting pronouncements recently adopted*

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures. The amendments in this ASU require additional disclosures about income taxes, primarily focused on the disclosure of income taxes paid and the rate reconciliation table. The Company adopted this new accounting guidance on January 1, 2025. See Note 16 for the Company's income tax disclosures which have been expanded to comply with the new guidance.

### *Accounting pronouncements issued but not adopted as of December 31, 2025*

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses (DISE)*, to improve the disclosures about an entity's expenses and address requests from investors for more detailed information about the types of expenses in commonly presented expense captions. The new guidance requires additional information about specific expense categories in the notes to financial statements at interim and annual reporting periods, and will be effective for the Company in the annual period beginning January 1, 2027, and interim periods beginning January 1, 2028. The Company is assessing the impacts of this ASU on its disclosures within the consolidated financial statements.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, *Intangibles-Goodwill and Other-Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software*, to modernize the accounting for internal-use software costs. The new guidance amends the existing standard that refers to various stages of a software development project to align better with current software development methods. Under the new guidance, entities will start capitalizing eligible costs when management has authorized and committed to funding the software project, and it is probable that the project will be completed and the software will be used to perform the function intended. In evaluating whether it is probable the project will be completed, an entity is required to consider whether there is significant uncertainty associated with the development activities of the software. The new guidance will be effective for the Company for interim and annual periods beginning January 1, 2028. The Company is assessing the impacts of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-10, *Accounting for Government Grants Received by Business Entities*, to establish guidance on the recognition, measurement, and presentation of government grants received by business entities. The overall principle of the new standard is that a government grant is recognized in earnings in the same periods that the costs for which the grant was intended to compensate are recognized. However, a government grant cannot be recognized until it is probable that the company will comply with the conditions attached to the grant and the grant will be received. The new guidance requires that a grant related to an asset be recognized on the balance sheet as a business entity incurs the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate, either as deferred income (the deferred income approach), or an adjustment to the cost basis in determining the carrying amount of the asset (the cost accumulation approach). The new guidance will be effective for the Company for interim and annual periods beginning January 1, 2029. The Company is assessing the impacts of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

## 2. Revenues by Geography, Concentration of Credit Risk and Remaining Performance Obligations

The Company attributes revenues to geographical region based upon where the services are performed. The following tables represent revenues by geographical region and reportable segment for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025			
	Technology & Analytics Solutions	Research & Development Solutions	Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	Total
Revenues:				
Americas	\$ 3,363	\$ 4,105	\$ 277	\$ 7,745
Europe and Africa	2,646	2,273	266	5,185
Asia-Pacific	617	2,518	245	3,380
Total revenues	\$ 6,626	\$ 8,896	\$ 788	\$ 16,310

(in millions)	December 31, 2024			
	Technology & Analytics Solutions	Research & Development Solutions	Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	Total
Revenues:				
Americas	\$ 3,182	\$ 3,894	\$ 280	\$ 7,356
Europe and Africa	2,397	2,304	219	4,920
Asia-Pacific	581	2,329	219	3,129
Total revenues	\$ 6,160	\$ 8,527	\$ 718	\$ 15,405

(in millions)	December 31, 2023			
	Technology & Analytics Solutions	Research & Development Solutions	Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	Total
Revenues:				
Americas	\$ 3,091	\$ 4,157	\$ 304	\$ 7,552
Europe and Africa	2,156	2,103	200	4,459
Asia-Pacific	615	2,135	223	2,973
Total revenues	\$ 5,862	\$ 8,395	\$ 727	\$ 14,984

When attributing revenues to individual countries based upon where the services are performed, no individual country, except for the United States, accounted for 10% or more of total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, revenues in the United States accounted for approximately 42%, 42%, and 45% of total revenues, respectively, using this revenue attribution approach.

No individual customer represented 10% or more of total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

### ***Transaction Price Allocated to the Remaining Performance Obligations***

As of December 31, 2025, approximately \$34.2 billion of revenues are expected to be recognized in the future from remaining performance obligations. The Company expects to recognize revenues on approximately 30% of these remaining performance obligations over the next twelve months, on approximately 85% over the next five years, with the balance recognized thereafter. Most of the Company's remaining performance obligations where revenues are expected to be recognized beyond the next twelve months are for service contracts for clinical research in the Company's Research & Development Solutions segment. The customer contract transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations differs from backlog in that it does not include wholly unperformed contracts under which the customer has a unilateral right to cancel the arrangement.

### 3. Trade Accounts Receivable, Unbilled Services and Unearned Income

Trade accounts receivables and unbilled services consist of the following:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,390
Unbilled services	1,783	1,856
Trade accounts receivable and unbilled services	3,451	3,246
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(51)	(42)
Trade accounts receivable and unbilled services, net	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,204

Unbilled services and unearned income were as follows:

(in millions)	December 31,		
	2025	2024	Change
Unbilled services	\$ 1,783	\$ 1,856	\$ (73)
Unearned income	(2,118)	(1,779)	(339)
Net balance	\$ (335)	\$ 77	\$ (412)

Unbilled services, which is comprised of approximately 71% and 69% of unbilled receivables and 29% and 31% of contract assets as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, decreased by \$73 million as compared to December 31, 2024. Contract assets are unbilled services for which invoicing is based on the timing of certain milestones related to service contracts for clinical research whereas unbilled receivables are billable upon the passage of time. Unearned income increased by \$339 million over the same period resulting in a decrease of \$412 million in the net balance of unbilled services and unearned income between December 31, 2025 and 2024. The change in the net balance is driven by the difference in timing of revenue recognition in accordance with ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, primarily related to the Company's Research & Development Solutions contracts (which is based on the percentage of costs incurred) versus the timing of invoicing, which is primarily based on certain milestones.

The majority of the unearned income balance as of the beginning of the year was recognized in revenues during the year ended December 31, 2025.

Bad debt expense recognized on the Company's receivables and unbilled services was immaterial for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

#### *Accounts Receivable Factoring Arrangements*

The Company has accounts receivable factoring agreements to sell certain eligible unsecured trade accounts receivable, either based on automatic arrangements or at its option, without recourse, to unrelated third-party financial institutions for cash. For the year ended December 31, 2025, through its accounts receivable factoring arrangements that the Company utilizes most frequently, the Company factored approximately \$704 million of customer invoices on a non-recourse basis and received approximately \$698 million in cash proceeds from the sales. For the year ended December 31, 2024, through these same accounts receivable factoring arrangements, the Company factored approximately \$678 million of customer invoices on a non-recourse basis and received approximately \$666 million in cash proceeds from the sales. The fees associated with these transactions were immaterial. The Company has other accounts receivable arrangements for which the activity associated with them is immaterial.

## 4. Investments

### *Debt, Equity and Other Securities*

#### *Current*

The Company's short-term investments in debt, equity and other securities consist primarily of trading investments in mutual funds and are measured at fair value with realized and unrealized gains and losses recorded in other income, net on the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

#### *Long-term*

The Company's long-term debt and equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method, those that result in consolidation of the investee and certain other investments) are measured at fair value and any changes in fair value are recognized in net income at the end of each reporting period. For debt and equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values and do not qualify for the existing practical expedient in ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, to estimate fair value using the net asset value per share of the investment, the Company applies the measurement alternative and measures those investments at cost, less any impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer at each reporting period.

### *Unconsolidated Affiliates*

The Company accounts for its investments in unconsolidated affiliates under the equity method of accounting and records its pro rata share of its losses or earnings from these investments in equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates. The following is a summary of the Company's investments in unconsolidated affiliates:

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
NovaQuest Pharma Opportunities Fund V, L.P. ("NQ Fund V")	\$ 33	\$ 36
NovaQuest Private Equity Fund I, L.P. ("NQ PE Fund I")	10	11
RxWare (formerly "Helparound")	7	2
NovaQuest Pharma Opportunities Fund IV, L.P. ("NQ Fund IV")	4	4
Longwood Fund V, L.P. ("Longwood")	4	6
NostraData Pty Ltd.	—	17
Other	266	190
	<u>\$ 324</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>

### *Variable Interest Entities*

As of December 31, 2025, the Company's investments in unconsolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs") and its estimated maximum exposure to loss were as follows:

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Investments in Unconsolidated VIEs</b>	<b>Maximum Exposure to Loss</b>
NQ Fund V	\$ 33	\$ 40
NQ PE Fund I	10	11
Longwood	4	5
NQ Fund IV	4	4
Other	251	635
	<u>\$ 302</u>	<u>\$ 695</u>

The difference between the carrying amount of the investments in unconsolidated VIEs and the maximum exposure to loss is primarily attributable to capital commitments that the Company anticipates will be called in the future.

The Company is not the primary beneficiary of its VIEs and therefore does not consolidate the VIEs. The Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly affect the VIEs' economic performance. Additionally, the Company considers whether there are any rights to receive benefits or obligations to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

## 5. Derivatives

### *Interest Rate Risk Management*

The Company has entered into interest rate swaps for purposes of managing its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The Company does not enter into interest rate swaps for investment or speculative purposes.

On January 3, 2023, the Company entered into interest rate swaps with a combined notional value of \$1,000 million in an effort to limit its exposure to changes in the variable interest rate on its Senior Secured Credit Facilities (see Note 10 for additional information). Interest on the swaps began accruing on December 30, 2022 and the swaps expired on December 31, 2025. The Company paid a fixed rate of 4.10% and received a variable rate of interest equal to one-month Term SOFR on the swaps.

On November 17, 2023, the Company entered into interest rate swaps with a combined notional value of \$1,500 million in an effort to limit its exposure to changes in the variable interest rate on its Senior Secured Credit Facilities (see Note 10 for additional information). Interest on the swaps began accruing on November 28, 2023 and the swaps expire on January 2, 2031. The Company pays a fixed rate of 6.11% and receives a variable rate of interest equal to three-month Term SOFR plus 2.00% on the swaps.

The critical terms of the interest rate swaps noted above are substantially the same as the underlying borrowings. These interest rate swaps are accounted for as cash flow hedges as these transactions were executed to hedge the Company's interest payments and for accounting purposes are considered highly effective. As such, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps are recorded as unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives included in AOCI.

The fair value of these interest rate swaps represents the present value of the anticipated net payments the Company will make to the counterparties, which, when they occur, are reflected as interest expense on the consolidated statements of income. These interest rate swaps result in a total debt mix of approximately 73% fixed rate debt and 27% variable rate debt.

### *Foreign Exchange Risk Management*

The Company transacts business in more than 100 countries and is subject to risks associated with fluctuating foreign exchange rates. Accordingly, the Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts to hedge certain forecasted foreign exchange cash flows arising from service contracts ("Service Contract Hedging"). It is the Company's policy to enter into foreign currency forward contracts only to the extent necessary to reduce earnings and cash flow volatility associated with foreign exchange rate movements. The Company does not enter into foreign currency forward contracts for investment or speculative purposes. The principal currency hedged in 2025 was the British Pound.

Service Contract Hedging contracts are designated as cash flow hedges and are carried at fair value, with changes in the fair value recorded to AOCI. The change in fair value is reclassified from AOCI to earnings in the period in which the hedged transaction occurs. These contracts have various expiration dates through September 2026.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had open Service Contract Hedging contracts to hedge certain forecasted foreign currency cash flow transactions occurring in 2026 and 2025 with notional amounts totaling \$127 million and \$108 million, respectively. For accounting purposes these hedges are considered highly effective. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had recorded gross unrealized gains (losses) of \$— million and \$— million, and \$— million and \$(2) million, respectively, related to these contracts. Upon expiration of the hedge instruments in 2025, the Company reclassified the unrealized holding gains and losses on the derivative instruments included in AOCI into earnings. The unrealized losses are included in other current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024.

### ***Net Investment Risk Management, Euro Denominated Notes***

As of December 31, 2025, the portion of the Company's foreign currency denominated debt balance that was designated as a hedge of its net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries totaled approximately €2,955 million (\$3,469 million). The amount of foreign exchange (losses) gains related to this net investment hedge included in the cumulative translation adjustment component of AOCI was \$(394) million, \$186 million, and \$(102) million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### ***Net Investment Risk Management, Cross-Currency Swaps***

On November 15, 2023, in connection with the issuance of the 2029 Senior Secured Notes (see Note 10 for additional information), the Company entered into cross-currency swaps with a combined notional value of \$1,250 million to effectively convert \$1,250 million of the 2029 Senior Secured Notes into euro-denominated borrowings at prevailing euro interest rates through February 2029. The Company designated these agreements as a hedge of its net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries. These cross-currency swaps expire in February 2029. The Company will receive semiannual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 from the counterparties based on a fixed interest rate until maturity of these agreements. The effective net borrowing rate to the Company is approximately 4.8555%, inclusive of the yield on the notes and the impact of the cross-currency swaps.

On November 17, 2023, in connection with the allocation of the Term B-4 Dollar Loans (see Note 10 for additional information), the Company entered into cross-currency swaps with a combined notional value of \$1,500 million to effectively convert \$1,500 million of the Term B-4 Dollar Loans into euro-denominated borrowings at prevailing euro interest rates through January 2031. These cross-currency swaps expire in January 2031. The Company will receive quarterly interest payments from the counterparties based on a fixed interest rate until maturity of these agreements. The effective net borrowing rate to the Company is approximately 4.9015%, inclusive of the yield on the loans, the impact of the cross-currency swaps and of the interest rate swaps entered on November 17, 2023 as noted above.

On February 3, 2025, the Company terminated its existing cross-currency swap agreements and entered into new cross-currency swap agreements for the same purpose and with substantially similar terms as the previous swaps. The new \$1,250 million swaps expire in February 2029 at the time of the senior secured notes to which they are related, and the Company will receive semiannual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 from the counterparties based on a fixed interest rate until maturity of these agreements. The effective net borrowing rate to the Company is approximately 4.1071%, inclusive of the yield on the notes and the beneficial impact of the cross-currency swaps. The new \$1,485 million swaps expire in January 2031 at the time of the term loans to which they are related, and the Company will receive quarterly interest payments from the counterparties based on a fixed interest rate until maturity of these agreements. The notional amount of the \$1,485 million swaps will decrease over time in connection with the related term loans. The effective net borrowing rate to the Company is approximately 4.0610%, inclusive of the yield on the notes, the beneficial impact of the cross-currency swaps and of the interest rate swaps entered on November 17, 2023 as noted above. The Company designated these new cross-currency swap agreements as a hedge of its net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries.

The Company does not enter into cross-currency swaps for investment or speculative purposes. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded (losses) gains of \$(361) million, \$147 million, and \$(108) million, respectively, within AOCI as a result of these cross-currency swaps. The Company recognized \$44 million, \$36 million, and \$3 million related to the excluded component as a reduction of interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments, on a gross basis, and the line items on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets to which they were recorded are summarized in the following table:

(in millions)	Balance Sheet Classification	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
		Assets	Liabilities	Notional	Assets	Liabilities	Notional
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:							
Interest rate swaps	Other current liabilities	\$ —	\$ 45	\$ 1,470	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ 2,485
Cross-currency swaps	Other assets and other current liabilities	—	322	2,720	39	—	2,735
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current liabilities	—	—	127	—	2	108
Total derivatives		<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 367</u>		<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	

The pre-tax effect of the Company's cash flow hedging instruments on other comprehensive income is summarized in the following table:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Interest rate swaps	\$ (40)	\$ 33	\$ (80)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	2	(4)	2
Total	<u>\$ (38)</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ (78)</u>

The Company expects \$7 million of pre-tax unrealized losses related to its foreign exchange contracts and interest rate derivatives included in AOCI as of December 31, 2025 to be reclassified into earnings within the next twelve months. The total amount, net of income taxes, of the cash flow hedge effect on the accompanying consolidated statements of income was \$8 million, \$31 million, and \$51 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## 6. Fair Value Measurements

The Company records certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value is described below. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1—Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2—Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

The carrying values of cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximated their fair values as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 due to their short-term nature. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of total debt was \$15,935 million and \$13,966 million, respectively, as determined under Level 2 measurements for these financial instruments.

### Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
Marketable securities	\$ 203	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 203
Derivatives	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 203	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 203
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Derivatives	\$ —	\$ 367	\$ —	\$ 367
Contingent consideration	—	—	105	105
Total	\$ —	\$ 367	\$ 105	\$ 472

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2024:

(in millions)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
Marketable securities	\$ 170	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 170
Derivatives	—	39	—	39
Total	\$ 170	\$ 39	\$ —	\$ 209
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Derivatives	\$ —	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 7
Contingent consideration	—	—	102	102
Total	\$ —	\$ 7	\$ 102	\$ 109

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used in determining fair value:

*Marketable securities*—The Company values trading and available-for-sale securities using the quoted market value of the securities held.

*Derivatives*—Derivatives consist of foreign exchange contracts, interest rate swaps, and cross-currency swaps. The fair value of foreign exchange contracts is based on observable market inputs of spot and forward rates or using other observable inputs. The fair value of the interest rate swaps is the estimated amount that the Company would receive or pay to terminate such agreements, taking into account market interest rates and the remaining time to maturities or using market inputs with mid-market pricing as a practical expedient for bid-ask spread. The fair value of the cross-currency swaps is the estimated amount that the Company would receive or pay to terminate such agreements, taking into account the effective interest rates, foreign exchange rates and the remaining time to maturities.

*Contingent consideration*—The Company values contingent consideration related to business combinations using a weighted probability calculation of potential payment scenarios discounted at rates reflective of the risks associated with the expected future cash flows. Assumptions used to estimate the fair value of contingent consideration include various financial metrics (revenues performance targets and operating forecasts) and the probability of achieving the specific targets. Based on the assessments of the probability of achieving specific targets, as of December 31, 2025 the Company has accrued approximately 67% of the maximum contingent consideration payments that could potentially become payable.

The following table summarizes the changes in Level 3 financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis for the year ended December 31:

(in millions)	Contingent Consideration		
	2025	2024	2023
Balance as of January 1	\$ 102	\$ 106	\$ 173
Business combinations	59	77	64
Contingent consideration paid	(22)	(10)	(73)
Revaluations included in earnings and foreign currency translation adjustments	(34)	(71)	(58)
Balance as of December 31	\$ 105	\$ 102	\$ 106

The current portion of contingent consideration is included within accrued expenses and the long-term portion is included within other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Revaluations of contingent consideration are recognized in other income, net on the accompanying consolidated statements of income. A change in significant unobservable inputs could result in a higher or lower fair value measurement of contingent consideration.

### *Non-recurring Fair Value Measurements*

Certain assets are carried on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at cost and are not remeasured to fair value on a recurring basis. As of December 31, 2025, assets carried on the balance sheet and not remeasured to fair value on a recurring basis totaled \$21,968 million and were identified as Level 3. These assets are comprised of debt investments and cost and equity method investments of \$390 million, goodwill of \$16,616 million and other identifiable intangibles, net of \$4,962 million.

*Cost and Equity Method Investments and Debt Investments*—The inputs available for valuing investments in non-public portfolio companies are generally not easily observable. The valuation of non-public investments requires judgment by the Company due to the absence of quoted market values, inherent lack of liquidity and the long-term nature of such assets. When a triggering event occurs, the Company considers a wide range of available market data when assessing the estimated fair value. Such market data includes observations of the trading multiples of public companies considered comparable to the private companies being valued as well as publicly disclosed merger transactions involving comparable private companies. In addition, valuations are adjusted to account for company-specific issues, the lack of liquidity inherent in a non-public investment, and the fact that comparable public companies are not identical to the companies being valued. Such valuation adjustments are necessary because in the absence of a committed buyer and completion of due diligence similar to that performed in an actual negotiated sale process, there may be company-specific issues that are not fully known that may affect value. Further, a variety of additional factors are reviewed by the Company, including, but not limited to, financing and sales transactions with third parties, current operating performance and future expectations of the particular investment, changes in market outlook, and the third-party financing environment. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuations, estimated valuations may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed, and the differences could be material.

*Goodwill*—Goodwill represents the difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the identifiable tangible and intangible net assets resulting from business combinations. The recoverability of goodwill is evaluated annually for impairment, or if and when events or circumstances indicate a possible impairment. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company elected to perform a qualitative impairment assessment. This includes a qualitative analysis of macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, financial performance, fair value history and other company specific events. If this qualitative analysis indicates that it is more likely than not that the estimated fair value is less than the carrying value for the respective reporting unit, the Company would then need to calculate the fair value of the reporting unit. If the reporting unit calculated fair value is less than the carrying amount, the Company would record an impairment charge for the difference, with the impairment charge not to exceed the carrying amount of Goodwill. See Note 8 for additional information.

*Other Identifiable Intangibles, Net*—If a triggering event occurs, the Company determines the estimated fair value of definite-lived intangible assets by determining the present value of the expected cash flows. See Note 8 for additional information.

## 7. Property and Equipment

The major classes of property and equipment were as follows:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Land, buildings and leasehold improvements	\$ 385	\$ 367
Equipment	903	840
Transportation equipment	88	85
Furniture and fixtures	62	62
Property and equipment, gross	1,438	1,354
Less accumulated depreciation	(905)	(819)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 533	\$ 535

Property and equipment depreciation expense was as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Depreciation expense	\$ 160	\$ 149	\$ 151

## 8. Goodwill and Other Identifiable Intangible Assets

As of December 31, 2025, the Company has \$4,962 million of other identifiable intangible assets. Amortization expense associated with other identifiable definite-lived intangible assets was as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Amortization expense	\$ 984	\$ 965	\$ 974

Estimated amortization expense for existing other identifiable intangible assets is expected to be approximately \$976 million, \$850 million, \$706 million, \$562 million and \$411 million for the years ending December 31, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029 and 2030, respectively. Estimated amortization expense can be affected by various factors such as future acquisitions, divestitures, abandonments or impairments.

The following is a summary of other identifiable intangible assets:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount
Definite-lived identifiable intangible assets:						
Client relationships and backlog	\$ 6,653	\$ (3,566)	\$ 3,087	\$ 5,690	\$ (2,966)	\$ 2,724
Software and related assets	4,466	(2,782)	1,684	3,914	(2,358)	1,556
Trademarks, trade names and other	570	(406)	164	539	(350)	189
Databases	1,892	(1,873)	19	1,773	(1,751)	22
Non-compete agreements	11	(3)	8	14	(6)	8
	\$ 13,592	\$ (8,630)	\$ 4,962	\$ 11,930	\$ (7,431)	\$ 4,499

The following is a summary of goodwill by reportable segment for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in millions)	Technology & Analytics Solutions	Research & Development Solutions	Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	Consolidated
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 11,976	\$ 2,439	\$ 152	\$ 14,567
Business combinations	346	186	—	532
Impact of foreign currency fluctuations and other	(365)	(17)	(7)	(389)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	11,957	2,608	145	14,710
Business combinations	865	394	20	1,279
Impact of foreign currency fluctuations and other	602	23	2	627
Balance as of December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 13,424</u>	<u>\$ 3,025</u>	<u>\$ 167</u>	<u>\$ 16,616</u>

There were no goodwill impairment losses for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

Effective January 1, 2026, the Company's reportable segments consist of Commercial Solutions and Research & Development Solutions. See Note 20 for further details. This change in management reporting necessitates the reallocation of goodwill between the two reportable segments and the performance of a goodwill impairment test, which the Company will perform in 2026.

## 9. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Client contract related	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,458
Compensation, including bonuses, fringe benefits and payroll taxes	901	905
Professional fees	96	75
Contingent consideration and deferred purchase price	41	49
Interest	85	81
Restructuring	31	21
Other	424	359
	<u>\$ 2,971</u>	<u>\$ 2,948</u>

## 10. Credit Arrangements

The following is a summary of the Company's revolving credit facilities as of December 31, 2025:

Facility	Interest Rates
\$2,000 million (revolving credit facility)	U.S. Dollar Term SOFR plus a margin of 1.25% as of December 31, 2025
\$110 million (receivables financing facility)	U.S. Dollar Term SOFR plus a margin of 1.00% plus a 10 basis credit spread adjustment as of December 31, 2025

The following table summarizes the Company's debt at the dates indicated:

(dollars in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Revolving Credit Facility due 2030:		
U.S. Dollar denominated borrowings—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at average floating rates of 4.97%	\$ 800	\$ 825
Senior Secured Credit Facilities:		
Term A Loan due 2026—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of —%	—	1,197
Term A Loan due 2026—Euribor at floating rates of —%	—	272
Term A Loan due 2030—Euribor at floating rates of 3.33%	290	—
Term A Loan due 2027—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of —%	—	1,094
Term A Loan due 2030—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of 4.99%	2,162	—
Term B Loan due 2025—Euribor at floating rates of —%	—	542
Term B Loan due 2031—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of —%	—	1,485
Term B Loan due 2031—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of 5.42%	1,965	—
5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028—U.S. Dollar denominated	750	750
6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029—U.S. Dollar denominated	1,250	1,250
5.0% Senior Notes due 2027—U.S. Dollar denominated	1,100	1,100
5.0% Senior Notes due 2026—U.S. Dollar denominated	1,050	1,050
6.500% Senior Notes due 2030—U.S. Dollar denominated	500	500
6.250% Senior Notes due 2032—U.S. Dollar denominated	2,000	—
2.875% Senior Notes due 2025—Euro denominated	—	436
2.25% Senior Notes due 2028—Euro denominated	845	748
2.875% Senior Notes due 2028—Euro denominated	835	739
1.750% Senior Notes due 2026—Euro denominated	646	572
2.250% Senior Notes due 2029—Euro denominated	1,057	935
Receivables financing facility due 2027—U.S. Dollar Term SOFR at floating rates of 5.00%		
Revolving Loan Commitment	110	110
Term Loan	440	440
Principal amount of debt	15,800	14,045
Less: unamortized discount and debt issuance costs	(76)	(62)
Less: current portion	(1,840)	(1,145)
Long-term debt	<u>\$ 13,884</u>	<u>\$ 12,838</u>

Contractual maturities of long-term debt as of December 31, 2025 are as follows:

(in millions)	
2026	\$ 1,840
2027	1,794
2028	2,574
2029	2,451
2030	3,275
Thereafter	3,866
	<u>\$ 15,800</u>

### ***Senior Secured Credit Facilities***

On December 9, 2025, the Company entered into an amendment to its Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) among IQVIA Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, the Company, IQVIA RDS Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders (as defined therein) party thereto, to (i) refinance (x) its Term A-1 Dollar Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and its Term A-2 Dollar Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of term A dollar loans, (y) its Term A Euro Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of term A euro loans and (z) all current U.S. Revolving Credit Commitments, Japanese Revolving Credit Commitments and Swiss/Multicurrency Revolving Credit Commitments (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) into a new class of revolving credit commitments available in U.S. dollars, (ii) to reduce the interest rate applicable to term A loans denominated in U.S. dollars and revolving credit loans denominated in U.S. dollars by eliminating the term SOFR credit spread adjustment, and (iii) to release the Swiss Subsidiary Borrower and the Japanese Subsidiary Borrower (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) from all obligations as borrowers under and party to the Credit Agreement. In connection with this amendment, the Company recognized a \$2 million loss on extinguishment of debt, which includes fees and related expenses.

On March 10, 2025, the Company entered into an amendment to its Credit Agreement among IQVIA Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, the Company, IQVIA RDS Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders (as defined therein) party thereto. This amendment, among other changes, established a new incremental Term B-5 dollar loan facility in an aggregate principal amount equal to \$1,985 million (the “Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility”). Proceeds of the Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility were applied to (a) refinance the existing Term B-4 dollar loans and (b) repay in full the existing Term B-2 Euro loans. The interest rates for borrowings under the Incremental Term B-5 Dollar Facility are based on the SOFR plus an applicable margin of 1.75% per annum. In connection with this amendment, the Company recognized a \$4 million loss on extinguishment of debt, which includes fees and related expenses.

As of December 31, 2025, the Credit Agreement provided financing through several senior secured credit facilities of up to \$6,412 million, which consisted of \$5,217 million principal amounts of debt outstanding (as detailed in the table above), and \$1,195 million of available borrowing capacity on the \$2,000 million revolving credit facility and standby letters of credit. The revolving credit facility is comprised of a \$2,000 million senior secured revolving facility available in U.S. dollars.

#### *2024 Financing Transactions*

*None*

### ***Senior Secured Notes***

#### *2024 Financing Transactions*

In February 2024, the Issuer completed an exchange offer in which it issued \$1,250 million aggregate principal amount of 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029 registered under the Securities Act (the “2029 Registered Notes”) and \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 registered under the Securities Act (the “2028 Registered Notes”) and, together with the 2029 Registered Notes, the 2029 Senior Secured Notes, and the 2028 Senior Secured Notes, the “Notes”) in exchange for the same principal amount and substantially identical terms of the 6.250% senior secured notes due 2029 (the “2029 Senior Secured Notes”) and 5.700% senior secured notes due 2028 (the “2028 Senior Secured Notes”) which had been issued in November 2023 and May 2023, respectively.

## ***Senior Notes***

### ***2025 Financing Transactions***

On June 4, 2025, IQVIA Inc. (the “Issuer”), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, completed the issuance and sale of \$2,000 million in gross proceeds of 6.250% senior notes due 2032 (the “Senior Notes”). The Senior Notes were issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated June 4, 2025, among the Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the Senior Notes, and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors. The net proceeds from the notes offering were used to repay existing borrowings under the Company’s revolving credit facility and to pay fees and expenses related to the Senior Notes offering, with any excess proceeds used for general corporate purposes.

The Senior Notes are unsecured obligations of the Company, will mature on June 1, 2032, unless earlier repurchased or redeemed in accordance with their terms, and bear interest at the rate of 6.250% per year, with interest payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2025.

The Company may redeem the Senior Notes prior to their final stated maturity, subject to a customary make-whole premium, at any time prior to June 1, 2028 (subject to a customary “equity claw” redemption right) and thereafter subject to a redemption premium declining from 3.125% to 0.000%.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, the Company's Euro denominated 2.875% Senior Notes due 2025 matured and were repaid.

### ***2024 Financing Transactions***

*None*

### ***Receivables Financing Facility***

On October 1, 2024, the Company amended its receivables financing facility to extend the term of the \$550 million facility to October 1, 2027. Under the receivables financing facility, certain of the Company's accounts receivable are sold on a non-recourse basis by certain of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries (each, an “Originator”) to another of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries, a bankruptcy-remote special purpose entity (the “SPE”). The SPE obtained a term loan and revolving loan commitment from a third-party lender, secured by liens on the assets of the SPE, to finance the purchase of the accounts receivable, which includes a \$440 million term loan and a \$110 million revolving loan commitment. As of December 31, 2025, no additional amounts of revolving loans were available under the receivables financing facility. The Company has guaranteed the performance of the obligations of existing and future subsidiaries that sell and service the accounts receivable under the receivables financing facility. The assets of the SPE are not available to satisfy any of the Company’s obligations or any obligations of its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2025, approximately \$1,565 million of the Company's trade accounts receivable and unbilled services were pledged as collateral to secure the facility.

### ***Restrictive Covenants***

The Company’s debt agreements provide for certain covenants and events of default customary for similar instruments, including a covenant not to exceed a specified ratio of consolidated senior secured net indebtedness to Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the senior secured credit facility agreement and a covenant to maintain a specified minimum interest coverage ratio. If an event of default occurs under any of the Company’s or the Company’s subsidiaries’ financing arrangements, the creditors under such financing arrangements will be entitled to take various actions, including the acceleration of amounts due under such arrangements, and in the case of the lenders under the revolving credit facility and term loans, other actions permitted to be taken by a secured creditor. The Company’s long-term debt arrangements contain usual and customary restrictive covenants that, among other things, place limitations on the Company’s ability to declare dividends. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance in all material respects with the financial covenants under the Company’s financing arrangements.

## 11. Leases

The Company has operating leases for corporate offices, data centers, motor vehicles and certain equipment, many of which contain renewal and escalation clauses. These operating leases primarily expire at various dates through 2037 with options to cancel certain leases at various intervals. The Company also has finance leases for offices and lab spaces that expire at various dates through 2048.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

(in millions)	Classification	Year Ended December 31,		
		2025	2024	2023
Operating lease cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 160	\$ 158	\$ 160
Finance lease cost <sup>(1)</sup>	Depreciation and amortization, and Interest expense	18	18	18
Total lease cost		\$ 178	\$ 176	\$ 178

(1) Includes short-term and variable lease costs, which are immaterial.

Other information related to leases was as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Supplemental Cash Flow:</b>			
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:			
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$ 157	\$ 160	\$ 175
Operating cash flows for finance leases	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 8
Financing cash flows for finance leases	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 3
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:			
Operating leases	\$ 133	\$ 58	\$ 59
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term:			
Operating leases	5.35 years	4.58 years	4.61 years
Finance leases	18.74 years	19.73 years	20.67 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate:			
Operating leases	5.24%	4.57%	3.81 %
Finance leases	3.90%	3.90%	3.88 %

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases as of December 31, 2025 were as follows:

(in millions)	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
2026	\$ 107	\$ 13
2027	82	14
2028	59	14
2029	38	14
2030	26	15
Thereafter	51	256
Total future minimum lease payments	363	326
Less imputed interest	(45)	(108)
Total	<u>\$ 318</u>	<u>\$ 218</u>
Reported as of December 31, 2025:		
Other current liabilities	\$ 93	\$ 6
Operating lease liabilities	225	—
Other liabilities	—	212
Total	<u>\$ 318</u>	<u>\$ 218</u>

## 12. Contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in legal and tax proceedings, claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Management periodically assesses the Company's liabilities and contingencies in connection with these matters based upon the latest information available. For those matters where management currently believes it is probable that the Company will incur a loss and that the probable loss or range of loss can be reasonably estimated, the Company has recorded an accrual in the consolidated financial statements based on its best estimates of such loss. In other instances, because of the uncertainties related to either the probable outcome or the amount or range of loss, management is unable to make a reasonable estimate of a liability, if any.

However, even in many instances where the Company has recorded an estimated liability, the Company is unable to predict with certainty the final outcome of the matter or whether resolution of the matter will materially affect the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. As additional information becomes available, the Company adjusts its assessments and estimates of such liabilities accordingly.

The Company routinely enters into agreements with third parties, including its clients and suppliers, all in the normal course of business. In these agreements, the Company sometimes agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the other party for any damages such other party may suffer as a result of potential intellectual property infringement and other claims. The Company has not accrued a liability with respect to these matters generally, as the exposure is considered remote.

Based on its review of the latest information available, management does not expect the impact of pending legal and tax proceedings, claims and litigation, either individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position. However, one or more unfavorable outcomes in any claim or litigation against the Company could have a material adverse effect for the period in which it is resolved.

## 13. Stockholders' Equity

### *Preferred Stock*

The Company is authorized to issue 1.0 million shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 per share par value. No shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2025 or 2024.

### **Equity Repurchase Program**

On October 30, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") first approved the Company's equity repurchase program (the "Repurchase Program"), authorizing the repurchase of up to \$125 million of the Company's common stock. The Board increased the stock repurchase authorization under the Repurchase Program with respect to the repurchase of the Company's common stock by \$600 million, \$1.5 billion, \$2.0 billion, \$1.5 billion, \$2.0 billion, \$2.0 billion, and \$2.0 billion in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2022, and 2023, respectively. On February 5, 2025, the Board increased the stock repurchase authorization under the Repurchase Program with respect to the repurchase of the Company's common stock by an additional \$2,000 million, which increased the total amount that has been authorized under the Repurchase Program to \$13,725 million. The Repurchase Program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any particular amount of common stock, and it may be modified, extended, suspended or discontinued at any time.

As of December 31, 2025, the Company had remaining authorization to repurchase up to \$1,769 million of its common stock under the Repurchase Program. In addition, from time to time, the Company has repurchased and may continue to repurchase common stock through private or other transactions outside of the Repurchase Program.

There were no equity offerings during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

### **Summary**

Below is a summary of the share repurchases made under the Repurchase Program:

<b>(in millions, except per share data)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Number of shares of common stock repurchased	7.4	6.4	5.0
Aggregate purchase price	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,350	\$ 992
Average price per share	\$ 169.13	\$ 209.68	\$ 196.89

### **14. Business Combinations**

The Company completed several individually immaterial acquisitions during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company's assessment of fair value, including the valuation of certain acquired intangibles and noncontrolling interests ("NCI"), and the purchase price allocation related to the acquisitions that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2025 is preliminary and subject to change upon completion. Further adjustments, largely related to acquired intangible assets and related deferred taxes, may be necessary as additional information related to the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is assessed during the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date). The Company recorded goodwill from these acquisitions, primarily attributable to assembled workforce, expected synergies and new customer relationships. The fair value of the NCI as of the acquisition date was based on fair value assessments, primarily using an income approach and applying the NCI's ownership percentage. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of the acquisitions subsequent to their respective closing dates. Pro forma information is not presented as pro forma results of operations would not be materially different to the actual results of operations of the Company.

The following table provides certain preliminary financial information for these acquisitions:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>Assets acquired:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90	\$ 28
Accounts receivable	137	68
Other assets	85	60
Goodwill	1,279	532
Other identifiable intangibles	777	313
<b>Liabilities assumed:</b>		
Other liabilities	(130)	(114)
Deferred income taxes, long-term	(128)	(40)
Net assets acquired <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 2,110	\$ 847
Fair value of noncontrolling interests <sup>(3)</sup>	126	—
Fair value of controlling interests acquired	\$ 1,984	\$ 847

(1) Net assets acquired include contingent consideration and deferred purchase price of \$66 million and \$84 million for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and \$141 million related to NCI and the net assets of the step acquisition disclosed in (3) below for the year ended December 31, 2025.

(2) During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company acquired an entity in which it previously held a convertible note instrument of approximately \$43 million, and the net assets acquired are included here. As part of the transaction, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$56 million, which is recorded within other income, net, on the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

(3) Includes \$8 million for the year ended December 31, 2025, related to a step acquisition through which the Company gained a controlling interest in, and therefore consolidated, an entity in which it previously held an investment in an unconsolidated affiliate. The remaining balance relates to another acquisition with NCI.

The portion of goodwill deductible for income tax purposes was preliminarily assessed as \$342 million and \$343 million for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The following table provides a summary of the preliminary estimated fair value of certain intangible assets acquired:

(in millions)	Amortization Period	Year Ended December 31,	
		2025	2024
<b>Other identifiable intangibles:</b>			
Client relationships	9 - 17 years	\$ 596	\$ 257
Software and related assets	2 - 9 years	121	10
Backlog	1 - 4 years	45	28
Trade names	3 - 5 years	7	6
Databases	2 years	6	5
Non-compete agreements	2 - 5 years	2	7
Total Other identifiable intangibles		\$ 777	\$ 313

## 15. Restructuring

The Company has continued to take restructuring actions in the year ended December 31, 2025 to align its resources and reduce overcapacity to adapt to changing market conditions and integrate acquisitions. These actions include consolidating functional activities, eliminating redundant positions, and aligning resources with customer requirements. These restructuring actions are expected to continue into 2026.

The management approved plans resulted in \$105 million, \$67 million and \$84 million of restructuring expense, net of reversals, which consisted primarily of severance and other exit-related costs in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following amounts were recorded for the restructuring plans:

(in millions)	Severance and Related Costs
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 36
Expense, net of reversals	67
Payments	(81)
Foreign currency translation and other	(1)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 21
Expense, net of reversals	105
Payments	(97)
Foreign currency translation and other	2
Balance as of December 31, 2025	\$ 31

The reversals were due to changes in estimates primarily resulting from the redeployment of staff and higher than expected voluntary terminations. Restructuring costs are not allocated to the Company's reportable segments as they are not part of the segment performance measures regularly reviewed by management, including the Company's chief operating decision maker. The Company expects the majority of the restructuring accruals as of December 31, 2025 will be paid in 2026.

## 16. Income Taxes

The components of income before income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates are as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Domestic	\$ 94	\$ 214	\$ 108
Foreign	1,497	1,455	1,351
	<u>\$ 1,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 1,459</u>

The components of income tax expense attributable to continuing operations are as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Current expense:			
Federal and state	\$ 49	\$ 44	\$ 21
Foreign	383	386	349
	<u>432</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>370</u>
Deferred (benefit) expense:			
Federal and state	(132)	(116)	(236)
Foreign	(48)	(13)	(33)
	<u>(180)</u>	<u>(129)</u>	<u>(269)</u>
	<u>\$ 252</u>	<u>\$ 301</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>

The differences between the Company's consolidated income tax expense attributable to continuing operations and the expense computed at the United States statutory income tax rate of 21% were as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	
Federal income tax expense at statutory rate	\$ 334	21.0 %
Foreign tax effects	23	1.4 %
Effect of cross-border tax laws		
Foreign Derived Intangible Income ("FDII")	(57)	(3.6)%
Foreign earnings subject to US tax, net of related foreign tax credits	(56)	(3.5)%
Change in unrecognized tax benefits	11	0.7 %
Other	(3)	(0.2)%
	<u>\$ 252</u>	<u>15.8 %</u>

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
Federal income tax expense at statutory rate	\$ 351	\$ 306
State and local income taxes, net of federal effect	9	16
Research and development	(28)	(25)
United States taxes recorded on foreign earnings(*)	(79)	(41)
Tax contingencies	14	17
Foreign Derived Intangible Income ("FDII")	(56)	(53)
Foreign rate differential	87	45
Equity compensation	3	—
Valuation Allowance Release	—	(102)
Basis Difference Reversal	—	(61)
Other	—	(1)
	<u>\$ 301</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>

(\*) Includes impact of GILTI, and other U.S. taxes on foreign earnings.

The Company's effective income tax rate was 15.8%, 18.0%, and 6.9% for the years ending December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2025 was favorably impacted due to changes in the geographical mix of earnings amongst the United States and foreign tax jurisdictions, compared to the Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023, was favorably impacted due to the completion of an internal legal entity restructuring that resulted in a benefit of \$125 million. Historically, the Company recorded deferred tax assets related to certain foreign tax credits, and a full valuation allowance in relation to these foreign tax credits was established as it was not expected the credits would be utilized prior to expiration. During 2023, the Company decided it was reasonably possible that these foreign tax credits will be utilized and therefore recorded a tax benefit of \$64 million related to the valuation allowance release and established related uncertain tax positions. Additionally, due to the restructuring the Company also reversed a deferred tax liability of \$61 million due to a basis difference that was recovered in a tax-free manner. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 was also favorably impacted by a reversal of uncertain tax positions relating to tax credit carryforwards in the amount of \$21 million due to an audit settlement.

On July 4, 2025, the U.S. government enacted the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA"), which includes several changes to U.S. federal income tax law, including the temporary and permanent extension, of expiring provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. The impacts of the OBBBA did not have a material impact on the 2025 consolidated financial statements, however the Company will continue to evaluate impacts to future periods.

On December 12, 2022, the European Union member states agreed to implement the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two global corporate minimum tax, which establishes a 15% minimum effective tax rate for multinational enterprises with consolidated revenues of at least €750 million. Certain components of Pillar Two became effective in various jurisdictions beginning in 2024. The Company has continued to evaluate the effects of Pillar Two through the end of 2025 and concluded that its adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the periods presented. On January 5, 2026, the OECD Inclusive Framework released Administrative Guidance introducing a "side-by-side" safe harbor regime, under which U.S. parented multinational groups may be excluded from Pillar Two's Income Inclusion Rule ("IIR") and Undertaxed Profits Rule ("UTPR"), in recognition of the U.S. tax system's existing minimum tax framework. The Company will continue to monitor and evaluate this administrative guidance in the context of jurisdictions that adopt it. Based on the Company's current analysis, this guidance does not change the Company's conclusion regarding the absence of a material impact for the current year.

Undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign subsidiaries amounted to approximately \$6,689 million as of December 31, 2025. The Company does not consider any of its foreign earnings as indefinitely reinvested.

The income tax effects of temporary differences from continuing operations that give rise to significant portions of deferred income tax assets (liabilities) are presented below:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Deferred income tax assets:		
Net operating loss and other loss carryforwards	\$ 193	\$ 176
Tax credit carryforwards	230	292
Accrued expenses and unearned income	287	106
Employee benefits	169	180
U.S. interest expense limitation	65	93
Foreign exchange on debt instruments	106	—
Other	85	86
<b>Total deferred income tax assets</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>933</b>
Valuation allowance for deferred income tax assets	(206)	(196)
<b>Total deferred income tax assets (net of valuation allowance)</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>737</b>
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Amortization and depreciation	(644)	(545)
Foreign exchange on debt instruments	—	(104)
Other	(106)	(90)
<b>Total deferred income tax liabilities</b>	<b>(750)</b>	<b>(739)</b>
<b>Net deferred income tax assets (liabilities)</b>	<b>\$ 179</b>	<b>\$ (2)</b>

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the net deferred income tax assets increased primarily due to foreign exchange revaluation of debt instruments.

The Company had federal, state and local, and foreign tax loss carryforwards and tax credits, the tax effect of which was \$501 million as of December 31, 2025. Of this amount, \$38 million has an indefinite carryforward period, and the remaining \$463 million expires at various times beginning in 2026. Some of the federal losses are subject to limitations under the Internal Revenue Code, however, management expects these losses to be utilized during the carryforward periods.

In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company increased its valuation allowance by \$10 million to \$206 million as of December 31, 2025 from \$196 million as of December 31, 2024. The valuation allowance increased primarily due to current year state tax expenses on foreign exchange revaluations on debt instruments offset by use of U.S. state net operating losses.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of gross unrecognized income tax benefits is presented below:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Balance as of January 1	\$ 146	\$ 140	\$ 122
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	15	15	53
Additions for income tax positions of prior years	5	17	8
Impact of changes in exchange rates	2	(2)	1
Settlements with tax authorities	(3)	(1)	(6)
Reductions for income tax positions of prior years	(4)	(18)	(25)
Reductions due to the lapse of the applicable statute of limitations	(7)	(5)	(13)
Balance as of December 31	\$ 154	\$ 146	\$ 140

As of December 31, 2025, the Company had total gross unrecognized income tax benefits of \$136 million associated with over 100 jurisdictions in which the Company conducts business that, if recognized, would reduce the Company's effective income tax rate.

The Company's policy for recording interest and penalties relating to uncertain income tax positions is to record them as a component of income tax expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of income. In the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the amount of interest and penalties recorded as an addition to income tax expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of income was \$3 million, \$6 million and \$— million, respectively. As of December 31, 2025, and 2024, the Company had accrued approximately \$29 million and \$26 million, respectively, of interest and penalties.

The Company conducts business globally and, as a result, files income tax returns in the United States federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to examination by taxing authorities throughout the world. The following table summarizes the tax years that remain open for examination by tax authorities in the most significant jurisdictions in which the Company operates:

United States	2022-2024
India	2006-2025
Japan	2019-2024
United Kingdom	2023-2024
Switzerland	2022-2024
Singapore	2019-2024

In certain of the jurisdictions noted above, the Company operates through more than one legal entity, each of which has different open years subject to examination. The table above presents the open years subject to examination for the most material of the legal entities in each jurisdiction. Additionally, it is important to note that tax years are technically not closed until the statute of limitations in each jurisdiction expires. In the jurisdictions noted above, the statute of limitations can extend beyond the open years subject to examination.

Due to the geographic breadth of the Company's operations, numerous tax audits may be ongoing throughout the world at any point in time. Income tax liabilities are recorded based on estimates of additional income taxes that may be due upon the conclusion of these audits. Estimates of these income tax liabilities are made based upon prior experience and are updated in light of changes in facts and circumstances. However, due to the uncertain and complex application of income tax regulations, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of audits may result in liabilities that could be materially different from these estimates. In such an event, the Company will record additional income tax expense or income tax benefit in the period in which such resolution occurs.

The components of income taxes paid, net of refunds (inclusive of withholding taxes), are presented below:

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2025</b>
United Kingdom	\$ 105
Singapore	47
Japan	37
India	28
Other	178
Total income taxes paid, net of refunds (inclusive of withholding taxes)	<u>\$ 395</u>

## 17. Employee Benefit Plans

### *Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans*

The Company sponsors both funded and unfunded defined benefit pension plans. These plans provide benefits based on various criteria, including, but not limited to, years of service and salary. The Company also sponsors an unfunded postretirement benefit plan in the United States that provides health and prescription drug benefits to retirees who meet the eligibility requirements. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for all pension and postretirement benefit plans.

The following table summarizes changes in the benefit obligation, the plan assets and the funded status of the pension benefit plans:

<b>(in millions)</b>	<b>Pension Benefits</b>			
	<b>United States Plans</b>		<b>Non-United States Plans</b>	
	<b>December 31,</b>			
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Obligation and funded status:				
Change in benefit obligation:				
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 443	\$ 434	\$ 553	\$ 525
Service cost	10	10	39	35
Interest cost	24	22	20	17
Actuarial losses (gains)	9	(9)	(10)	(2)
Business combinations	—	—	6	—
Benefits paid	(14)	(14)	(27)	(26)
Contributions	—	—	4	3
Settlements	—	—	(5)	(3)
Foreign currency fluctuations and other	—	—	37	4
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	<u>472</u>	<u>443</u>	<u>617</u>	<u>553</u>
Change in plan assets:				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	538	486	384	379
Actual return on plan assets	69	62	12	(9)
Contributions	3	4	32	29
Benefits paid	(14)	(14)	(26)	(26)
Settlements	—	—	(4)	(3)
Foreign currency fluctuations and other	—	—	32	14
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	<u>596</u>	<u>538</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>384</u>
Funded status	<u>\$ 124</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>\$ (187)</u>	<u>\$ (169)</u>

The following table summarizes the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets related to the pension benefit plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits			
	United States Plans		Non-United States Plans	
	December 31,			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Deposits and other assets, net	\$ 150	\$ 121	\$ 45	\$ 43
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 16	\$ 14
Other liabilities	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 216	\$ 198
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ 84	\$ 64	\$ (44)	\$ (49)

As of December 31, 2025, the benefit obligation and amount recognized in AOCI for other postretirement benefits were immaterial.

The following table summarizes the accumulated benefit obligation for all pension benefit plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits			
	United States Plans		Non-United States Plans	
	December 31,			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 470	\$ 441	\$ 569	\$ 500

The following table provides the information for pension plans with an accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets and projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits			
	United States Plans		Non-United States Plans	
	December 31,			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Plans with accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:				
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 342	\$ 287
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 9	\$ 8	\$ 157	\$ 129
Plans with projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:				
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 35	\$ 34	\$ 390	\$ 340
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 9	\$ 8	\$ 157	\$ 129

The components of net periodic benefit cost changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in comprehensive income were as follows:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits					
	United States Plans			Non-United States Plans		
	Year Ended December 31,					
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Service cost	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 39	\$ 35	\$ 35
Interest cost	24	22	22	20	17	17
Expected return on plan assets	(38)	(34)	(30)	(16)	(15)	(17)
Amortization of actuarial (gains) losses	(2)	—	—	1	—	(2)
Net periodic benefit cost	(6)	(2)	2	44	37	33
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other comprehensive loss:						
Actuarial (gain) loss – current year	(20)	(36)	(30)	(5)	24	19
Total recognized in other comprehensive income	(20)	(36)	(30)	(5)	24	19
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and other comprehensive income	\$ (26)	\$ (38)	\$ (28)	\$ 39	\$ 61	\$ 52

All components of net periodic benefit cost other than service cost are recorded in other income, net on the accompanying consolidated statements of income. Gains (losses) affecting the benefit obligation for the year ending December 31, 2025 were primarily related to the changes in discount rates, as well as changes in other actuarial assumptions, which are driven by changing market conditions.

#### Assumptions

The weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost were as follows for the years ended December 31:

	Pension Benefits					
	United States Plans			Non-United States Plans		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Discount rate	5.83%	5.35%	5.65%	3.67%	3.52%	3.59%
Rate of compensation increases	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.50%	2.78%	2.93%
Expected return on plan assets	7.19%	7.20%	7.20%	3.95%	3.70%	4.53%

The weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations were as follows as of December 31:

	Pension Benefits			
	United States Plans		Non-United States Plans	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Discount rate	5.65%	5.83%	3.74%	3.67%
Rate of compensation increases	3.00%	3.00%	3.27%	3.50%

The discount rate represents the interest rate used to determine the present value of the future cash flows currently expected to be required to settle the Company's defined benefit plan obligations. The discount rates are derived using weighted average yield curves on AA-rated corporate bonds. The cash flows from the Company's expected benefit obligation payments are then matched to the yield curve to derive the discount rates.

The Company's assumption for the expected return on plan assets was determined by the weighted average of the long-term expected rate of return on each of the asset classes invested as of the balance sheet date. For plan assets invested in government bonds, the expected return was based on the yields on the relevant indices as of the balance sheet date. There is considerable uncertainty for the expected return on plan assets invested in equity and diversified growth funds.

Under the Company's United States qualified retirement plan, participants have a notional retirement account that increases with pay and investment credits. The rate used to determine the investment credit (cash balance crediting rate) varies monthly and is equal to 1/12th of the yield on 30-year U.S. Government Treasury Bonds, with a minimum of 0.25%. At retirement, the account is converted to a monthly retirement benefit.

#### Plan Assets

The Company's pension plan target asset allocations and weighted average asset allocations, by asset category, were as follows:

Asset Category	Target Allocation	Plan Assets as of December 31,					
		United States Plans		Non-United States Plans		Total	
		2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Equity securities	0-44%	44%	76%	—%	—%	26%	45%
Debt securities	28-36%	28	20	45	49	35	32
Real estate	0-15%	15	4	—	—	9	2
Other	13-64%	13	—	55	51	30	21
<b>Total</b>		<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

The following table summarizes United States plan assets measured at fair value:

(in millions) Asset Category	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Domestic equities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 37	\$ —	\$ 37
International equities	—	—	—	11	—	11
Debt issued by national, state or local government	—	44	44	—	—	—
Corporate bonds	—	—	—	64	—	64
Investment funds <sup>(1)</sup>	81	—	81	—	—	—
Real estate	—	—	—	21	—	21
Total assets in the fair value hierarchy	81	44	125	133	—	133
Assets measured at net asset value ("NAV") <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	471	—	—	405
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 81</b>	<b>\$ 44</b>	<b>\$ 596</b>	<b>\$ 133</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 538</b>

(1) Investments funds includes cash and cash equivalents.

(2) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in the above plan asset tables are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value of plan assets in the fair value hierarchy to the plan asset amounts presented in the above funded status table as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

The following table summarizes non-United States plan assets measured at fair value:

(in millions) Asset Category	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
International equities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1
Debt issued by national, state or local government	—	120	120	2	170	172
Corporate bonds	—	71	71	—	18	18
Investments funds <sup>(1)</sup>	21	—	21	—	10	10
Insurance contracts	—	206	206	—	168	168
Other	—	12	12	8	7	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 21</b>	<b>\$ 409</b>	<b>\$ 430</b>	<b>\$ 10</b>	<b>\$ 374</b>	<b>\$ 384</b>

(1) Investments funds includes cash and cash equivalents.

Investments in mutual funds are valued at quoted market prices. Investments in common/collective trusts and pooled funds are valued at the NAV as reported by the trust. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities. Level 2 inputs utilize observable prices consistent with the definition noted within Note 6. In certain cases, funds that hold government and corporate debt securities classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy are valued at the NAV of their shares held at year end, which represents fair value. Insurance contracts are valued at the amount of the benefit liability. The Company has no Level 3 assets that rely on unobservable inputs to measure fair value.

### *Investment Policies and Strategies*

The Company invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of debt and equity securities that provide for long-term growth within reasonable and prudent levels of risk. The asset allocation targets established by the Company are strategic and applicable to the plan's long-term investing horizon. The portfolio is constructed and maintained to provide adequate liquidity to meet associated liabilities and minimize long-term expense and provide prudent diversification among asset classes in accordance with the principles of modern portfolio theory. The plans employ a diversified mix of actively managed investments around a core of passively managed index exposures in each asset class. Within each asset class, rapid market shifts, changes in economic conditions or an individual fund manager's outlook may cause the asset allocation to fall outside the prescribed targets. The majority of the Company's plan assets are measured quarterly against benchmarks established by the Company's investment manager and the Company's Investment Committee, who review actual plan performance and have the authority to recommend changes as deemed appropriate. Assets are rebalanced periodically to their strategic targets to maintain the plan's strategic risk/reward characteristics. The Company periodically conducts asset liability modeling studies to ensure that the investment strategy is aligned with the obligations of the plans and that the assets will generate income and capital growth to meet the cost of current and future benefits that the plans provide. The pension plans did not have investments in Company stock as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

The portfolio for the Company's United Kingdom pension plans seek to invest in a range of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity that are sufficient to meet benefit payments when they fall due, while controlling the long-term costs of the plans, avoiding short-term volatility of investment returns, and managing risks in accordance with the plans investment strategies. The plans seek to achieve these objectives by investing largely in monetary (fixed interest) assets, which are expected to provide a suitable balance between a modest level of returns and management of risk. The trustees periodically conduct asset liability modeling exercises to ensure the investments are aligned with the appropriate benchmark to better reflect the plans' liabilities. The trustees also undertake to review this benchmark on a regular basis.

### *Cash Flows*

#### *Contributions*

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$34 million in required contributions to its pension and postretirement benefit plans during 2026. The Company may make additional contributions into its pension plans in 2026 depending on, among other factors, how the funded status of those plans change or in order to meet minimum funding requirements as set forth in employee benefit and tax laws, plus additional amounts the Company may deem to be appropriate.

#### *Estimated future benefit payments*

The following benefit payments (net of expected participant contributions) for pension benefits are expected to be paid as follows:

<b>(in millions)</b>		
2026	\$	62
2027		63
2028		66
2029		70
2030		73
Years 2031 through 2035		395
	<b>\$</b>	<b>729</b>

Benefit payments (net of expected participant contributions) for other postretirement benefits are expected to be immaterial over the years presented.

### ***Defined Contribution Plans***

Defined contribution or profit sharing plans are offered in various countries in which the Company operates. In some cases, these plans are required by local laws or regulations.

In the United States, the Company has a 401(k) plan under which the Company matches employee deferrals at varying percentages and specified limits of the employee's salary. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the Company expensed \$82 million, \$80 million and \$81 million, respectively, related to matching contributions.

Certain key executives of the Company participate in an unfunded defined contribution executive retirement plan, assumed in the merger between Quintiles and IMS Health, which was frozen to additional accruals for future service contributions in 2012. Participants continue to receive an annual investment credit based on the average of the annual yields at the end of each month on the AA-AAA rated 10 plus year maturity component of the Merrill Lynch United States Corporate Bond Master Index.

### ***Plans Accounted for as Postretirement Benefits***

The Company provides certain executives with postretirement medical, dental and life insurance benefits. These benefits are individually negotiated arrangements in accordance with their individual employment arrangements. The above tables do not include the Company's expense or obligation associated with providing these benefits. The obligation related to these benefits as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the Company's expense for the years then ended, were not material.

### ***Stock Incentive Plans***

Stock incentive plans provide incentives to eligible employees, officers and directors in the form of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock awards, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance awards, covered annual incentive awards, cash-based awards and other stock-based awards, in each case subject to the terms of the stock incentive plans.

In April 2017, the Company's 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan (the "2017 Plan") was approved by the Company's stockholders. The 2017 Plan provides for the grant of stock options, SARs, restricted and deferred stock (including RSUs), performance awards, dividend equivalents, other stock-based awards and cash-based awards.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$247 million, \$206 million and \$217 million in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the accompanying consolidated statements of income. The associated future income tax benefit recognized was \$43 million, \$36 million and \$34 million in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2025, there was approximately \$262 million of total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to outstanding non-vested stock-based compensation arrangements, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of 1.3 years.

As of December 31, 2025, there were approximately 6.6 million shares available for future grants under all of the Company's stock incentive plans.

The Company used the following assumptions when estimating the value of the stock-based compensation for Stock Settled SARs granted as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Expected volatility	29 – 35%	28 – 35%	29 – 35%
Weighted average expected volatility	32%	32%	32%
Expected dividends	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected term (in years)	2.8 – 5.8	2.6 – 5.6	2.4 – 5.4
Risk-free interest rate	3.69 – 4.37%	4.07 – 4.56%	3.38 – 4.75%

#### *Stock Appreciation Rights – Stock Settled*

The stock-settled SARs (“SSRs”) have an exercise price that is equal to the closing market price of the Company’s common stock as of the grant date and expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The SSRs are eligible to vest in three equal annual installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant.

The Company’s SSR activity in the year ended December 31, 2025 is as follows:

(in millions, except number of SSRs and exercise price)	Number of SSRs	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	3,493,312	\$ 157.58	\$ 175
Granted	530,548	203.11	
Exercised	(650,096)	102.11	
Canceled	(58,777)	221.36	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2025	<u>3,314,987</u>	\$ 174.62	\$ 179

The weighted average fair value per share of SSRs granted in the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$69.71. The total intrinsic value of SSRs exercised was approximately \$72 million, \$88 million and \$51 million in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the SSRs outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2025 is 5.3 years and 4.1 years, respectively. The total aggregate intrinsic value of the exercisable SSRs and the SSRs expected to vest as of December 31, 2025 was approximately \$178 million.

#### *Stock Options*

The option price is determined by the Board at the date of grant and the options expire 10 years from the date of grant. All outstanding stock options are fully vested.

The Company’s stock option activity in the year ended December 31, 2025 is as follows:

(in millions, except number of options and exercise price)	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	86,965	\$ 64.63	\$ 11
Exercised	(59,194)	64.64	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2025	<u>27,771</u>	\$ 64.62	\$ 4

The total intrinsic value of options exercised was approximately \$8 million, \$15 million and \$23 million in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company received cash of approximately \$4 million, \$5 million and \$7 million in 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively, from options exercised.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2025 is 0.2 years. The total aggregate intrinsic value of the exercisable stock options as of December 31, 2025 was approximately \$4 million.

### Performance Awards

The Company awarded performance awards that contain service, performance-based and/or market-based vesting criteria. Vesting occurs if the recipient remains employed and depends on the degree to which performance goals are achieved during the three-year performance period (as defined in the award agreements).

The Company's performance award activity in the year ended December 31, 2025 is as follows:

	Number of Performance Awards	Weighted Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	992,478	\$ 231.04
Granted	467,939	203.19
Adjustment due to performance	(85,781)	289.37
Vested	(100,346)	249.38
Canceled	(51,555)	222.94
Outstanding as of December 31, 2025	<u>1,222,735</u>	<u>\$ 215.16</u>

As of December 31, 2025, there are 1,222,735 performance awards outstanding with an intrinsic value of approximately \$276 million.

### Restricted Stock Units – Stock Settled

The Company's RSUs will settle in shares of the Company's common stock within 30 days of the applicable vesting date. In general, RSUs granted to employees vest either (i) one-third per year beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, (ii) 100% at the end of the three-year period following the grant date or (iii) 50% on the second anniversary of the grant date and 50% on the third anniversary of the grant date. Members of the Company's Board receive RSUs that are fully vested when granted.

The Company's RSU activity in the year ended December 31, 2025 is as follows:

	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	1,000,328	\$ 223.91
Granted <sup>(1)</sup>	984,581	202.94
Vested	(406,195)	229.24
Canceled	(102,621)	213.08
Outstanding as of December 31, 2025	<u>1,476,093</u>	<u>\$ 209.20</u>

(1) Pursuant to the IQVIA Holdings Inc. Non-Employee Director Deferral Plan (the "Director Deferral Plan"), non-employee directors may elect to defer receipt of their cash and/or equity retainers. If a director elects to defer his or her retainer, he or she will instead be credited with that value in deferred shares under the Director Deferral Plan. Deferred shares become payable in Company common stock following a termination of the director's Board service or the director's death, or upon a change in control of the Company. The Company granted 9,295 deferred RSUs in 2025.

As of December 31, 2025, there are 1,476,093 RSUs outstanding with an intrinsic value of approximately \$333 million.

### Stock Appreciation Rights – Cash Settled

The Company's cash settled SARs ("CSRs") require the Company to settle in cash an amount equal to the difference between the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of exercise and the grant price, multiplied by the number of CSRs being exercised. All outstanding CSRs are fully vested.

As of December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the weighted average fair value per share of the CSRs outstanding was \$123.72, \$109.83 and \$152.17, respectively. The Company paid approximately \$1 million, \$3 million and \$11 million to settle exercised CSRs in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the CSRs outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2025 is 2.7 years. The total aggregate intrinsic value of the exercisable CSRs as of December 31, 2025 was approximately \$3 million.

#### *Restricted Stock Units – Cash Settled*

The Company's cash settled RSUs ("Cash RSUs") require the Company to settle in cash an amount equal to the fair value of the Company's common stock on the vest date multiplied by the number of vested Cash RSUs. These awards vest either (i) 100% at the end of the three-year period following the date of grant, or (ii) one-third per year beginning on the first grant date anniversary. As of December 31, 2025, there are 9,319 Cash RSUs outstanding with an intrinsic value of approximately \$2 million.

#### *Long Term Incentive Awards - Stock Settled*

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into long term incentive award agreements with certain employees totaling a fixed monetary amount of \$80 million to issue a variable number of common shares based on the fair market value when the awards vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. The Company accounts for the awards as liability-classified awards with the liability recorded in other current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024. The Company recorded approximately \$19 million, \$26 million and \$22 million of stock-based compensation expense for these awards during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2025, 378,510 awards vested. There are no awards outstanding as of December 31, 2025.

#### *Other*

The Company sponsors a supplemental non-qualified deferred compensation plan, covering certain management employees, and maintains other statutory indemnity plans as required by local laws or regulations.

## **18. Related Party Transactions**

The Company has entered into transactions with related parties that are not deemed to be material. The Company's investments in unconsolidated affiliates are discussed in Note 4.

## **19. Property, Equipment and Software by Geography**

The following table represents the Company's property, equipment and software, net, by geographic region, which is further broken down to show each country that accounts for 10% or more of the totals:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Property, equipment and software, net:		
Americas:		
United States	\$ 1,928	\$ 1,803
Other	55	54
Americas	1,983	1,857
Europe and Africa	187	184
Asia-Pacific	47	50
Total property, equipment and software, net	\$ 2,217	\$ 2,091

## 20. Segments

The following table presents the Company's operations by reportable segment. The Company is managed through three reportable segments, Technology & Analytics Solutions, Research & Development Solutions and Contract Sales & Medical Solutions. Technology & Analytics Solutions provides mission critical information, technology solutions and real world insights and services to the Company's life science clients. Research & Development Solutions, which primarily serves biopharmaceutical customers, provides outsourced clinical research and clinical trial related services. Contract Sales & Medical Solutions provides health care provider (including contract sales) and patient engagement services to both biopharmaceutical customers and the broader healthcare market.

Certain costs are not allocated to the Company's segments and are reported as general corporate and unallocated expenses. These costs primarily consist of stock-based compensation and expenses related to integration activities and acquisitions, as well as certain general corporate and unallocated expenses. The Company also does not allocate restructuring costs, depreciation and amortization or impairment charges, if any, to its segments. Asset information by segment is not presented, as this measure is not used by the chief executive officer, who is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), to assess the Company's performance.

For all segments, the CODM uses segment revenue and segment profit in the annual budgeting and forecasting process. The CODM considers budget-to-actual variances on a monthly and quarterly basis for both segment revenue and profit when making decisions about allocating operating and capital resources to the segments. The CODM also uses segment revenue and profit to assess the performance for each segment by comparing the results of each segment with one another and in determining the compensation of certain employees.

Effective January 1, 2026, the Company will be updating its segment reporting to align with industry evolution, its updated operating model, and how internal reporting will be provided to the CODM. As a result, the Contract Sales & Medical Solutions segment, which has become more closely related operationally to the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment commercial offerings, will be incorporated into the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment, which is renamed Commercial Solutions. Additionally, Real-World Late Phase and certain other Real-World offerings that have become more closely related operationally to the clinical research business, will be moved from the Technology & Analytics Solutions segment to the Research & Development Solutions segment. The Company will reflect the recast of segment information on this basis beginning with its Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2026.

The Company's reportable segment information is presented below:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Revenues</b>			
Technology & Analytics Solutions	\$ 6,626	\$ 6,160	\$ 5,862
Research & Development Solutions	8,896	8,527	8,395
Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	788	718	727
Total revenues	16,310	15,405	14,984
<b>Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization</b>			
Technology & Analytics Solutions	4,076	3,721	3,496
Research & Development Solutions	6,124	5,698	5,629
Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	680	611	620
Total cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	10,880	10,030	9,745
<b>Selling, general and administrative expenses</b>			
Technology & Analytics Solutions	955	917	876
Research & Development Solutions	899	881	851
Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	60	60	58
Total selling, general and administrative expenses reportable segments	1,914	1,858	1,785
<b>Segment profit</b>			
Technology & Analytics Solutions	1,595	1,522	1,490
Research & Development Solutions	1,873	1,948	1,915
Contract Sales & Medical Solutions	48	47	49
Total segment profit	3,516	3,517	3,454
General corporate and unallocated expenses	(85)	(134)	(268)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,144)	(1,114)	(1,125)
Restructuring costs	(105)	(67)	(84)
Total income from operations	2,182	2,202	1,977
Interest income	(45)	(47)	(36)
Interest expense	729	670	672
Loss on extinguishment of debt	6	—	6
Other income, net	(99)	(90)	(124)
Income before income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 1,591	\$ 1,669	\$ 1,459

## 21. Earnings Per Share

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

(in millions, except per share data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Numerator:</b>			
Net income attributable to IQVIA Holdings Inc.	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
<b>Denominator:</b>			
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	171.9	181.3	183.8
Effect of dilutive stock options and share awards	1.6	2.1	2.5
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	173.5	183.4	186.3
<b>Earnings per share attributable to common stockholders:</b>			
Basic	\$ 7.91	\$ 7.57	\$ 7.39
Diluted	\$ 7.84	\$ 7.49	\$ 7.29

Stock-based awards will have a dilutive effect under the treasury method when the respective period's average market value of the Company's common stock exceeds the exercise proceeds. Performance awards are included in diluted earnings per share based on if the performance targets have been met at the end of the reporting period.

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 the weighted average number of outstanding stock-based awards not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they are subject to performance conditions that have not been met at the end of the reporting period or the effect of including such stock-based awards in the computation would be anti-dilutive was 2.3 million, 1.0 million, and 1.0 million, respectively.

## 22. Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

Below is a summary of the components of AOCI:

(in millions)	Foreign Currency Translation	Derivative Instruments	Defined Benefit Plans	Income Taxes	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ (825)	\$ 44	\$ (8)	\$ 62	\$ (727)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(144)	(10)	11	54	(89)
Reclassification adjustments	—	(68)	—	17	(51)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	(969)	(34)	3	133	(867)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(123)	70	12	(99)	(140)
Reclassification adjustments	—	(41)	—	10	(31)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	(1,092)	(5)	15	44	(1,038)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(34)	(28)	25	140	103
Reclassification adjustments	—	(10)	—	2	(8)
Balance as of December 31, 2025	<u>\$ (1,126)</u>	<u>\$ (43)</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 186</u>	<u>\$ (943)</u>

Below is a summary of the adjustments for amounts reclassified from AOCI into the consolidated statements of income and the affected financial statement line item:

(in millions)	Affected Financial Statement Line Item	Year Ended December 31,		
		2025	2024	2023
Derivative instruments:				
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$ 4	\$ 41	\$ 47
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Revenues	6	—	21
Total before income taxes		10	41	68
Income taxes		2	10	17
Total net of income taxes		<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 31</u>	<u>\$ 51</u>

## 23. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following table presents the Company's supplemental cash flow information:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:			
Interest paid, net	\$ 647	\$ 589	\$ 556

## **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

None.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, as amended, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”). There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon our evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms, and that it is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management’s report on internal control over financial reporting is set forth in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2025 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Item 9B. Other Information**

During the quarter ended December 31, 2025, no director or officer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 16a-1(f)) of IQVIA Holdings Inc. adopted or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement for the purchase or sale of securities of IQVIA Holdings Inc., within the meaning of Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

### **Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections**

Not applicable.

## PART III

### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information required by this Item, other than the information regarding the executive officers of the Company set forth below, is incorporated by reference to the sections of our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the “2026 Proxy Statement”) entitled “Proposal No. 1: Election of Directors”, “Corporate Governance—Documents Establishing our Corporate Governance”, “Corporate Governance—Leadership Structure—Committees of the Board”, “Compensation Discussion and Analysis—Rigorous Accountability, Risk-Mitigation and Recovery Provisions—Insider Trading Policies and Procedures” and “Other Relevant Information—Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports.”

The current executive officers of the Company are as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Ari Bousbib	64	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Ronald E. Bruehlman	65	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
W. Richard Staub, III	63	President, Research & Development Solutions
Bhavik Patel	46	President, MedTech and Consumer Health
Eric Sherbet	61	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Alistair Grenfell	52	President, Commercial Solutions
Bernd Haas	50	Executive Vice President, AI and Technology Solutions
James G. Berkshire	52	Executive Vice President, Global Infrastructure and Operations
Michael J. Fedock	51	Senior Vice President, Financial Planning and Analysis

#### *Ari Bousbib, Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

Mr. Bousbib is Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He assumed this position in October 2016 following the Merger of Quintiles and IMS Health. From 2010 until the Merger, Mr. Bousbib served as Chairman and CEO of IMS Health. Prior to joining IMS Health, Mr. Bousbib spent 14 years at United Technologies Corporation (“UTC”), an aerospace, defense and building systems company. From 2008 until 2010, he served as President of UTC’s Commercial Companies, with executive leadership responsibilities for the worldwide operations of Otis Elevator Company, Carrier Corporation, UTC Fire & Security and UTC Power Inc. From 2002 until 2008, Mr. Bousbib was President of Otis, and from 2000 to 2002, he served as its Chief Operating Officer. Prior to joining UTC, Mr. Bousbib was a partner at Booz Allen Hamilton. Mr. Bousbib currently serves on the board of directors of The Home Depot, Inc. and is a member of the Harvard Medical School Health Care Policy Advisory Council. Mr. Bousbib holds a Master of Science Degree in Mathematics and Mechanical Engineering from the Ecole Supérieure des Travaux Publics, Paris, and an M.B.A. from Columbia University.

#### *Ronald E. Bruehlman, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*

Mr. Bruehlman was appointed as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer effective August 1, 2020. Mr. Bruehlman previously served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of IMS Health from July 2011 until the merger of IMS Health and Quintiles in 2016. Prior to joining IMS Health, Mr. Bruehlman worked for 23 years at UTC, advancing through finance positions of increasing responsibility, culminating in his appointment as Vice President, Business Development, which he held from June 2009 to April 2011, where he led the company’s global strategy and corporate development activities. From June 2005 until May 2008, he was Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Carrier Corporation. Prior to that, Mr. Bruehlman was Vice President, Financial Planning and Analysis for UTC and also served as Director, Investor Relations of UTC. Mr. Bruehlman currently serves as a director and Chair of the Audit Committee of GoodRx Holdings, Inc. Mr. Bruehlman served as a director and Chair of the Audit Committee to Atotech, Ltd. from 2020 to 2022. He also served as a director of The Connecticut Forum from 2005 to 2015 and served as a director of The New England Air Museum from 2009 through 2013. Mr. Bruehlman holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from the University of Delaware, and an M.B.A. from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

***W. Richard Staub, III, President, Research & Development Solutions***

Mr. Staub resumed the role of President, Research & Development Solutions on September 25, 2023. From April 2022 through September 2023, Mr. Staub was senior advisor to the Chairman and CEO of IQVIA. Mr. Staub had served as President, Research & Development Solutions from November 2016 to March 2022. Previously, Mr. Staub served as President of Novella Clinical, a Quintiles company, since 2013. Prior to Novella's 2013 acquisition by Quintiles, Mr. Staub served as both president and CEO of Novella Clinical since 2008. Before joining Novella Clinical in 2004, Mr. Staub was senior vice president of global business development for one of the world's largest clinical research organizations. Mr. Staub's career in the pharmaceutical industry began at Zeneca Pharmaceuticals in 1989 where he had progressive responsibilities as a medical and hospital sales representative, cardiovascular portfolio analyst and marketing manager. Mr. Staub has a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

***Bhavik Patel, President, MedTech and Consumer Health***

Mr. Patel has served as President, MedTech and Consumer Health since December 2025. Prior to that, he served as President, Commercial Solutions from July 2022 to December 2025. Mr. Patel also previously served as Senior Vice President, Global Market Insights and MedTech from September 2018 to July 2022. Prior to that, Mr. Patel held roles of increasing responsibility within IQVIA's Global Market Insights business. Before joining IQVIA in 2005, Mr. Patel began his career in the healthcare industry at Schwarz Pharma in 2003, where he was responsible for sales to healthcare professionals.

***Eric Sherbet, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary***

Mr. Sherbet has served as our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since March 2018. Prior to joining the Company, he served as General Counsel and Secretary at Patheon N.V. from November 2014 until November 2017. Prior to joining Patheon, he was General Counsel and Corporate Secretary at InVentiv Health from April 2011 until October 2014. He also previously served as Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Corporate Secretary at Foster Wheeler AG and before that, as Vice President, Corporate and Securities Law and Secretary with Avaya, Inc. Mr. Sherbet earned his law degree from New York University School of Law and received his bachelor's degree in commerce/accounting from University of Virginia.

***Alistair Grenfell, President, Commercial Solutions***

Mr. Grenfell has served as President, Commercial Solutions since December 2025. Mr. Grenfell previously served as President, Europe, Middle East, Africa and South Asia Regional Business Unit from January 2020 to December 2025. In addition, Mr. Grenfell led IQVIA's Global Public Health initiatives during this time. From May 2015 to December 2019, Mr. Grenfell served as President, North Europe, Middle East, Africa and South Asia. Since joining IMS Health, IQVIA's predecessor company, in 1996, Mr. Grenfell has held sales, client services and business management roles of increasing responsibility in EMEA. Mr. Grenfell holds a Bachelor of Arts degree with honors in Business Economics from Anglia Ruskin University and a Master of Science in Economics and Competition Policy from Bayes Business School, City St. George's, University of London.

***Bernd Haas, Executive Vice President, AI and Technology Solutions***

Mr. Haas has served as Executive Vice President, AI and Technology Solutions since December 2025. Mr. Haas previously served as Senior Vice President, Digital Products & Solutions from January 2024 to December 2025. Mr. Haas has over 20 years of experience in the healthcare and pharmaceutical industry. He joined IQVIA in 2013 and had responsibility for the Technology Solutions business across Europe, Middle East, Africa and South Asia. Before joining IQVIA, Mr. Haas was an associate principal at McKinsey and Company leading the pharma multi-channel marketing group. Prior to McKinsey, he held various roles at Bayer Pharmaceuticals, including country manager Denmark and sales & marketing head, Poland. Mr. Haas holds a master's degree in international business from the University of Bamberg.

***James G. Berkshire, Executive Vice President, Global Infrastructure and Operations***

Mr. Berkshire has served as our Executive Vice President, Global Infrastructure and Operations since December 2025. Mr. Berkshire previously served as Executive Vice President, Global Technology and Operations from January 2024 to December 2025. Prior to that, he was Senior Vice President, Business Operations, where he focused on operational excellence, productivity improvements and cost management. Previously, Mr. Berkshire was Vice President, Organizational Effectiveness at IMS Health, IQVIA's predecessor company. Mr. Berkshire has a Bachelor of Arts degree in economics from Indiana University.

***Michael J. Fedock, Senior Vice President, Financial Planning and Analysis***

Mr. Fedock has served as our Senior Vice President, Financial Planning and Analysis since April 2021. From July 2019 to April 2021, Mr. Fedock served as the CFO for the Company's Research & Development Solutions Business Unit and from May 2016 to July 2019, he served as CFO of IQVIA Laboratories (formally known as Q2 Solutions, a joint venture between the Company and Quest Diagnostics Incorporated and a leading clinical trial laboratory services organization). Prior to joining IQVIA Laboratories, Mr. Fedock spent 13 years with ICON plc where he held various roles of increasing responsibility in both financial and operational leadership positions. Mr. Fedock has a bachelor's degree in biological sciences from Drexel University and a Master of Business Administration from the University of Baltimore.

**Item 11. Executive Compensation**

***Compensation***

The information required by this Item is set forth under the headings "Director Compensation," "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," "Leadership Development and Compensation Committee Report," "Compensation of Named Executive Officers," and "Other Relevant Information—Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" in the Company's 2026 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

Information in response to this Item, other than Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans, is set forth in the section entitled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" in the Company's 2026 Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

## Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides certain information with respect to all of our equity compensation plans in effect as of December 31, 2025:

### Equity Compensation Plan Information

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (a)	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	6,041,586 (1)	\$ 173.70 (3)	6,573,173 (4)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	26,727 (2)	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,068,313</b>	<b>\$ 173.70 (3)</b>	<b>6,573,173</b>

- (1) Consists of: (i) 3,342,758 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding time-based stock options and underlying outstanding time-based SARs; (ii) 1,454,410 shares of common stock issuable in settlement of outstanding restricted stock units awarded; (iii) 1,222,735 shares of common stock issuable in settlement of outstanding performance units awarded; and (iv) 21,683 shares of deferred common stock outstanding under the Director Deferral Plan.
- (2) Consists of outstanding awards issued to certain executives with supplemental pension benefits in accordance with their individual employment arrangements under the IMS Health DCERP.
- (3) The weighted-average exercise price includes all outstanding stock options and SARs but does not include restricted stock units, performance units, deferred stock or IMS Health DCERP awards, all of which do not have an exercise price. If restricted stock units, performance units and other awards that constitute “rights” were included in this calculation, treating such awards as having an exercise price of \$0, the weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights would be \$96.11.
- (4) Consists of all securities remaining available under our equity compensation plans. All of these shares are available for delivery under stock options, SARs, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards or other forms of equity awards authorized by the plans. Does not include 2,251,704 shares that would have remained available under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan had it not been discontinued as of December 31, 2016.

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this item is set forth under the headings “Corporate Governance,” and “Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions” in the 2026 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

### Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is set forth under the headings “Audit—Fees Paid to Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm” in the 2026 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

## PART IV

### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) **The following documents are filed as part of this report:**

**(1) Financial Statements**

The following consolidated financial statements of IQVIA Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries, and the independent registered public accounting firm's report thereon, are included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report:

	Page
<a href="#">Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting</a>	<a href="#">67</a>
<a href="#">Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 238)</a>	<a href="#">67</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Income</a>	<a href="#">70</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</a>	<a href="#">71</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Balance Sheets</a>	<a href="#">72</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</a>	<a href="#">73</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity</a>	<a href="#">74</a>
<a href="#">Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</a>	<a href="#">75</a>

**(2) Financial Statement Schedules for the Years Ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023**

<a href="#">Schedule I—Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Parent Company Only)</a>	<a href="#">127</a>
<a href="#">Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts</a>	<a href="#">131</a>

All other schedules are omitted, since the required information is not applicable or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or because the information required is included in the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

**(3) Exhibits**

The exhibits in the accompanying Exhibit Index preceding the signature page are filed or furnished as a part of this report and are incorporated herein by reference. The Company agrees to furnish to the SEC, upon request, copies of any long-term debt instruments that authorize an amount of securities constituting 10% or less of the total assets of IQVIA Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Incorporated by Reference			
			Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IQVIA Holdings Inc., effective April 24, 2025.</a>		8-K	001-35907	3.1	April 24, 2025
3.2	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws of IQVIA Holdings Inc., effective April 18, 2023.</a>		8-K	001-35907	3.2	April 18, 2023
4.1	<a href="#">Description of the Company's Securities.</a>	X				
4.2	<a href="#">Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2016, among Quintiles IMS Incorporated, the Guarantors listed therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	October 3, 2016
4.3	<a href="#">Indenture, dated May 10, 2019, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	May 10, 2019
4.4	<a href="#">Indenture, dated August 13, 2019, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	August 13, 2019
4.5	<a href="#">Indenture, dated June 24, 2020, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	June 24, 2020
4.6	<a href="#">Indenture, dated March 3, 2021, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee of the Notes and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer, as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	March 3, 2021
4.7	<a href="#">Indenture, dated May 23, 2023, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee of the 6.500% Senior Notes due 2030 and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.2	May 23, 2023
4.8	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Indenture, dated December 19, 2023, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 and the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors.</a>		S-4	001-35907	4.8	January 5, 2024
4.9	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 27, 2024, among the subsidiary guarantors named on the signature pages thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028.</a>		10-Q	001-35907	4.1	July 22, 2024
4.10	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 5, 2025, among the subsidiary guarantors named on the signature pages thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028.</a>	X				
4.11	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Indenture, dated December 19, 2023, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029 and the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors.</a>		S-4	001-35907	4.9	January 5, 2024
4.12	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 27, 2024, among the subsidiary guarantors named on the signature pages thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029.</a>		10-Q	001-35907	4.2	July 22, 2024
4.13	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 5, 2025, among the subsidiary guarantors named on the signature pages thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029.</a>	X				
4.14	<a href="#">Indenture, dated June 4, 2025, among IQVIA Inc., as Issuer, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee of the 6.250% Senior Notes due 2032 and certain subsidiaries of the Issuer as guarantors.</a>		8-K	001-35907	4.1	June 4, 2025

10.1	<a href="#">Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 25, 2021, by and among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc., IOVIA AG, IOVIA Solutions Japan K.K., IOVIA Holdings Inc., the Guarantors party thereto and the Lenders party thereto (Annex A to Exhibit 10.1 filed August 25, 2021).</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	August 25, 2021
10.2	<a href="#">Amendment No. 1 to Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated June 16, 2022, among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA Holdings Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc. the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders party thereto.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	June 16, 2022
10.3	<a href="#">Amendment No. 2 to Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated April 17, 2023, among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA Holdings Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc., IOVIA AG, IOVIA Japan K.K., the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders party thereto.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	April 18, 2023
10.4	<a href="#">Amendment No. 3 to Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated November 28, 2023, among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA Holdings Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc., IOVIA AG, IOVIA Solutions Japan LLC, the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders party thereto.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	November 23, 2023
10.5	<a href="#">Amendment No. 4 to Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated March 10, 2025, among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA Holdings Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc., the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders party thereto.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	March 10, 2025
10.6	<a href="#">Amendment No. 5 to Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated December 9, 2025, among IOVIA Inc., IOVIA Holdings Inc., IOVIA RDS Inc., IOVIA AG, IOVIA Solutions Japan LLC, the other guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and the Lenders party thereto.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.1	December 9, 2025
10.7	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of March 17, 2014, among Healthcare Technology Intermediate Holdings, Inc., IMS Health Incorporated, each of the grantors party thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent.</a>	IMS Health S-1/A	333-193159	10.33	March 24, 2014
10.8	<a href="#">U.S. Guaranty, dated as of March 17, 2014, among Healthcare Technology Intermediate Holdings, Inc., as Holdings, IMS Health Incorporated, as Parent Borrower, the other Guarantors party thereto from time to time, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent.</a>	IMS Health S-1/A	333-193159	10.34	March 24, 2014
10.9†	<a href="#">Form of Director Indemnification Agreement</a>	X			
10.10†	<a href="#">Form of Confidentiality and Restrictive Covenants Agreement.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.9	February 15, 2024
10.11†	<a href="#">Work Product Assignment Agreement.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.10	February 15, 2024
10.12†	<a href="#">Quintiles Transnational Holdings Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan.</a>	S-1/A	333-186708	10.22	April 19, 2013
10.13†	<a href="#">Form of Award Agreement Awarding Stock Appreciation Rights under the Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2013 Stock Incentive Plan effective February 2017.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.41	February 16, 2017
10.14†	<a href="#">Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. Defined Contribution Executive Retirement Plan.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.7	October 3, 2016
10.15†	<a href="#">IMS Health Incorporated Defined Contribution Executive Retirement Plan, as amended and restated.</a>	IMS Health S-1	333-193159	10.10	January 2, 2014
10.16†	<a href="#">First Amendment to the IMS Health Incorporated Retirement Excess Plan, dated March 17, 2009.</a>	IMS Health S-1	333-193159	10.12	January 2, 2014
10.17†	<a href="#">Second Amendment to the IMS Health Incorporated Retirement Excess Plan, dated December 8, 2009.</a>	IMS Health S-1	333-193159	10.13	January 2, 2014

10.18†	<a href="#">Third Amendment to the IMS Health Incorporated Retirement Excess Plan, dated April 5, 2011.</a>	IMS Health S-1	333-193159	10.14	January 2, 2014
10.19†	<a href="#">Fourth Amendment to the IMS Health Incorporated Retirement Excess Plan (effective May 3, 2016).</a>	IMS Health 10-Q	001-36381	10.3	July 28, 2016
10.20†	<a href="#">IMS Health Incorporated Retirement Plan, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2020.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.19	February 15, 2024
10.21†	<a href="#">Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2014 Incentive and Stock Award Plan.</a>	8-K	001-35907	10.6	October 3, 2016
10.22†	<a href="#">Form of IMS Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement under the 2014 Incentive and Stock Award Plan.</a>	IMS Health 8-K	001-36381	10.1	February 10, 2015
10.23†	<a href="#">IQVIA Holdings Inc. 2017 Incentive Stock Award Plan (f/k/a Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan).</a>	DEF 14A	001-35907	Appendix B	February 22, 2017
10.24†	<a href="#">Form of Award Agreement Awarding Stock Appreciation Rights under the Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan effective April 2017.</a>	10-Q	001-35907	10.8	May 8, 2017
10.25†	<a href="#">Form of Award Agreement Awarding Performance Shares under the Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan effective April 2017.</a>	10-Q	001-35907	10.9	May 8, 2017
10.26†	<a href="#">Form of Award Agreement Awarding Restricted Stock Units under the Quintiles IMS Holdings, Inc. 2017 Incentive and Stock Award Plan effective April 2017.</a>	10-Q	001-35907	10.10	May 8, 2017
10.27†	<a href="#">IQVIA Inc. Employee Protection Plan and Summary Plan Description, as amended and restated effective July 1, 2023.</a>	10-Q	001-35907	10.1	August 1, 2023
10.28†	<a href="#">IQVIA Savings Equalization Plan, effective January 1, 2018.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.27	February 15, 2024
10.29†	<a href="#">IQVIA Elective Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.28	February 15, 2024
10.30†	<a href="#">IQVIA Holdings Inc. Non-Employee Director Deferral Plan, effective January 1, 2017 (amended November 9, 2023).</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.29	February 15, 2024
10.31†	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between IQVIA Holdings Inc. and Ari Bousbib, dated February 18, 2019.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.60	February 19, 2019
10.32†	<a href="#">Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement between IMS Health Holdings, Inc. and Ari Bousbib, dated February 10, 2015.</a>	IMS Health 10-K	001-36381	10.34	February 19, 2016
10.33†	<a href="#">Amendment No. 1, dated December 31, 2015, to Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement between IMS Health Holdings, Inc. and Ari Bousbib dated February 10, 2015.</a>	IMS Health 10-K	001-36381	10.35	February 19, 2016
10.34†	<a href="#">Letter Agreement between the Company and Eric Sherbet, effective on March 1, 2018.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.72	February 19, 2019
10.35†	<a href="#">Letter Agreement between the Company and Ronald Bruehlman, effective on August 1, 2020.</a>	10-Q	001-35907	10.1	October 22, 2020
10.36†	<a href="#">Letter Agreement between the Company and W. Richard Staub, effective on September 25, 2023.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.35	February 15, 2024
10.37†	<a href="#">Employment Agreement between IQVIA AG and Bhavik Patel, effective as of August 7, 2018, as amended on August 9, 2022 and August 1, 2023.</a>	10-K	001-35907	10.36	February 13, 2025
10.38†	<a href="#">Employment Agreement between IMS Health Limited and Alistair Grenfell, effective as of July 15, 2003, as amended January 13, 2026.</a>	X			
19.1	<a href="#">Securities Trading Policy.</a>	X			
21.1	<a href="#">List of Subsidiaries of IQVIA Holdings Inc.</a>	X			
22.1	<a href="#">List of Subsidiary Guarantors and Affiliates who Collateralize the Company's Securities.</a>	X			
23.1	<a href="#">Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.</a>	X			
31.1	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>	X			

31.2	<a href="#">Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>	X				
32.1	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>	X				
32.2	<a href="#">Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>	X				
97.1†	<a href="#">Restatement Recovery Policy, dated November 9, 2023.</a>		10-K	001-35907	97.1	February 15, 2024
101	<a href="#">Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) Consolidated Statements of Income, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.</a>	X				
104	<a href="#">Cover Page Interactive Data File. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.</a>	X				

† Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

## Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### IQVIA HOLDINGS INC.

By: /s/ Ronald E. Bruehlman

Name: Ronald E. Bruehlman  
Title: Executive Vice President and Chief  
Financial Officer

Date: February 17, 2026

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
<u>/s/ Ari Bousbib</u> Ari Bousbib	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Ronald E. Bruehlman</u> Ronald E. Bruehlman	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Keriann Cherofsky</u> Keriann Cherofsky	Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Carol J. Burt</u> Carol J. Burt	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ John G. Danhaki</u> John G. Danhaki	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ James A. Fasano</u> James A. Fasano	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Colleen A. Goggins</u> Colleen A. Goggins	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ William G. Kaelin Jr., M.D.</u> William G. Kaelin Jr., M.D.	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ John M. Leonard, M.D.</u> John M. Leonard, M.D.	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Leslie Wims Morris</u> Leslie Wims Morris	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Todd B. Sisitsky</u> Todd B. Sisitsky	Director	February 17, 2026
<u>/s/ Sheila A. Stamps</u> Sheila A. Stamps	Director	February 17, 2026

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

Schedule I—Condensed Financial Information of Registrant

IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. (PARENT COMPANY ONLY)  
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Equity in earnings of subsidiary, net of tax	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
Net income	1,360	1,373	1,358
Equity in other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiary, net of tax	95	(171)	(140)
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,202	\$ 1,218

The accompanying note is an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. (PARENT COMPANY ONLY)**  
**CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in millions, except per share data)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	\$ —
Total current assets	1	—
Investment in subsidiary	9,667	9,667
Total assets	\$ 9,668	\$ 9,667
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 8	\$ 9
Total current liabilities	8	9
Investment in subsidiary	3,154	3,588
Payable to subsidiary	3	3
Total liabilities	3,165	3,600
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital, 400.0 shares authorized as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, \$0.01 par value, 259.1 shares issued and 169.6 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2025; 258.2 shares issued and 176.1 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2024	11,378	11,143
Retained earnings	7,425	6,065
Treasury stock, at cost, 89.5 and 82.1 shares as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	(11,357)	(10,103)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(943)	(1,038)
Total stockholders' equity	6,503	6,067
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 9,668	\$ 9,667

The accompanying note is an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. (PARENT COMPANY ONLY)**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Operating activities:</b>			
Net Income	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,358
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Equity in earnings of subsidiary	(1,360)	(1,373)	(1,358)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Other operating assets and liabilities	(1)	(11)	—
Net cash from operating activities	(1)	(11)	—
<b>Investing activities:</b>			
Dividends received	1,323	1,423	1,052
Net cash from investing activities	1,323	1,423	1,052
<b>Financing activities:</b>			
Payments related to employee stock incentive plans, net	(67)	(64)	(61)
Repurchase of common stock	(1,244)	(1,350)	(992)
Intercompany with subsidiary	—	—	1
Other	(10)	—	—
Net cash from financing activities	(1,321)	(1,414)	(1,052)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1	(2)	—
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	—	2	2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 2

The accompanying note is an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

**IQVIA HOLDINGS INC. (PARENT COMPANY ONLY)**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The condensed parent company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Rule 12-04, Schedule I of Regulation S-X as the restricted net assets of IQVIA Holdings Inc.'s (the "Company") wholly owned subsidiary, IQVIA Incorporated, exceed 25% of the consolidated net assets of the Company. These condensed parent company financial statements are not the general-purpose financial statements of the reporting entity. The ability of IQVIA Incorporated to pay dividends may be limited due to the restrictive covenants in the agreements governing its credit arrangements.

These condensed parent company financial statements include the accounts of IQVIA Holdings Inc. on a standalone basis (the "Parent") and the equity method of accounting is used to reflect ownership interest in its subsidiary. Refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes presented elsewhere herein for additional information and disclosures with respect to these financial statements.

Below is a summary of the dividends paid to the Parent by IQVIA Incorporated in the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023:

(in millions)	Amount
<b>Paid in December 2025</b>	<b>\$ 92</b>
<b>Paid in November 2025</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>Paid in July 2025</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>Paid in June 2025</b>	<b>165</b>
<b>Paid in May 2025</b>	<b>289</b>
<b>Paid in April 2025</b>	<b>214</b>
<b>Paid in March 2025</b>	<b>375</b>
<b>Paid in February 2025</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>Total paid in 2025</b>	<b>\$ 1,323</b>
Paid in December 2024	\$ 200
Paid in November 2024	952
Paid in October 2024	11
Paid in September 2024	201
Paid in August 2024	1
Paid in February 2024	58
Total paid in 2024	\$ 1,423
Paid in November 2023	\$ 232
Paid in September 2023	55
Paid in August 2023	89
Paid in May 2023	490
Paid in March 2023	130
Paid in February 2023	56
Total paid in 2023	\$ 1,052

**Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts**

**Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance**

(in millions)	Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions			Balance at End of Year
		Charged to Expenses	Charged to Other Accounts(a)	Additions (Deductions) (b)	
<b>December 31, 2025</b>	\$ 196	\$ (8)	\$ —	\$ 18	\$ 206
December 31, 2024	\$ 166	\$ (12)	\$ —	\$ 42	\$ 196
December 31, 2023	\$ 257	\$ (99)	\$ —	\$ 8	\$ 166

(a) Recorded through purchase accounting transactions.

(b) Impact of additions or reductions recorded to expense and translation adjustments.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

IQVIA Holdings Inc. (“IQVIA”, the “Registrant”, the “Company”, “us”, “we”, or “our”) has one class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the “common stock”).

The following description of our securities does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the IQVIA amended and restated certificate of incorporation (“Certificate of Incorporation”) and the IQVIA amended and restated bylaws (“Bylaws”), each of which are incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit is a part, and applicable provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the “DGCL”).

### **DESCRIPTION OF IQVIA CAPITAL STOCK**

#### **Authorized Capital**

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides the authority to issue 400,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and nonassessable.

Each share of our common stock has the same relative rights and is identical in all respects to each other share of our common stock.

#### **Common Stock**

##### ***Voting Rights***

Except as otherwise required by law or as otherwise provided in any certificate of designation for any series of preferred stock, holders of common stock will possess all voting power for the election of directors and all other matters requiring stockholder action, except with respect to amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation that alter or change the powers, preferences, rights or other terms of any outstanding preferred stock if the holders of such affected series of preferred stock are entitled to vote on such an amendment. Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on matters to be voted on by stockholders. Except as otherwise provided by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws, all matters to be voted on by our stockholders must be approved by a majority of the votes cast on the matter affirmatively or negatively.

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### ***Liquidation Rights***

If we voluntarily or involuntarily liquidate, dissolve or wind-up, the holders of common stock will be entitled to receive after distribution in full of the preferential amounts, if any, to be distributed to the holders of preferred stock or any series of preferred stock, all of the remaining assets available for distribution ratably in proportion to the number of shares of common stock held by them.

### ***Dividends***

Subject to prior rights and preferences, if any, that may apply to shares of preferred stock outstanding at the time, the holders of outstanding shares of common stock will be entitled to receive a ratable portion of dividends, payable in cash, property or stock, out of assets legally available at the times and in the amounts as our board of directors may from time to time determine.

### ***Miscellaneous***

Holders of common stock have no conversion, preemptive or other subscription rights and there is no sinking fund or redemption provisions applicable to our common stock.

### **Preferred Stock**

The Certificate of Incorporation authorizes our board of directors, without further stockholder action, to issue up to 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in one or more series, and to fix the designation, powers, preferences, and rights of the shares of such series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, without further vote or action by our stockholders. The rights with respect to a class or series of preferred stock may be greater than the rights attached to common stock. It is not possible to state the actual effect of the issuance of any shares of preferred stock on the rights of holders of common stock until our board of directors determines the specific rights attached to that class or series of preferred stock.

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## **Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware Law**

### ***Delaware Anti-Takeover Statute***

We are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, an anti-takeover statute. In general, Section 203 of the DGCL prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a “business combination” with an “interested stockholder” for a period of three years following the time the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination or the acquisition of shares that resulted in a stockholder becoming an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a “business combination” includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an “interested stockholder” is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status did own) 15% or more of a corporation’s voting stock. A Delaware corporation may “opt out” of this provision with an express provision in its original certificate of incorporation or an express provision in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws resulting from a stockholders’ amendment approved by at least a majority of the outstanding voting shares. The existence of this provision would be expected to have an anti-takeover effect with respect to transactions not approved in advance by our board of directors, including discouraging attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares of common stock held by our stockholders.

### ***Removal of Directors***

The Certificate of Incorporation provides that, subject to the rights, if any, of the holders of shares of Preferred Stock then outstanding any director may be removed from office by the stockholders of the Company, with or without cause, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, considered as one class.

### ***Amendments to Bylaws***

The Bylaws may be amended, adopted, altered or repealed by our board of directors or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of the Company present in person or by proxy at a meeting and entitled to vote on such amendment, alteration, change, addition or repeal.

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### ***Size of Board and Vacancies***

The Certificate of Incorporation provides that the number of directors on our board of directors will be fixed exclusively by our board of directors at a number of directors not less than five (5) and not more than seventeen (17). In the case of any vacancy on the board of directors, including a vacancy created by an increase in the number of directors, the vacancy may be filled by the board of directors for a term of office continuing until the next election of directors by the stockholders. Subject to the Bylaws, when one or more directors resigns effective at a future date, a majority of the directors then in office, including those who have so resigned, shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies, the vote thereon to take effect when such resignation or resignations shall become effective, and each director so chosen shall hold office as provided in the Bylaws in connection with the filling of other vacancies.

### ***Stockholder Action by Written Consent***

The Certificate of Incorporation provides that stockholders may not take action by written consent in lieu of a meeting.

### ***Special Stockholder Meetings***

The Certificate of Incorporation provides that special meetings of our stockholders may be called (i) by a majority of the members of the board of directors, (ii) by the Chairman of the Board or Chief Executive Officer of the Company, or (iii) by the Secretary of the Company upon receipt of the written request of one or more record holders (and the record or beneficial owners, if any, such holders represent) representing ownership of an aggregate of not less than 25% of the voting power of all issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company, provided that such shares have been owned continuously by such holders for at least one year, and provided such request complies with the procedures for calling a special meeting of stockholders as set forth in the Bylaws, as may be amended from time to time. This limitation on the right of stockholders to call a special meeting could make it more difficult for stockholders to initiate actions that are opposed by our board of directors. These actions could include the removal of an incumbent director or the election of a stockholder nominee as a director. In addition, the limited ability of the stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders may make it more difficult to change the existing board and management.

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### ***Requirements for Advance Notification of Stockholder Nominations and Proposals***

The Bylaws provide that stockholders seeking to bring business before an annual meeting of stockholders, or to nominate candidates for election as directors at an annual meeting of stockholders, must provide timely notice thereof in writing. To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be delivered to our principal executive offices not later than 90 days nor earlier than 120 days prior to the date of our annual meeting in the preceding year, subject to changes if the annual meeting date is advanced more than 30 days before or delayed more than 60 days after the anniversary date of the preceding year's annual meeting. The Bylaws also specify certain requirements as to the form and content of a stockholder's notice. These provisions may preclude stockholders from bringing matters before an annual meeting of stockholders or from making nominations for directors at an annual meeting of stockholders.

### ***No Cumulative Voting***

The Certificate of Incorporation provides that stockholders do not have the right to cumulate votes in the election of directors. Without cumulative voting, a minority stockholder may not be able to gain as many seats on the board of directors as the stockholder would be able to gain if cumulative voting were permitted. The absence of cumulative voting makes it more difficult for a minority stockholder to gain a seat on the board of directors or influence the board's decision regarding a takeover.

### ***Undesignated Preferred Stock***

The authority of our board of directors to issue preferred stock could potentially be used to discourage attempts by third parties to obtain control of the Company through a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise by making such attempts more difficult or more costly. Our board of directors will be able to issue preferred stock with voting rights or conversion rights that, if exercised, could adversely affect the voting power of the holders of common stock.

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## **Limitations on Liability, Indemnification of Officers and Directors, and Insurance**

The DGCL authorizes corporations to eliminate or limit the personal liability of directors and officers to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' or officers' (as applicable) fiduciary duties, and the Certificate of Incorporation includes such an exculpation provision to the fullest extent permitted by law. The Certificate of Incorporation includes provisions that require us to indemnify, to the fullest extent allowable under the DGCL, our directors and officers or any of our subsidiaries. The Certificate of Incorporation also provides that we must pay the expenses incurred by the indemnified person in defending or otherwise participating in any proceeding in advance of its final disposition, subject to our receipt of an undertaking from the indemnified party that such party will repay such amount if it is ultimately determined that such party is not entitled to be indemnified by us. We have entered into indemnification agreements with our non-management directors, which generally provide for indemnification in connection with their service to us or on our behalf. The Certificate of Incorporation also expressly authorizes us to carry insurance to protect our directors and officers against liability asserted against them or incurred by them in any such capacity.

The limitation of liability and indemnification provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions may also have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against our directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. However, these provisions do not limit or eliminate our rights, or those of any stockholder, to seek non-monetary relief such as injunction or rescission in the event of a breach of a director's duty of care. The provisions do not alter the liability of directors under the federal securities laws. In addition, investments in our company may be adversely affected to the extent that, in a class action or direct suit, we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions. However, we believe that these indemnification provisions are necessary to attract and retain qualified directors and officers.

## **Exclusive Forum**

The Bylaws provide that unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternate forum, the sole and exclusive forum for all litigation relating to the internal affairs of our company, including without limitation (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of us, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL, the Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws (in each case, as they may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, shall be a state court located within the State of Delaware, or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware. This provision may prevent a stockholder from bringing a claim in a judicial forum (other than in a Delaware court) that it finds preferable for disputes with us and our directors, officers or other employees.

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## **Authorized but Unissued Shares**

The authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock will be available for future issuance without stockholder approval. These additional shares may be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions, employee benefit plans and “poison pill” rights plans. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of our company by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

## **NYSE Listing**

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “IQV.”

## **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Equiniti Trust Company, LLC.

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE  
TO BE DELIVERED BY SUBSEQUENT GUARANTORS

Supplemental Indenture (this “Supplemental Indenture”), dated as of December 5<sup>th</sup>, 2025, by and among IQVIA Digital Inc., a Delaware corporation, MCRA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Q Squared Solutions (Quest) LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and Clinical Financial Services, LLC, a Pennsylvania limited liability company (each a “Guaranteeing Subsidiary”), a subsidiary of IQVIA Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”) and as collateral agent (the “Collateral Agent”).

W I T N E S S E T H

WHEREAS, the Company and the Guarantors have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee and the Collateral Agent an Indenture, dated as of May 23, 2023 (as amended and restated on December 19, 2023, the “Indenture”), providing for the issuance of an unlimited aggregate principal amount of 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 (the “Notes”);

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances each Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which each Guaranteeing Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuer’s Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein and under the Indenture (the “Guarantee”); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee and the Collateral Agent are authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders as follows:

- (1) Capitalized Terms. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.
  - (2) Agreement to Guarantee. Each Guaranteeing Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including, but not limited to, Article X thereof.
  - (3) No Recourse Against Others. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, partner or stockholder of the Issuer or any Guarantor or any of their parent companies or subsidiaries (other than the Issuer and the Guarantors) shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantors under the Notes, the Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder by accepting Notes waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.
  - (4) Governing Law. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE WILL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
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(5) Counterparts. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement. This Supplemental Indenture may be executed in multiple counterparts, which, when taken together, shall constitute one instrument. The exchange of copies of this Supplemental Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile or PDF transmissions shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Supplemental Indenture as to the parties hereto and may be used in lieu of the original Supplemental Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile or PDF shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.

(6) Effect of Headings. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

(7) The Trustee and the Collateral Agent. Neither the Trustee nor the Collateral Agent shall be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by each Guaranteeing Subsidiary.

(8) Successors. All agreements of each Guaranteeing Subsidiary in this Supplemental Indenture shall bind its successors, except as otherwise provided in this Supplemental Indenture. All agreements of the Trustee and the Collateral Agent in this Supplemental Indenture shall bind its successors.

*[The remainder of this page was intentionally left blank.]*

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed, all as of the date first above written.

IQVIA DIGITAL INC.  
MCRA, LLC  
Q SQUARED SOLUTIONS (QUEST) LLC  
CLINICAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC

By: /s/ Kerri Joseph Name: Kerri Joseph  
Title: Vice President and Treasurer

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee  
and Collateral Agent

By: /s/ Brandon Bonfig  
Name: Brandon Bonfig  
Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (May 2023 Secured)]

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE  
TO BE DELIVERED BY SUBSEQUENT GUARANTORS

Supplemental Indenture (this “Supplemental Indenture”), dated as of December 5<sup>th</sup>, 2025, by and among IQVIA Digital Inc., a Delaware corporation, MCRA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Q Squared Solutions (Quest) LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and Clinical Financial Services, LLC, a Pennsylvania limited liability company (each a “Guaranteeing Subsidiary”), a subsidiary of IQVIA Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”) and as collateral agent (the “Collateral Agent”).

W I T N E S S E T H

WHEREAS, the Company and the Guarantors have heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee and the Collateral Agent an Indenture, dated as of November 28, 2023 (as amended and restated on December 19, 2023, the “Indenture”), providing for the issuance of an unlimited aggregate principal amount of 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029 (the “Notes”);

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances each Guaranting Subsidiary shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranting Subsidiary shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Issuer’s Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein and under the Indenture (the “Guarantee”); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee and the Collateral Agent are authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders as follows:

- (1) Capitalized Terms. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.
- (2) Agreement to Guarantee. Each Guaranting Subsidiary hereby agrees to provide an unconditional Guarantee on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Indenture including, but not limited to, Article X thereof.
- (3) No Recourse Against Others. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, partner or stockholder of the Issuer or any Guarantor or any of their parent companies or subsidiaries (other than the Issuer and the Guarantors) shall have any liability for any obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantors under the Notes, the Guarantees, the Indenture or this Supplemental Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder by accepting Notes waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes.
- (4) Governing Law. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE WILL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

(5) Counterparts. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement. This Supplemental Indenture may be executed in multiple counterparts, which, when taken together, shall constitute one instrument. The exchange of copies of this Supplemental Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile or PDF transmissions shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Supplemental Indenture as to the parties hereto and may be used in lieu of the original Supplemental Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile or PDF shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.

(6) Effect of Headings. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

(7) The Trustee and the Collateral Agent. Neither the Trustee nor the Collateral Agent shall be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by each Guaranteeing Subsidiary.

(8) Successors. All agreements of each Guaranteeing Subsidiary in this Supplemental Indenture shall bind its successors, except as otherwise provided in this Supplemental Indenture. All agreements of the Trustee and the Collateral Agent in this Supplemental Indenture shall bind its successors.

**[signature page follows]**

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed, all as of the date first above written.

IQVIA DIGITAL INC.  
MCRA, LLC  
Q SQUARED SOLUTIONS (QUEST) LLC  
CLINICAL FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, LLC

By: /s/ Kerri Joseph  
Name: Kerri Joseph  
Title: Vice President and Treasurer

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee  
and Collateral Agent

By: /s/ Brandon Bonfig  
Name: Brandon Bonfig  
Title: Vice President

[Signature Page to Supplemental Indenture (Nov. 2023)]

## INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

This Indemnification Agreement (“Agreement”) is made and entered into as of [ ], by and among IQVIA Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), IQVIA Inc., a Delaware corporation (“Opco”, and together with the Company, the “IQVIA Companies” and each an “IQVIA Company”), and [ ] (“Indemnitee”).

WHEREAS, in light of the litigation costs and risks to directors and officers resulting from their service to the IQVIA Companies, and the desire of the IQVIA Companies to attract and retain qualified individuals to serve as directors and officers, it is reasonable, prudent and necessary for each of the IQVIA Companies to indemnify and advance expenses on behalf of its and the other IQVIA Companies’ directors and/or officers to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law so that they will serve or continue to serve the IQVIA Companies free from undue concern regarding such risks;

WHEREAS, the IQVIA Companies have requested that Indemnitee serve or continue to serve as a director and/or an officer of one or more of the IQVIA Companies and may have requested or may in the future request that Indemnitee serve one or more IQVIA Entities (as hereinafter defined) as a director or an officer or in other capacities;

WHEREAS, one of the conditions that Indemnitee requires in order to serve as a director and/or an officer of one or more of the IQVIA Companies is that Indemnitee be so indemnified; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the covenants contained herein, the IQVIA Companies and Indemnitee do hereby covenant and agree as follows:

1. Services by Indemnitee. Indemnitee agrees to serve as a director and/or an officer of one or more of the IQVIA Companies. Indemnitee may at any time and for any reason resign from such position (subject to any contractual obligation the Indemnitee may have under any other agreement).

2. Indemnification – General. On the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, all losses, damages, liabilities, judgments, fines, penalties, costs, amounts paid in settlement, Expenses (as hereinafter defined) and other amounts that Indemnitee reasonably incurs and that result from, arise in connection with or are by reason of Indemnitee’s Corporate Status (as hereinafter defined) and shall advance Expenses to Indemnitee. The obligations of the IQVIA Companies under this Agreement (a) are joint and several obligations of each IQVIA Company, (b) shall continue after such time as Indemnitee ceases to serve as a director or an officer of the IQVIA Companies or in any other Corporate Status, and (c) include, without limitation, claims for monetary damages against Indemnitee in respect of any actual or alleged liability or other loss of Indemnitee, to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law (including, if applicable, Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law) as in existence on the date hereof and as amended from time to time.

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A limitation under law of either IQVIA Company on providing indemnification or an advance of expenses to Indemnitee shall not limit the indemnification and advancement obligations of either IQVIA Company not so limited.

3. Proceedings Other Than Proceedings by or in the Right of the IQVIA Companies. If in connection with or by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status, Indemnitee was, is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or a participant in any Proceeding (as hereinafter defined) other than a Proceeding by or in the right of any of the IQVIA Companies to procure a judgment in its favor, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, all Expenses, losses, damages, liabilities, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement (including all interest, assessments and other charges paid or payable in connection with or in respect of such liabilities, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement) reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein.

4. Proceedings by or in the Right of the IQVIA Companies. If in connection with or by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status, Indemnitee was, is, or is threatened to be made, a party to or a participant in any Proceeding by or in the right of any of the IQVIA Companies to procure a judgment in such IQVIA Company's favor, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, all Expenses reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with such Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein.

5. Mandatory Indemnification in Case of Successful Defense. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, to the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status, a party to (or a participant in) and is successful, on the merits or otherwise, in defense of any Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein (including, without limitation, any Proceeding brought by or in the right of either IQVIA Company), the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, all Expenses reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection therewith. If Indemnitee is not wholly successful in defense of such Proceeding but is successful, on the merits or otherwise, as to one or more but less than all claims, issues or matters in such Proceeding, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee against all Expenses reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with each successfully resolved claim, issue or matter. For purposes of this Section 5 and without limitation, the termination of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding by dismissal, with or without prejudice, on substantive or procedural grounds, or settlement of any such claim prior to a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction with respect to such Proceeding, shall be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter; provided, however, that any settlement of any claim, issue or matter in such a Proceeding shall not be deemed to be a successful result as to such claim, issue or matter if such settlement is effected by Indemnitee without the IQVIA Companies' prior written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned.

6. Partial Indemnification. If Indemnitee is entitled under any provision of this Agreement or otherwise to indemnification by any of the IQVIA Companies for some or a portion of the Expenses, liabilities, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement (including all interest, assessments and other charges paid or payable in connection with or in respect of such liabilities, judgments, penalties, fines and amounts paid in settlement) incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with a Proceeding or any claim, issue or matter therein, in whole or in part, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee to the fullest extent to which Indemnitee is entitled to such indemnification.

7. Indemnification for Additional Expenses Incurred to Secure Recovery or as Witness.

(a) The IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, any and all Expenses and, if requested by Indemnitee, shall advance on an as-incurred basis (as provided in Section 8 of this Agreement) such Expenses to Indemnitee, which are incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any action or proceeding or part thereof brought by Indemnitee for (i) indemnification or advance payment of Expenses by the IQVIA Companies under this Agreement, any other agreement, the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of the applicable IQVIA Company as now or hereafter in effect; or (ii) recovery under any director and officer liability insurance policies maintained by any IQVIA Entity.

(b) To the extent that Indemnitee is, by reason of Indemnitee's Corporate Status, a witness (or is forced or asked to respond to discovery requests) in any Proceeding to which Indemnitee is not a party, the IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, indemnify Indemnitee with respect to, and hold Indemnitee harmless from and against, and the IQVIA Companies will advance on an as-incurred basis (as provided in Section 8 of this Agreement), all Expenses reasonably incurred by Indemnitee or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection therewith.

8. Advancement of Expenses. The IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, pay on a current and as-incurred basis all Expenses incurred by Indemnitee in connection with any Proceeding in any way connected with, resulting from or relating to Indemnitee's Corporate Status. Such Expenses shall be paid in advance of the final disposition of such Proceeding, without regard to whether Indemnitee will ultimately be entitled to be indemnified for such Expenses and without regard to whether an Adverse Determination (as hereinafter defined) has been or may be made. Upon submission of a request for advancement of Expenses pursuant to Section 9(c) of this Agreement, Indemnitee shall be entitled to advancement of Expenses as provided in this Section 8, and such advancement of Expenses shall continue until such time (if any) as there is a final non-appealable judicial determination that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification. Indemnitee shall repay such amounts advanced if and to the extent that it shall ultimately be determined in a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken that Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified by the IQVIA Companies for such Expenses. Such repayment obligation shall be unsecured and shall not bear interest. The IQVIA Companies shall not impose on Indemnitee additional conditions to advancement or require from Indemnitee additional undertakings regarding repayment. Indemnitee shall, in all events, be entitled to advancement of Expenses, without regard to Indemnitee's ultimate entitlement to indemnification, until the final determination of the Proceeding.

9. Indemnification Procedures.

(a) Notice of Proceeding. Indemnitee agrees to notify the IQVIA Companies promptly upon being served with any summons, citation, subpoena, complaint, indictment, information or other document relating to any Proceeding or matter which may be subject to indemnification or advancement of Expenses hereunder. Any failure by Indemnitee to notify either IQVIA Company will not relieve the IQVIA Companies of its advancement or indemnification obligations under this Agreement unless, and only to the extent that, the IQVIA Companies can establish that such omission to notify resulted in actual and material prejudice to it which prejudice cannot be reversed or otherwise eliminated without any material negative effect on the IQVIA Companies, and the omission to notify such IQVIA Companies will, in any event, not relieve either IQVIA Company from any liability which it may have to indemnify Indemnitee otherwise than under this Agreement. If, at the time of receipt of any such notice, the IQVIA Companies have director and officer liability insurance policies in effect, the IQVIA Companies will promptly notify the relevant insurers in accordance with the procedures and requirements of such policies.

(b) Defense; Settlement. Indemnatee shall have the sole right and obligation to control the defense or conduct of any claim or Proceeding with respect to Indemnatee. The IQVIA Companies shall not, without the prior written consent of Indemnatee, which may be provided or withheld in Indemnatee's sole discretion, effect any settlement of any Proceeding against Indemnatee or which could have been brought against Indemnatee or which potentially or actually imposes any cost, liability, exposure or burden on Indemnatee unless (i) such settlement solely involves the payment of money or performance of any obligation by persons other than Indemnatee and includes an unconditional, full release of Indemnatee by all relevant parties from all liability on any matters that are the subject of such Proceeding and an acknowledgment that Indemnatee denies all wrongdoing in connection with such matters and (ii) the IQVIA Companies have fully indemnified the Indemnatee with respect to, and held Indemnatee harmless from and against, all Expenses and other amounts incurred by Indemnatee or on behalf of Indemnatee in connection with such Proceeding. The IQVIA Companies shall not be obligated to indemnify Indemnatee against amounts paid in settlement of a Proceeding against Indemnatee if such settlement is effected by Indemnatee without the IQVIA Companies' prior written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, unless such settlement solely involves the payment of money or performance of any obligation by persons other than the IQVIA Companies and includes an unconditional release of the IQVIA Companies by any party to such Proceeding other than the Indemnatee from all liability on any matters that are the subject of such Proceeding and an acknowledgment that the IQVIA Companies deny all wrongdoing in connection with such matters.

(c) Request for Advancement; Request for Indemnification.

(i) To obtain advancement of Expenses under this Agreement, Indemnatee shall submit to the IQVIA Companies a written request therefor, together with such invoices or other supporting information as may be reasonably requested by the IQVIA Companies and reasonably available to Indemnatee, and, only to the extent required by applicable law which cannot be waived, an unsecured written undertaking to repay amounts advanced. The IQVIA Companies shall make advance payment of Expenses to Indemnatee no later than five (5) business days after receipt of the written request for advancement (and each subsequent request for advancement) by Indemnatee. If, at the time of receipt of any such written request for advancement of Expenses, the IQVIA Companies have director and officer insurance policies in effect, the IQVIA Companies will promptly notify the relevant insurers in accordance with the procedures and requirements of such policies. The IQVIA Companies shall thereafter keep such director and officer insurers informed of the status of the Proceeding or other claim and take such other actions, as appropriate to secure coverage of Indemnatee for such claim.

(ii) To obtain indemnification under this Agreement, at any time before or after submission of a request for advancement pursuant to Section 9(c)(i) of this Agreement, Indemnitee may submit a written request for indemnification hereunder. The time at which Indemnitee submits a written request for indemnification shall be determined by the Indemnitee in the Indemnitee's sole discretion. Once Indemnitee submits such a written request for indemnification (and only at such time that Indemnitee submits such a written request for indemnification), a Determination (as hereinafter defined) shall thereafter be made, as provided in and only to the extent required by Section 9(d) of this Agreement. In no event shall a Determination be made, or required to be made, as a condition to or otherwise in connection with any advancement of Expenses pursuant to Section 8 and Section 9(c)(i) of this Agreement. If, at the time of receipt of any such request for indemnification, the IQVIA Companies have director and officer insurance policies in effect, the IQVIA Companies will promptly notify the relevant insurers and take such other actions as necessary or appropriate to secure coverage of Indemnitee for such claim in accordance with the procedures and requirements of such policies.

(d) Determination. The IQVIA Companies agree that Indemnitee shall be indemnified to the fullest extent permitted by law and that no Determination shall be required in connection with such indemnification unless specifically required by applicable law which cannot be waived. In no event shall a Determination be required in connection with indemnification for Expenses pursuant to Section 7 of this Agreement or incurred in connection with any Proceeding or portion thereof with respect to which Indemnitee has been successful on the merits or otherwise. Any decision that a Determination is required by law in connection with any other indemnification of Indemnitee, and any such Determination, shall be made within twenty (20) days after receipt of Indemnitee's written request for indemnification pursuant to Section 9(c)(ii) and such Determination shall be made either (i) by the Disinterested Directors (as hereinafter defined), even though less than a quorum, so long as Indemnitee does not request that such Determination be made by Independent Counsel (as hereinafter defined), or (ii) if so requested by Indemnitee, in Indemnitee's sole discretion, by Independent Counsel in a written opinion to the IQVIA Companies and Indemnitee. If a Determination is made that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, payment to Indemnitee shall be made within five (5) business days after such Determination. Indemnitee shall reasonably cooperate with the person, persons or entity making such determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification, including providing to such person, persons or entity upon reasonable advance request any documentation or information which is not privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure and which is reasonably available to Indemnitee and reasonably necessary to such Determination. Any Expenses incurred by Indemnitee in so cooperating with the Disinterested Directors or Independent Counsel, as the case may be, making such determination shall be advanced and borne by the IQVIA Companies (irrespective of the Determination as to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification) and each IQVIA Company is liable to indemnify and hold Indemnitee harmless therefrom. If the person, persons or entity empowered or selected under this Section 9(d) to determine whether Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification shall not have made a determination within twenty (20) days after receipt by the IQVIA Companies of the request therefor, the requisite determination of entitlement to indemnification shall, to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, be deemed to have been made and Indemnitee shall be entitled to such indemnification, absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's statement not materially misleading, in connection with the request for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law; provided , however , that such twenty (20) day period may be extended for a reasonable time, not to exceed an additional twenty (20) days, if the person, persons or entity making the determination with respect to entitlement to indemnification in good faith requires such additional time for the obtaining or evaluating of documentation and/or information relating thereto; and provided , further , that the foregoing provisions of this Section 9(d) shall not apply if the determination of entitlement to indemnification is to be made by Independent Counsel pursuant to Section 9(e).

(e) Independent Counsel. In the event Indemnatee requests that the Determination be made by Independent Counsel pursuant to Section 9(d) of this Agreement, the Independent Counsel shall be selected as provided in this Section 9(e). The Independent Counsel shall be selected by Indemnatee (unless Indemnatee shall request that such selection be made by the Board of Directors, in which event the Board of Directors shall make such selection on behalf of the IQVIA Companies, subject to the remaining provisions of this Section 9(e)), and Indemnatee or the IQVIA Companies, as the case may be, shall give written notice to the other, advising the IQVIA Companies or Indemnatee of the identity of the Independent Counsel so selected. The IQVIA Companies or Indemnatee, as the case may be, may, within five (5) days after such written notice of selection shall have been received, deliver to Indemnatee or the Company, as the case may be, a written objection to such selection; provided , however , that such objection may be asserted only on the ground that the Independent Counsel so selected does not meet the requirements of “Independent Counsel” as defined in Section 15 of this Agreement, and the objection shall set forth with particularity the factual basis of such assertion. Absent a proper and timely objection, the person so selected shall act as Independent Counsel. If a written objection is so made and substantiated, the Independent Counsel so selected may not serve as Independent Counsel unless and until such objection is withdrawn or a court of competent jurisdiction has determined that such objection is without merit. If, within ten (10) days after submission by Indemnatee of a written request for indemnification pursuant to Section 9(c)(ii) of this Agreement and after a request for the appointment of Independent Counsel has been made, no Independent Counsel shall have been selected and not objected to, either the IQVIA Companies or Indemnatee may petition a court of competent jurisdiction for resolution of any objection which shall have been made by the IQVIA Companies or Indemnatee to the other’s selection of Independent Counsel and/or for the appointment as Independent Counsel of a person selected by the court or by such other person as the court shall designate, and the person with respect to whom all objections are so resolved or the person so appointed shall act as Independent Counsel under Section 9(d) of this Agreement. Upon the due commencement of any judicial proceeding or arbitration pursuant to Section 9(f) of this Agreement, Independent Counsel shall be discharged and relieved of any further responsibility in such capacity (subject to the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing). Any expenses incurred by or in connection with the appointment of Independent Counsel shall be borne by the IQVIA Companies (irrespective of the Determination of Indemnatee’s entitlement to indemnification) and not by Indemnatee.

(f) Consequences of Determination; Remedies of Indemnitee. The IQVIA Companies shall be bound by and shall have no right to challenge a Favorable Determination. If an Adverse Determination is made, or if for any other reason the IQVIA Companies do not make timely indemnification payments or advances of Expenses, Indemnitee shall have the right to commence a Proceeding before a court of competent jurisdiction to challenge such Adverse Determination and/or to require the IQVIA Companies to make such payments or advances (and the Company shall have the right to defend its position in such Proceeding and to appeal any adverse judgment in such Proceeding). Indemnitee shall be entitled to be indemnified for all Expenses incurred in connection with such a Proceeding and to have such Expenses advanced by the Company in accordance with Section 8 of this Agreement. If Indemnitee fails to challenge an Adverse Determination within twenty (20) business days, or if Indemnitee challenges an Adverse Determination and such Adverse Determination has been upheld by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken, then, to the extent and only to the extent required by such Adverse Determination or final judgment, the IQVIA Companies shall not be obligated to indemnify Indemnitee under this Agreement.

(g) Presumptions; Burden and Standard of Proof. The parties intend and agree that, to the extent permitted by law, in connection with any Determination with respect to Indemnitee's entitlement to indemnification hereunder by any person, including a court:

(i) it will be presumed that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification under this Agreement (notwithstanding any Adverse Determination), and the IQVIA Entities or any other person or entity challenging such right will have the burden of proof to overcome that presumption in connection with the making by any person, persons or entity of any determination contrary to that presumption;

(ii) the termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that Indemnitee did not act in good faith and in a manner which Indemnitee reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the applicable IQVIA Entity, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful;

(iii) Indemnitee will be deemed to have acted in good faith if Indemnitee's action is based on the records or books of account of the applicable IQVIA Entity, including financial statements, or on information supplied to Indemnitee by the officers, employees, or committees of the board of directors of the applicable IQVIA Entity, or on the advice of legal counsel or other advisors (including financial advisors and accountants) for the applicable IQVIA Entity or on information or records given in reports made to the applicable IQVIA Entity by an independent certified public accountant or by an appraiser or other expert or advisor selected by the applicable IQVIA Entity; and

(iv) the knowledge and/or actions, or failure to act, of any director, officer, agent or employee of any of the IQVIA Entities or relevant enterprises will not be imputed to Indemnitee in a manner that limits or otherwise adversely affects Indemnitee's rights hereunder.

The provisions of this Section 9(g) shall not be deemed to be exclusive or to limit in any way the other circumstances in which Indemnitee may be deemed to have met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in this Agreement.

#### 10. Remedies of Indemnitee.

(a) In the event that (i) a determination is made pursuant to Section 9(d) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification under this Agreement, (ii) advancement of Expenses is not timely made pursuant to Section 8 and Section 9(c)(i) of this Agreement, (iii) no determination of entitlement to indemnification shall have been made pursuant to Section 9(d) of this Agreement within twenty (20) days after receipt by the IQVIA Companies of the request for indemnification, (iv) payment of indemnification is not made pursuant to Section 5, 6 or 7 of this Agreement within five (5) business days after receipt by the IQVIA Companies of a written request therefor, (v) payment of indemnification pursuant to Section 3, 4 or 7 of this Agreement is not made within five (5) business days after a determination has been made that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, or (vi) in the event that the IQVIA Companies or any other person takes or threatens to take any action to declare this Agreement void or unenforceable, or institutes any litigation or other action or Proceeding designed to deny, or to recover from, the Indemnitee the benefits provided or intended to be provided to the Indemnitee hereunder, Indemnitee shall be entitled to an adjudication by a court of his entitlement to such indemnification or advancement of Expenses. Alternatively, Indemnitee, at his option, may seek an award in arbitration to be conducted by a single arbitrator pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The IQVIA Companies shall not oppose Indemnitee's right to seek any such adjudication or award in arbitration.

(b) In the event that a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 9(d) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification, any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 10 shall be conducted in all respects as a de novo trial, or arbitration, on the merits, in which (i) Indemnitee shall not be prejudiced by reason of that adverse determination, and (ii) the IQVIA Companies shall bear the burden of establishing that Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification.

(c) If a determination shall have been made pursuant to Section 9(d) of this Agreement that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification, the IQVIA Companies shall be bound by such determination in any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 10, absent (i) a misstatement by Indemnitee of a material fact, or an omission of a material fact necessary to make Indemnitee's statement not materially misleading, in connection with the request for indemnification, or (ii) a prohibition of such indemnification under applicable law.

(d) The IQVIA Companies shall, to the fullest extent not prohibited by law, be precluded from asserting in any judicial proceeding or arbitration commenced pursuant to this Section 10 that the procedures and presumptions of this Agreement are not valid, binding and enforceable and shall stipulate in any such court or before any such arbitrator that the IQVIA Companies are bound by all the provisions of this Agreement.

11. Insurance; Subrogation; Other Rights of Recovery, etc.

(a) Each IQVIA Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to purchase and maintain a policy or policies of insurance with reputable insurance companies with A.M. Best ratings of “A” or better, providing Indemnitee with coverage for any liability asserted against, and incurred by, Indemnitee or on Indemnitee’s behalf by reason of Indemnitee’s Corporate Status, or arising out of Indemnitee’s status as such, whether or not any such IQVIA Company would have the power to indemnify Indemnitee against such liability. Such insurance policies shall have coverage terms and policy limits at least as favorable to Indemnitee as the insurance coverage provided to any other director or officer of the IQVIA Companies. If either IQVIA Company has such insurance in effect at the time it receives from Indemnitee any notice of the commencement of an action, suit, proceeding or other claim, such IQVIA Company shall give prompt notice of the commencement of such action, suit, proceeding or other claim to the insurers and take such other actions in accordance with the procedures set forth in the policy as required or appropriate to secure coverage of Indemnitee for such action, suit, proceeding or other claim. Such IQVIA Company shall thereafter take all necessary or desirable action to cause such insurers to pay, on behalf of Indemnitee, all amounts payable as a result of such action, suit, proceeding or other claim in accordance with the terms of such policy. Such IQVIA Company shall continue to provide such insurance coverage to Indemnitee for a period of at least ten (10) years after Indemnitee ceases to serve as a director or an officer or in any other Corporate Status.

(b) In the event of any payment by either IQVIA Company under this Agreement, such IQVIA Company shall be subrogated to the extent of such payment to all of the rights of recovery of Indemnitee against any other IQVIA Entity, and Indemnitee hereby agrees, as a condition to obtaining any advancement or indemnification from the IQVIA Companies, to assign to such IQVIA Company all of Indemnitee’s rights to obtain from such other IQVIA Entity such amounts to the extent that they have been paid by such IQVIA Company to or for the benefit of Indemnitee as advancement or indemnification under this Agreement and are adequate to indemnify Indemnitee with respect to the costs, Expenses or other items to the full extent that Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification or other payment hereunder; and Indemnitee will (upon request by the IQVIA Companies) execute all papers required and use reasonable best efforts to take all action reasonably necessary to secure such rights, including execution of such documents as are necessary to enable such IQVIA Company to bring suit or enforce such rights.

(c) Each of the IQVIA Companies hereby unconditionally and irrevocably waives, relinquishes and releases, and covenants and agrees not to exercise (and to cause each of the other IQVIA Entities not to exercise), any rights that such IQVIA Company may now have or hereafter acquire against any Indemnitee that arise from or relate to the existence, payment, performance or enforcement of the IQVIA Companies' obligations under this Agreement or under any other indemnification agreement (whether pursuant to contract, by-laws or charter) with any person or entity, including, without limitation, any right of subrogation (whether pursuant to contract or common law), reimbursement, exoneration, contribution or indemnification, or to be held harmless, and any right to participate in any claim or remedy of Indemnitee against any Indemnitee, whether or not such claim, remedy or right arises in equity or under contract, statute or common law, including, without limitation, the right to take or receive from any Indemnitee, directly or indirectly, in cash or other property or by set-off or in any other manner, payment or security on account of such claim, remedy or right.

(d) The IQVIA Companies shall not be liable to pay or advance to Indemnitee any amounts otherwise indemnifiable under this Agreement or under any other indemnification agreement if, and to the extent that, Indemnitee has otherwise actually received such payment under any insurance policy, contract, agreement or otherwise

(e) The IQVIA Companies' obligation to indemnify or advance Expenses hereunder to Indemnitee in respect of or relating to Indemnitee's service at the request of any of the IQVIA Companies as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary, trustee, representative, partner or agent of any other IQVIA Entity shall be reduced by any amount Indemnitee has actually received as payment of indemnification or advancement of Expenses from such other IQVIA Entity, except to the extent that such indemnification payments and advance payment of Expenses when taken together with any such amount actually received from other IQVIA Entities or under director and officer insurance policies maintained by one or more IQVIA Entities are inadequate to fully pay all costs, Expenses or other items to the full extent that Indemnitee is otherwise entitled to indemnification or other payment hereunder.

(f) Except as provided in Sections 11(c), 11(d) and 11(e) of this Agreement, the rights to indemnification and advancement of Expenses as provided by this Agreement shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which Indemnitee may at any time, whenever conferred or arising, be entitled under applicable law, under the IQVIA Entities' Certificates of Incorporation or By-Laws, or under any other agreement, vote of stockholders or resolution of directors of any IQVIA Entity, or otherwise. Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement are present contractual rights that fully vest upon Indemnitee's first service as a director or an officer of any of the IQVIA Companies. The Parties hereby agree that Sections 11(c), 11(d) and 11(e) of this Agreement shall be deemed exclusive and shall be deemed to modify, amend and clarify any right to indemnification or advancement provided to Indemnitee under any other contract, agreement or document with any IQVIA Entity.

(g) No amendment, alteration or repeal of this Agreement or of any provision hereof shall limit or restrict any right of Indemnitee under this Agreement in respect of any action taken or omitted by such Indemnitee in Indemnitee's Corporate Status prior to such amendment, alteration or repeal. To the extent that a change in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (or other applicable law), whether by statute or judicial decision, permits greater indemnification or advancement of Expenses than would be afforded currently under the IQVIA Entities' Certificates of Incorporation or By-Laws and this Agreement, it is the intent of the parties hereto that Indemnitee enjoy by this Agreement the greater benefits so afforded by such change. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other right or remedy.

12. Employment Rights; Successors; Third Party Beneficiaries.

(a) This Agreement shall not be deemed an employment contract between the IQVIA Companies and Indemnitee. This Agreement shall continue in force as provided above after Indemnitee has ceased to serve as a director and/or an officer of the IQVIA Companies or any other Corporate Status.

(b) This Agreement shall be binding upon each of the IQVIA Companies and their successors and assigns and shall inure to the benefit of Indemnitee and Indemnitee's heirs, executors and administrators. If any of the IQVIA Companies or any of their respective successors or assigns shall (i) consolidate with or merge into any other corporation or entity and shall not be the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger or (ii) transfer all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any individual, corporation or other entity, then, and in each such case, proper provisions shall be made so that the successors and assigns of the IQVIA Companies shall assume all of the obligations set forth in this Agreement.

13. Severability. If any provision or provisions of this Agreement shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement (including without limitation, each portion of any Section of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby; (b) such provision or provisions shall be deemed reformed to the extent necessary to conform to applicable law and to give the maximum effect to the intent of the parties hereto; and (c) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Agreement (including, without limitation, each portion of any Section of this Agreement containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that is not itself invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to give effect to the intent manifested thereby.

14. Exception to Right of Indemnification or Advancement of Expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement and except as provided in Section 7(a) of this Agreement or as may otherwise be agreed by either IQVIA Company, Indemnitee shall not be entitled to indemnification or advancement of Expenses under this Agreement with respect to any Proceeding brought by Indemnitee (other than a Proceeding by Indemnitee (i) by way of defense or counterclaim or other similar portion of a Proceeding, (ii) to enforce Indemnitee's rights under this Agreement or (iii) to enforce any other rights of Indemnitee to indemnification, advancement or contribution from the IQVIA Companies under any other contract, by-laws or charter or under statute or other law, including any rights under Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law), unless the bringing of such Proceeding or making of such claim shall have been approved by the Board of Directors of the applicable IQVIA Company.

15. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement:

(b) "Board of Directors" means the board of directors of the Company.

(c) "By-laws" means (i) in the case of the Company, its by-laws, (ii) in the case of Opco, its by-laws, and (iii) in the case of any other entity, its by-laws or similar governing document, in each case ((i) through (iii)), as such governing document is amended from time to time.

(d) "Certificate of Incorporation" means, (i) in the case of the Company, its certificate of incorporation, (ii) in the case of Opco, its certificate of incorporation, and (iii) in the case of any other entity, its certificate of incorporation, articles of incorporation or similar constituting document, in each case ((i) through (iii)), as such constituting document is amended from time to time.

(e) "Corporate Status" describes the status of a person by reason of such person's past, present or future service as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary, trustee, or agent of any of the IQVIA Companies (including, without limitation, one who serves at the request of any of the IQVIA Companies as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary, trustee or agent of any other IQVIA Entity).

(f) "Determination" means a determination that either (x) there is a reasonable basis for the conclusion that indemnification of Indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee met a/the particular standard(s) of conduct (a "Favorable Determination") or (y) there is no reasonable basis for the conclusion that indemnification of Indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because Indemnitee met a/the particular standard(s) of conduct (an "Adverse Determination"). An Adverse Determination shall include the decision that a Determination was required in connection with indemnification and the decision as to the applicable standard of conduct.

(g) “Disinterested Director” means a director of the Company (or, if a Determination is necessary with respect to a IQVIA Company other than the Company, a director of such IQVIA Company) who is not and was not a party to the Proceeding in respect of which indemnification is sought by Indemnitee and does not otherwise have an interest materially adverse to any interest of the Indemnitee.

(h) “Expenses” shall mean all direct and indirect costs, fees and expenses of any type or nature whatsoever and shall specifically include, without limitation, all reasonable attorneys’ fees, retainers, court costs, transcript costs, fees and costs of experts, witness fees and costs, travel expenses, duplicating costs, printing and binding costs, telephone charges, postage, delivery service fees, any federal, state, local or foreign taxes imposed on Indemnitee as a result of the actual or deemed receipt of any payments under this Agreement, ERISA excise taxes and penalties, and all other disbursements or expenses of the types customarily incurred in connection with prosecuting, defending, preparing to prosecute or defend, investigating, being or preparing to be a witness, in, or otherwise participating in, a Proceeding or an appeal resulting from a Proceeding, including, but not limited to, the premium for appeal bonds, attachment bonds or similar bonds and all interest, assessments and other charges paid or payable in connection with or in respect of any such Expenses, and shall also specifically include, without limitation, all reasonable attorneys’ fees and all other expenses incurred by or on behalf of Indemnitee in connection with preparing and submitting any requests or statements for indemnification, advancement, contribution or any other right provided by this Agreement. Expenses, however, shall not include amounts of judgments or fines against Indemnitee.

(i) “Independent Counsel” means, at any time, any law firm, or a member of a law firm, that (a) is experienced in matters of corporation law and (b) is not, at such time, or has not been in the five years prior to such time, retained to represent: (i) any IQVIA Entity or Indemnitee in any matter material to either such party (other than with respect to matters concerning Indemnitee under this Agreement, or of other indemnities under similar indemnification agreements), or (ii) any other party to the Proceeding giving rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term “Independent Counsel” shall not include any person who, under the applicable standards of professional conduct then prevailing, would have a conflict of interest in representing either the IQVIA Companies or Indemnitee in an action to determine Indemnitee’s rights under this Agreement. The IQVIA Companies agree to pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the Independent Counsel referred to above and to fully indemnify such counsel against any and all Expenses, claims, liabilities and damages arising out of or relating to this Agreement or its engagement pursuant hereto and to be jointly and severally liable therefor.

(j) “Proceeding” includes any actual, threatened, pending or completed action, suit, arbitration, alternate dispute resolution mechanism, investigation (formal or informal), inquiry, administrative hearing or any other actual, threatened, pending or completed proceeding, whether brought by or in the right of either IQVIA Company or otherwise and whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative in nature, in which Indemnitee was, is, may be or will be involved as a party, witness or otherwise, by reason of Indemnitee’s Corporate Status or by reason of any action taken by Indemnitee or of any inaction on Indemnitee’s part while acting as director, officer, employees, fiduciary, trustee or agent of any IQVIA Entity (in each case whether or not he is acting or serving in any such capacity or has such status at the time any liability or expense is incurred for which indemnification or advancement of Expenses can be provided under this Agreement). If the Indemnitee believes in good faith that a given situation may lead to or culminate in the institution of a Proceeding, this shall be considered a Proceeding under this paragraph.

(k) “IQVIA Entity” means either IQVIA Company, any of their respective subsidiaries and any other corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise with respect to which Indemnitee serves as a director, officer, employee, partner, representative, fiduciary, trustee, or agent, or in any similar capacity, at the request of either IQVIA Company.

16. Construction. Whenever required by the context, as used in this Agreement the singular number shall include the plural, the plural shall include the singular, and all words herein in any gender shall be deemed to include (as appropriate) the masculine, feminine and neuter genders.

17. Reliance. The IQVIA Companies expressly confirm and agree that they have entered into this Agreement and assumed the obligations imposed on each of them hereby in order to induce Indemnitee to serve as a director and/or an officer of one or more of the IQVIA Companies, and the IQVIA Companies acknowledge that Indemnitee is relying upon this Agreement in serving as a director and/or an officer of one or more of the IQVIA Companies.

18. Modification and Waiver. No supplement, modification or amendment of this Agreement shall be binding unless executed in a writing identified as such by all of the parties hereto. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the rights of a party hereunder (including the right to enforce the obligations hereunder of the other parties) may be waived only with the written consent of such party, and no waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provisions hereof (whether or not similar) nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver.

19. Notice Mechanics. All notices, requests, demands or other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if (i) delivered by hand and received for by the party to whom said notice or other communication shall have been directed, or (ii) mailed by certified or registered mail with postage prepaid, on the third business day after the date on which it is so mailed:

(a) If to Indemnitee to:

[\_\_\_\_\_] ]  
[\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ]

(b) If to a IQVIA Company, to:

[\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ] [\_\_\_\_\_] ] or to such other address as may have been furnished (in the manner prescribed above) as follows: (a) in the case of a change in address for notices to Indemnitee, furnished by Indemnitee to the IQVIA Companies and (b) in the case of a change in address for notices to a IQVIA Company, furnished by the IQVIA Companies to Indemnitee.

20. Contribution. To the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, if the indemnification provided for in this Agreement is unavailable to Indemnitee for any reason whatsoever, the IQVIA Companies, in lieu of indemnifying Indemnitee, shall contribute to the amount incurred by Indemnitee, whether for judgments, fines, penalties, excise taxes, amounts paid or to be paid in settlement and/or for reasonably incurred Expenses, in connection with any claim relating to an indemnifiable event under this Agreement, in such proportion as is deemed fair and reasonable in light of all of the circumstances of such Proceeding in order to reflect (i) the relative benefits received by the IQVIA Companies and Indemnitee as a result of the event(s) and/or transaction(s) giving cause to such Proceeding; and/or (ii) the relative fault of the IQVIA Companies (and their other directors, officers, employees and agents) and Indemnitee in connection with such event(s) and/or transaction(s).

21. Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Appointment of Agent for Service of Process. This Agreement and the legal relations among the parties shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to its conflict of laws rules. The IQVIA Companies and Indemnitee hereby irrevocably and unconditionally (i) agree that any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be brought only in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the "Delaware Court"), and not in any other state or federal court in the United States of America or any court in any other country, (ii) consent to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Delaware Court for purposes of any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement, (iii) waive any objection to the laying of venue of any such action or proceeding in the Delaware Court, and (iv) waive, and agree not to plead or to make, any claim that any such action or proceeding brought in the Delaware Court has been brought in an improper or otherwise inconvenient forum.

22. Headings. The headings of the paragraphs of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute part of this Agreement or to affect the construction thereof.

23. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall for all purposes be deemed to be an original but all of which together shall constitute one and the same Agreement.

*[Remainder of Page Intentionally Blank]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the day and year first above written.

**COMPANY:**

IQVIA HOLDINGS INC.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

Title:

**OPCO:**

IQVIA INC.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

Title:

**INDEMNITEE:**

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

# IMS HEALTH LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF TERMS & CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

15<sup>th</sup> July 2003

**Mr Alistair Grenfell**  
[REDACTED]

This statement sets out or refers to other documents which detail the principal terms and conditions of employment under which IMS HEALTH LIMITED, hereafter referred to as 'the Company', employs you, ALISTAIR GRENFELL.

### **1 COMMENCEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT**

This new Statement of Terms and Conditions of Employment is effective from 1<sup>st</sup> July 2003. Your service with the company is continuous from 7<sup>th</sup> October 1996.

### **2 JOB TITLE**

Your job title will be Sales Director and you will report to Peter Hayward, Country Manager, UK & Ireland. This title does not define or limit the scope of your employment. The Company might reasonably require you to perform other duties from time to time. This job is currently assessed at Pinner Job Level [REDACTED].

### **3 COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT**

There is no collective agreement in force which affects the terms and conditions of your employment with the Company.

### **4 LOCATION**

Your initial place of work will be 107 Marsh Road, Pinner, Middlesex, HAS 5HQ. However, you may be required to transfer to another location having received due notice.

### **5 REMUNERATION**

Your salary will be paid at the rate of £[REDACTED] per annum. Salaries are paid monthly in arrears by credit transfer at the rate of 1/12th of the annual salary each month. Payment will not normally be made later than the last working day of each month.

Salaries are normally reviewed on 1st January of each year. Your next review will be on 1st January 2004.

### **6 COMPANY CAR**

You will be eligible for the use of a Company car, which will be taxed, Insured and maintained by the Company. The Company will reimburse you for business and personal mileage.

### **7 PRIVATE HEALTH CARE SCHEME**

You will be entitled to company-paid private healthcare cover for you and your family.

### **8 HOURS OF WORK**

The normal contractual hours of work are a 35 hour week from 9.00am to 5.00pm each day, Monday to Friday with one hour for lunch taken between 12.00 noon and 2.00pm each day.

You may also be required to work additional hours in accordance with the reasonable demands of the Company and the needs of the business. The Company also reserves the right to alter or vary your hours as required.

You will not be entitled to overtime payments.

# **IMS HEALTH LIMITED**

## **STATEMENT OF TERMS & CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT**

### **9 HOLIDAY ENTITLEMENT**

The holiday year runs from 1st January to 31st December each year. A full year's holiday entitlement is 25 days on commencement and increases with service. The Company reserves the right to set the dates of up to 5 of those days. All holiday entitlement is paid. Holiday entitlement not taken within the holiday year cannot be carried over to the next holiday year. The entitlement is in addition to any statutory and/or public holidays recognised by the Company. Your holiday entitlement will continue as currently.

Details of the conditions relating to holidays, Public holidays and holiday pay are contained within your Employee Handbook.

### **10 ABSENCE REPORTING PROCEDURES AND SICK PAY**

Details of the procedure that you must follow if for any reason you are unable to attend work are contained within your Employee Handbook.

No salary is paid for unauthorised absence from work, The terms and conditions relating to absence due to either sickness or injury and sick pay, including Statutory Sick Pay and Company Sick Pay, are outlined In your Employee Handbook.

### **11 COMPANY RULES, DISCIPLINARY AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES**

These are outlined in your Employee Handbook and do not form part of your contract of employment. Any grievance issue you may have, In the first instance, should be communicated to your manager or the Human Resources Department.

### **12 RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION**

Please refer to the restrictive covenant dated 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2003.

### **13 HEALTH AND SAFETY**

Under the Health and Safety at Work Act (1974) responsibility for health and safety extends to individual members of staff, both for their own safety and that of their colleagues and visitors. Any accidents must be reported in the Accident Book immediately. The Company's policy on Health and Safety will be provided in your Induction pack and is outlined in your Employee Handbook,

### **14 NOTICE PERIOD**

You are required to give the Company twelve weeks' written notice of your intention to terminate your employment. Similarly, the Company will give you twelve weeks' written notice.

### **15 GARDEN LEAVE**

The Company reserves the right to require you not to attend work during any period of notice. Where the Company requires you to remain away from work during your notice period, which is given by you or the Company, you will be required to comply with any conditions laid down by the Company. During this time you will continue to receive your normal salary and benefits of employment. You will not be permitted to work for any other person, firm, client, corporation or on your own behalf without the Company's prior written permission. You will not during this period be entitled to access any Company premises or data without prior permission from your manager. You will be required to ensure that you are available at all times during this period at the request of the Company.

This statement sets out the main terms and conditions upon which you are employed. They are in accordance with and subject to the terms of:

The Employee Handbook  
The rules of the Company Pension Scheme The  
Company Policy on Business Conduct

Signed on behalf of the Company: /s/ M. Muray

Position: Human Resources Officer Date: 15/7/03

**IMS HEALTH LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF TERMS & CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT**

**ACCEPTANCE**

**I acknowledge receipt of a copy of this written statement, and agree that the terms set out in it are fully understood, correct and agreed.**

**Signed:** /s/ Alistair Grenfell      **Date:** 15/7/03

**Full Name in block capitals:** ALISTAIR R. GRENFELL



The Alba Campus  
Rosebank  
Livingston  
West Lothian, EH54 7EG  
[iqvia.com](http://iqvia.com)

**Strictly Private & Confidential**

Alistair Grenfell  
[REDACTED]

13 January 2026

Dear Alistair,

**TRANSFER**

We are delighted to confirm your transfer to the position of President, Commercial Solutions, at grade [REDACTED], with effect from 31 December 2025 and that your reference salary (also known as base salary) is £ 638,080 per year.

You will be required to carry out all tasks associated with your new role or otherwise reasonably assigned to you. A role summary is available from your line manager or by raising a Human Resources VIA ticket.

**PLACE OF WORK**

Your company location will be The Point, 37 North Wharf Rd, Paddington, London, W2 1AF, United Kingdom.

You are required to make arrangements for your post to be forwarded as necessary. In line with your current contract of employment, you may be required to work at any other location as we may reasonably decide. You may be required to travel and work either within the UK or abroad at any other location where the Company or any Group Company or a customer or client of the Company conducts business. You will not be required to work outside the UK for any continuous period of more than one month.

**NOTICE PERIOD**

The contractual notice period required in this post is 6 months, and this must be in writing by either party in order to terminate employment.

**CAR BENEFIT**

We are pleased to confirm that you are eligible to receive an annual car allowance of £13,950. The terms of your eligibility, and details of the car allowance scheme, are set out in the Company's Car Allowance Policy, which can be located on the company intranet.

**BONUS**

You are also eligible to participate in a bonus scheme, and your bonus target percentage is 125%. Please note that bonus scheme eligibility and target percentage, are all based on your role and the rules of any relevant bonus scheme. The rules, criteria, and targets of any bonus or commission scheme plans may be changed, and we may replace or withdraw any such scheme at any time. The decision to make a payment, and the amount of any payment under any bonus or commission scheme, will be completely at the Company's discretion.

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## **PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS**

If you are a member of the Company's pension scheme, the contribution percentage you selected will remain unchanged and will be applied automatically to your new reference salary, causing the contribution amount to change.

All other terms and conditions of employment will remain unchanged.

There is no need to confirm acceptance of these changes. If you have any queries please contact your manager or raise a Human Resources VIA ticket.

We would like to thank you for your continued contribution as we move healthcare forward. Together.

Kind Regards,  
HR Shared Services

Employee ID: [REDACTED]  
Supervisor ID: [REDACTED]

## **IQVIA Securities Trading Policy**

(amended July 2025)

### **1.0 PURPOSE**

This Securities Trading Policy (the “Policy”) sets forth IQVIA Holdings Inc.’s (“IQVIA” or, the “Company”) commitment to promote compliance with federal, state, and foreign securities laws that prohibit trading securities with the knowledge of material nonpublic information (insider trading), places restrictions on certain securities transactions, and describes the processes for receiving authorization to trade in IQVIA securities.

### **2.0 SCOPE**

This Policy applies globally to IQVIA (or the “Company”) directors, officers and employees (collectively for purposes of this Policy as “employees”), as well as to non-employees such as contractors. Except as otherwise specifically noted, and without conferring employment status on them, contractors are also referred to in this Policy, for ease of readability only, as “employees”.

### **3.0 DEFINITIONS**

Not Applicable

### **4.0 POLICY**

Unlawful insider trading occurs when a person purchases, sells, or otherwise trades, including gifts of, the securities of a company (such as IQVIA stock) while in possession or aware of material nonpublic information of that company, or provides that information to others who may trade while in possession or aware of that information. This prohibition against insider trading applies to trading, tipping, and making recommendations to trade by virtually any person, including all persons associated with that company, if the information involved is “material” and “nonpublic” (each defined below). The Company’s Board of Directors (the “Board”) has adopted this Policy to promote compliance with federal, state, and foreign securities laws that prohibit unlawful insider trading.

#### **4.1 Persons Subject to the Policy**

This Policy applies to all members of the Board, all officers of the Company and its subsidiaries, all employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, and all agents of IQVIA, including consultants, contract workers and temporary staff worldwide, as well as the Family Members and Controlled Entities (as defined herein) of the foregoing.

In addition, Appendix A contains certain additional procedures (the “Additional Procedures”) that apply to all (i) members of the Board, (ii) officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”)), (iii) employees and other persons designated by the Compliance Officer (defined below) as being subject to the Additional Procedures (collectively, “Covered Persons”), and (iv) the Family Members and Controlled Entities of the foregoing. The Compliance Officer maintains a list of all Covered Persons.

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## **4.2 Transactions Subject to the Policy**

This Policy applies to transactions or proposed transactions in (i) the Company's securities (collectively referred to as "Company Securities"), including the Company's common stock, options to purchase common stock, or any other type of securities that the Company may issue, including (but not limited to) preferred stock, convertible debentures and warrants, as well as derivative securities that are not issued by the Company, such as exchange-traded put or call options or swaps relating to the Company's Securities and (ii) the securities of any company with which the Company does business, including a customer, supplier or business partner, if, in the course of working for the Company, a person subject to this Policy learns of material nonpublic information about that company.

## **4.3 Individual Responsibility**

Persons subject to this Policy have ethical and legal obligations to maintain IQVIA confidential information and the confidential information of our customers, suppliers, and the other companies who we do business with, and not to engage in transactions in securities while in possession or aware of material nonpublic information. Each individual is responsible for making sure that he or she complies with this Policy, and that any Family Members and Controlled Entities, also complies with this Policy. In all cases, the responsibility for determining whether an individual is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information rests with that individual, and any action on the part of the Company, the Compliance Officer, or any other employee or director pursuant to this Policy (or otherwise) does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an individual from liability under applicable securities laws. You could be subject to severe legal penalties and disciplinary action by the Company for any conduct prohibited by this Policy or applicable securities laws, as described in more detail below under the heading "Consequences of Violations."

## **4.4 Administration of the Policy**

The Company's General Counsel shall serve as the compliance officer (the "Compliance Officer") for the purposes of this Policy, and in his or her absence, the Chief Financial Officer or another employee designated by the Compliance Officer or the Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for administration of this Policy. All determinations and interpretations by the Compliance Officer shall be final and not subject to further review.

## **4.5 Statement of Policy**

It is the policy of the Company that no director, officer, or other employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (or any other person designated by this Policy or by the Compliance Officer as subject to this Policy) who is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information relating to the Company may, directly, or indirectly through Family Members and Controlled Entities:

- 4.5.1** Engage in transactions in Company Securities, except as otherwise specified in this Policy under the headings "Transactions Under Company Plans," "Bona Fide Gifts," "Mutual Funds" and, for persons subject to the provisions of Appendix A, "Rule 10b5-1 Plans;"
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- 4.5.2** Recommend the purchase or sale of any Company Securities;
- 4.5.3** Disclose material nonpublic information to persons within the Company whose jobs do not require them to have that information, or outside of the Company to other persons, including, but not limited to, family, friends, business associates, investors, and expert consulting firms, unless any such disclosure is made in accordance with the Company's policies regarding the protection or authorized external disclosure of information regarding the Company or its customers, suppliers, or business partners; or
- 4.5.4** Assist anyone engaged in the above activities.

In addition, it is the policy of the Company that no director, officer, or other employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (or any other person designated as subject to this Policy) who, in the course of working for the Company, learns of material nonpublic information about a company with which the Company does business, including a customer, supplier, or business partner of the Company, may trade in that company's securities until the information becomes public or is no longer material.

There are no exceptions to this Policy, except as specifically noted herein. Transactions that may be necessary or justifiable for independent reasons (such as the need to raise money for an emergency expenditure), or small transactions, are not excepted from this Policy. The securities laws do not recognize any mitigating circumstances, and, in any event, even the appearance of an improper transaction must be avoided to preserve the Company's reputation for adhering to the highest standards of conduct.

#### **4.6 Definition of Material Nonpublic Information**

**4.6.1** Material Information: Information is considered "material" if a reasonable investor would consider that information important in making a decision to buy, hold or sell securities. Any information that could reasonably be expected to affect the Company's stock price, whether it is positive or negative, should be considered "material." There is no bright-line standard for assessing materiality; rather, materiality is based on an assessment of all of the facts and circumstances and is often evaluated by enforcement authorities with the benefit of hindsight. Some examples of information that could, depending on the circumstances, potentially be regarded as material are:

- Significant changes in the Company's prospects;
  - Significant write-downs in assets or increases in reserves;
  - Developments regarding a significant cybersecurity breach, litigation, or government agency investigations;
  - Liquidity problems;
  - Changes in earnings estimates or unusual gains or losses in major operations;
  - Major changes in management;
  - A change in auditors or notification that the auditor's reports may no longer be relied upon;
  - Development of a significant new product, process, or service;
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- Non-ordinary course borrowings or refinancings;
- Award or loss of a significant contract;
- Changes in debt ratings;
- Proposals, plans or agreements, even if preliminary in nature, involving mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, recapitalizations, joint ventures, strategic alliances, licensing arrangements, or purchases or sales of substantial assets; and
- A change in dividend policy, the declaration of a stock split, or an offering of additional securities.

Material information is not limited to historical facts but may also include projections and forecasts. With respect to a future event, materiality is determined by balancing the probability that the event will occur against the magnitude of the effect the event would have on the Company's operations or stock price should it occur. Thus, information concerning an event that would have a large effect on stock price may be material even if the possibility that the event will occur is relatively small. When in doubt about whether particular nonpublic information is material, presume it is material. If you are unsure whether information is material, you should consult the Compliance Officer before making any decision to disclose such information (other than to persons who need to know it) or to trade in or recommend securities to which that information relates.

**4.6.2** Nonpublic Information: Information that has not been disclosed to the public is generally considered to be nonpublic information. In order to establish that the information has been disclosed to the public, it may be necessary to demonstrate that the information has been widely disseminated. Information generally would be considered widely disseminated if it has been disclosed through the Dow Jones "broad tape," newswire services, a broadcast on widely available radio or television programs, publication in a widely-available newspaper, magazine or news website, or public disclosure documents filed with the SEC that are available on the SEC's website. By contrast, information would likely not be considered widely disseminated if it is available only to the Company's employees, or if it is only available to a select group of analysts, brokers and institutional investors. You should not assume that information disclosed solely on the Company's website (e.g., information on the website that has not been reproduced or cited in any of the sources described above) has necessarily been widely disseminated.

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**4.6.3** Once information is widely disseminated, it is still necessary to afford the investing public with sufficient time to absorb the information. As a general rule, information should not be considered fully absorbed by the marketplace until after the first full trading day after the day on which the information is released. If, for example, the Company were to make an announcement on a Monday, during trading hours, you should not trade in Company Securities until Wednesday. Depending on the particular circumstances, the Company may determine that a longer or shorter period should apply to the release of specific material nonpublic information.

**4.6.4** As with questions of materiality, if you are not sure whether information is considered nonpublic, you should either consult with the Compliance Officer or assume that the information is nonpublic and treat it as confidential.

#### **4.7 Transactions by Family Members and Others**

This Policy applies to your family members who reside with you (including a spouse, a child, a child away at college, stepchildren, grandchildren, parents, stepparents, grandparents, siblings and in-laws), anyone else who lives in your household, and any family members who do not live in your household but whose transactions in Company Securities are directed by you or are subject to your influence or control, such as parents or children who consult with you before they trade in Company Securities (collectively referred to as “Family Members”). You are responsible for the transactions of these other persons and therefore should make them aware of the need to confer with you before they trade in Company Securities, and you should treat all such transactions for the purposes of this Policy and applicable securities laws as if the transactions were for your own account. This Policy does not, however, apply to personal securities transactions of Family Members where the purchase or sale decision is made by a third party not controlled by, influenced by or related to you or your Family Members.

#### **4.8 Transactions by Entities That You Influence or Control**

This Policy applies to any entities that you influence or control, including any corporations, partnerships or trusts (collectively referred to as “Controlled Entities”), and transactions by these Controlled Entities should be treated for the purposes of this Policy and applicable securities laws as if they were for your own account.

#### **4.9 Transactions Under Company Plans**

This Policy does not apply in the case of the following transactions, except as specifically noted:

**4.9.1** Stock Option Exercises: This Policy does not apply to the exercise of an employee stock option acquired pursuant to the Company’s plans, or to the exercise of a tax withholding right pursuant to which a person has elected to have the Company withhold shares subject to an option to satisfy tax-withholding requirements. This Policy does apply, however, to any sale of stock as part of a broker-assisted cashless exercise of an option, or any other market sale for the purpose of generating the cash needed to pay the exercise price of an option.

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**4.9.2** Restricted Stock Awards: This Policy does not apply to the vesting of restricted stock, or the exercise of a tax withholding right pursuant to which you elect to have the Company withhold shares of stock to satisfy tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of any restricted stock. The Policy does apply, however, to any market sale of restricted stock.

#### **4.10 Other Transactions**

**4.10.1** Bona Fide Gifts: Bona fide gifts are not transactions subject to this Policy. A bona fide gift for the purpose of this Policy occurs when the gift is made to a Covered Person, or Family Member or Controlled Entity covered by this Policy, and when the person making the gift has no reason to believe that the recipient intends to sell the Company Securities while the person making the gift is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information.

**4.10.2** Mutual Funds: Transactions in mutual funds that are invested in Company Securities are not transactions subject to this Policy.

#### **4.11 Post-Termination Transactions**

This Policy continues to apply to transactions in Company Securities even after termination of service with the Company. If an individual is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information when his or her service terminates, that individual may not trade in Company Securities until that information has become public or is no longer material. The Additional Procedures described in Appendix A will cease to apply to transactions in Company Securities upon the expiration of any Blackout Period or other Company-imposed trading restrictions described in the Additional Procedures that are applicable at the time of the termination of service.

#### **4.12 Consequences of Violations**

All transactions in Company Securities acquired pursuant to a Company plan must comply with all applicable provisions of the relevant plan documents, including without limitation, those requiring a plan participant's adherence with post-employment restrictive covenants (e.g., non-competition, non-solicitation, or confidentiality). Company plan participants should note that the Company reserves the right to (i) review trading activity or status in connection with an assessment of compliance with this Policy and any applicable Company plan document and/or related agreements, (ii) freeze any trading activity in Company Securities by a participant or take any other action permitted under the Company plan document, related agreements and/or applicable law if the Company has a good faith belief that such transaction is related to a potential violation of a Company plan, including any potential violation of a post-employment restrictive covenant, and (iii) cancel any trades if the Company determines a participant violated or intended to violate this Policy, any applicable Company plan document and/or any related agreements.

The purchase or sale of Company Securities while in possession or aware of material nonpublic information, or the disclosure of material nonpublic information to others who then trade in the Company's Securities, is prohibited by the federal, state, and foreign securities laws. Insider trading violations are pursued vigorously by the SEC, U.S. Attorneys, and state enforcement authorities as well as the laws of foreign jurisdictions.

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Punishment for insider trading violations is severe, and could include significant fines and imprisonment. While the regulatory authorities concentrate their efforts on the individuals who trade, or who tip inside information to others who trade, the federal securities laws also impose potential liability on companies and other “controlling persons” if they fail to take reasonable steps to prevent insider trading by company personnel. In addition, an individual’s failure to comply with this Policy may subject the individual to Company-imposed sanctions, including dismissal for cause, whether or not the employee’s failure to comply results in a violation of law. Needless to say, a violation of law, or even an SEC investigation that does not result in prosecution, can tarnish a person’s reputation and irreparably damage a career.

#### **4.13 Company Assistance**

Any person who has a question about this Policy, the Additional Procedures, or their application to any proposed transaction may obtain additional guidance from the Compliance Officer, who can be reached by telephone at: \*\*\*-\*\*-\*\*\*\* or by email at [\\*\\*\\*\\*@IQVIA.com](mailto:****@IQVIA.com).

**5.0 [Internal Administrative Matters Omitted]**

**[Internal Administrative Matters Omitted]**

**7.0 [Internal Administrative Matters Omitted]**

**8.0 [Internal Administrative Matters Omitted]**

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## **Appendix A: Additional Procedures**

The Company has established these additional procedures (the “Additional Procedures”) in order to assist the Company in the administration of this Policy, to facilitate compliance with laws prohibiting insider trading while in possession or aware of material nonpublic information, and to avoid the appearance of any impropriety. All capitalized terms used in these Additional Procedures and not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Policy.

These Additional Procedures are applicable only to (i) members of the Board of Directors of the Company, (ii) officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f)), (iii) the employees and other persons designated by the Compliance Officer as being subject to these Additional Procedures (collectively, “Covered Persons”), and (iv) the Family Members and Controlled Entities of the foregoing. The Compliance Officer maintains a list of all Covered Persons.

### **Pre-Clearance Procedures**

Certain Covered Persons designated by the Compliance Officer, as well as the Family Members and Controlled Entities of such Covered Persons, may not engage in any transaction in Company Securities without first obtaining pre-clearance of the transaction from the Compliance Officer. A request for pre-clearance, in the form attached hereto as Appendix B, should be submitted to the Compliance Officer at least two business days in advance of the proposed transaction. Bona fide gifts are considered pre-cleared under this Policy but Covered Persons subject to Section 16 must immediately notify the Compliance Officer of such gifts so that appropriate disclosure can be made.

Before a request for pre-clearance is made, the requestor must carefully consider whether he or she may be in possession or aware of any material nonpublic information about the Company. The requestor should also be prepared to comply with SEC Rule 144 and file Form 144, if necessary, at the time of any sale.

The Compliance Officer must review the circumstances of the trade, including coordination with any stock repurchase program the Company may have underway. Any approval of the trade by the Compliance Officer must be in writing. The Compliance Officer is under no obligation to approve a transaction submitted for pre-clearance and may determine not to permit the transaction. If a person seeks pre-clearance and permission to engage in the transaction is denied, then he or she should refrain from initiating any transaction in Company Securities and should not inform any other person of the restriction.

Transactions that are approved by the Compliance Officer must be effected prior to the beginning of the next Blackout Period (defined below). If the approved transactions are not effected within this time period, the requestor must submit a new request for pre-clearance. However, Covered Persons subject to Section 16 must notify the Compliance Officer immediately of any transaction so that appropriate disclosure can be made.

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## Quarterly Trading Restrictions

Covered Persons, as well as their Family Members and Controlled Entities, may not conduct any transactions involving the Company's Securities (other than as specified by this Policy), during a "Blackout Period" that begins on the 26<sup>th</sup> calendar day of the last month (or next business day thereafter if not occurring on a business day) of each fiscal quarter and ends upon the completion of the first trading day following the public release of the Company's earnings results for that quarter. In other words, these persons may only conduct transactions in Company Securities during the "Window Period" that begins upon the start of the second trading day following the public release of the Company's quarterly earnings and ending on the 25<sup>th</sup> calendar day of the last month of the next fiscal quarter. A Covered Person who is subject to a quarterly earnings Blackout Period and who has an unexpected and urgent need to sell Company stock in order to generate cash may, in appropriate circumstances, be permitted to sell Company stock even during the quarterly Blackout Period. Hardship exceptions may be granted only by the Compliance Officer and must be requested at least two days in advance of the proposed trade. A hardship exception may be granted only if the Compliance Officer concludes that the Company's earnings information for the applicable quarter does not constitute material nonpublic information. Under no circumstance will a hardship exception be granted during an event-specific Blackout Period.

## Event-Specific Trading Restriction Periods

From time to time, an event may occur that is material to the Company and is known by only a few directors, officers, and/or employees. So long as the event remains material and nonpublic, Covered Persons designated by the Compliance Officer may not trade Company Securities. In addition, the Company's financial results may be sufficiently material in a particular fiscal quarter that, in the judgment of the Compliance Officer, designated Covered Persons should refrain from trading in Company Securities even sooner than the typical Blackout Period described above. In those situations, the Compliance Officer may notify these persons that they should not trade in the Company's Securities, without disclosing the reason for the restriction. The existence of an event-specific trading restriction period or extension of a Blackout Period will not be announced to the Company as a whole and should not be communicated to any other person. Even if the Compliance Officer has not designated you as a person who should not trade due to an event-specific restriction, you should not trade while in possession or aware of material nonpublic information. Exceptions will not be granted during an event-specific trading restriction period.

*Exceptions:* The quarterly trading restrictions and event-driven trading restrictions do not apply to those transactions to which this Policy does not apply, as described in this Policy under the headings "Transactions Under Company Plans," "Bona Fide Gifts" and "Mutual Funds." Further, the requirement for pre-clearance, the quarterly trading restrictions and event-driven trading restrictions do not apply to transactions conducted pursuant to approved Rule 10b5-1 plans, described under the heading "Rule 10b5-1 Plans."

## Restrictions on Specific Transactions

**Short-Term Trading:** Short-term trading of Company Securities may be distracting to the person and may unduly focus the person on the Company's short-term stock market performance instead of the Company's long-term business objectives. For these reasons, any Covered Person who purchases Company Securities in the open market may not sell any Company Securities of the same class during the six months following the purchase (or vice versa).

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**Short Sales:** Short sales of Company Securities (i.e., the sale of a security that the seller does not own) may evidence an expectation on the part of the seller that the securities will decline in value, and therefore have the potential to signal to the market that the seller lacks confidence in the Company's prospects. In addition, short sales may reduce a seller's incentive to seek to improve the Company's performance. For these reasons, short sales of Company Securities are prohibited. In addition, Section 16(c) of the Exchange Act prohibits officers and directors from engaging in short sales. (Short sales arising from certain types of hedging transactions are governed by the paragraph below captioned "Hedging Transactions.")

**Publicly-Traded Options:** Given the relatively short term of publicly-traded options, transactions in options may create the appearance that a Covered Person is trading based on material nonpublic information and focus that person's attention on short-term performance at the expense of the Company's long-term objectives. Accordingly, transactions in put options, call options, or other derivative securities, on an exchange or in any other organized market, are prohibited. (Option positions arising from certain types of hedging transactions are governed by the paragraph below captioned "Hedging Transactions.")

**Hedging Transactions:** Hedging or monetization transactions are transactions that can be accomplished through a number of possible mechanisms, including through the use of financial instruments such as prepaid variable forwards, equity swaps, collars and exchange funds. Such hedging transactions may permit you to continue to own Company Securities obtained through employee benefit plans or otherwise, but without the full risks and rewards of ownership. When that occurs, you may no longer have the same objectives as the Company's other shareholders. Therefore, the Company prohibits you from engaging in such hedging transactions.

**Margin Accounts and Pledged Securities:** Securities held in a margin account as collateral for a margin loan may be sold by the broker without the customer's consent if the customer fails to meet a margin call. Similarly, securities pledged (or hypothecated) as collateral for a loan may be sold in foreclosure if the borrower defaults on the loan. Because a margin sale or foreclosure sale may occur at a time when the pledgor is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information or otherwise is not permitted to trade in Company Securities, Covered Persons are prohibited from holding Company Securities in a margin account or otherwise pledging (or hypothecating) Company Securities as collateral for a loan.

**Standing and Limit Orders:** Standing and limit orders (except standing and limit orders under approved Rule 10b5-1 Plans, as described below) create heightened risks for insider trading violations similar to the use of margin accounts. There is no control over the timing of purchases or sales that result from standing instructions to a broker, and as a result the broker could execute a transaction when a director, officer, or other employee is in possession or aware of material nonpublic information. The Company therefore discourages Covered Persons from placing standing or limit orders on Company Securities. If a Covered Person determines that they must use a standing order or limit order, the order should be limited to short duration and should otherwise comply with these Additional Procedures.

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**Rule 10b5-1 Plans:** Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act provides a defense from insider trading liability under Rule 10b-5-1. In order to be eligible to rely on this defense, a person subject to this Policy must enter into a Rule 10b5-1 plan for transactions in Company Securities that meets certain conditions specified in Rule 10b5-1 (a “Rule 10b5-1 Plan”). If the Rule 10b5-1 Plan meets the requirements of Rule 10b5-1, Company Securities may be purchased or sold without regard to certain insider trading restrictions. To comply with the Policy, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan must be approved by the Compliance Officer and meet the requirements of Rule 10b5-1. In general, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan must be entered into at a time when the person entering into the plan is not in possession or aware of material nonpublic information, must be entered into in good faith and not as part of a plan or scheme to evade the prohibitions of Rule 10b5-1, and the person must act in good faith for the duration of the Rule 10b5-1 Plan. Additionally, a certification must be included in any Rule 10b5-1 for a director or officer of the Company which includes the representations required by Rule 10b5-1(c)(1)(ii)(C). For directors or officers of the Company, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan should not allow for trades to be executed until the later of (i) 90 calendar days after the date of adoption of the Rule 10b5-1 or (ii) two business days following the filing of the Company’s Form 10-Q or Form 10-K, as applicable, relating to the fiscal quarter in which such Rule 10b5-1 Plan was adopted, and in no event later than 120 calendar days after adoption of the Rule 10b5-1 Plan. Once the plan is adopted, the person must not exercise any influence over the amount of securities to be traded, the price at which they are to be traded, or the date of the trade. The plan must either specify the amount, pricing, and timing of transactions in advance or delegate discretion on these matters to an independent third party.

Any new Rule 10b5-1 Plan or modifications to an existing Rule 10b5-1 Plan must be submitted for approval five days prior to the entry into the Rule 10b5-1 Plan. No further pre-approval of transactions conducted pursuant to the Rule 10b5-1 Plan will be required.

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**Appendix B: Securities Trading Policy – Covered Person Pre-Clearance Request**

[Internal Administrative Matters Omitted]

## IQVIA Holdings Inc.

## Subsidiary Listing - as of 12/31/2025

<u>Subsidiary</u>	<u>Jurisdiction or State of Organization</u>
159 Solutions, LLC	California
159 Technology Solutions Private Ltd	India
1HQ (NL) B.V.	Netherlands
1HQ Limited	United Kingdom
1HQ Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore
1HQ USA, LLC	New York
Accurate Health Auditing and Consulting Société Anonyme of Coordination Organisation & Health Investments	Greece
AECIO IT Solutions India Private Ltd.	India
AIT Bioscience LLC	Indiana
ALIMED Egészségügyi Szolgáltató Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság	Hungary
Allcare Plus Pharmacy LLC	Massachusetts
Apira Limited	United Kingdom
Apuro.com K.K.	Japan
Arc Bio Communications Limited	United Kingdom
Ascott Sales Integration Pty Ltd	Australia
Asesorias IQVIA Solutions Chile Limitada	Chile
Asserta Centroamerica Medicion de Mercados, S.A.	Guatemala
Avacare Clinical Research Network (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
Battaerd Mansley Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Benefit Holding, Inc.	North Carolina
Bioaxis Healthcare Southeast Europe Home Health Services Single Member Societe Anonyme	Greece
Biofortis, LLC	Delaware
Bioteknica, LLC	Florida
Brandshapers Ltd	Ireland
Bridgethorne Limited	United Kingdom
BuzzeoPDMA LLC	Delaware
BYKAIROS SAS	France

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CDS - Centre de Service SAS	France
Cedar Gate Partners, LLC	Connecticut
Cedar Gate Services Pvt. Ltd.	Nepal
Cedar Gate Technologies, Inc.	Delaware
Cedar Gate Technology Solutions, Inc.	Delaware
Cegedim Venezuela C.A.	Venezuela
Cenduit Limited	United Kingdom
Ceuta Healthcare Limited	United Kingdom
Ceuta Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
Ceuta International Limited	United Kingdom
CFS Clinical UK Limited	United Kingdom
Citra Health Solutions Datawing, LLC	Delaware
Click Consult Limited	United Kingdom
Clinical Financial Services, LLC	Pennsylvania
Clinical Lab Minority Shareholder Limited	United Kingdom
Clintec International (Pty) Ltd.	South Africa
Clintec International (Thailand) Limited	Thailand
Clintec International doo	Serbia
Clintec International FZ-LLC	United Arab Emirates
Clintec International LLC	Ukraine
Clintec International Ltd.	United Kingdom
Clintec International Norway AS	Norway
Clintec International Off-Shore S.A.L.	Lebanon
Clintec International Pte Ltd.	Singapore
Clintec International RUS LLC	Russia
Clintec Luxembourg S.A.	Luxembourg
Clintec Turkey Medikal ve Farmasotik Hizmetler Ticaret Limited Sirketi	Turkey
Cogvio, s.r.o.	Czechia
Compliant Community Projects (Pty) Ltd.	South Africa
CONVEMA Versorgungsmanagement GmbH	Germany
CQT Zorg & Gezondheid B.V	Netherlands
CRO Solutions Limited	United Kingdom

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CT Consulting Inc.	Philippines
Data Niche Associates, Inc.	Illinois
Dataline Software Limited	United Kingdom
Datandina Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador
Datec Industria e Comercio, Distribudora Grafica e Mala Direta Ltda.	Brazil
DAVASO GmbH	Germany
Deerwalk, Inc.	Delaware
DrugDev Limited	United Kingdom
Emerald Star Holdings LLC	Washington
Enli Health Intelligence Corporation	Delaware
EPG Communication Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
EURL IQVIA ALGERIA	Algeria
EUROPEAN PHARMACEUTICAL PROMOTION EPP SAS	France
Excel Life Sciences Private Limited	India
FACT	France
Fallon Medica LLC	Delaware
Forcea NV	Belgium
Foresight IT Solutions and Consulting India Private Limited	India
GCE Clin Solutions Limited	United Kingdom
GCE Global Solutions, LLC	Delaware
GCE Solutions International, LLC	Delaware
GCE Solutions, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Gen-Pharma (UK) Ltd	United Kingdom
GHA Buyer, Inc.	Delaware
GHA Intermediate, Inc.	Delaware
Gha Orthopedic Alliance, LLC	Texas
Gha Women'S Health Alliance, LLC	Texas
Global Cardiovascular Alliance, LLC	Texas
Global Crown Investment Limited	Hong Kong
Global Healthcare Alliance Holdings, Inc.	Texas
Global Healthcare Alliance, Inc.	Delaware
Grace Data Corp.	California

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HCP Management Operations, Inc.	Delaware
Healthcare Business Information Limited	United Kingdom
Hotel Lot C-8B, LLC	North Carolina
Iasist Holdeo Limited	United Kingdom
Iasist SAU Agencia en Chile	Chile
ILANE SAS	France
IM Associates BV	Belgium
ImmunXperts	Belgium
IMR International (Australia) PTY Ltd	Australia
IMS (UK) Pension Plan Trustee Company Limited	United Kingdom
IMS Health de Venezuela, C.A.	Venezuela
IMS Health Group Limited	United Kingdom
IMS Health Information Solutions Australia Pty. Ltd	Australia
IMS Health Information Solutions India Private Ltd.	India
IMS Health Networks Limited	United Kingdom
IMS Health Paraguay Srl	Paraguay
IMS Health Uruguay S.A.	Uruguay
IMS Meridian Limited	Hong Kong
IMS Meridian Research Limited	British Virgin Islands
IMS Software Services Ltd.	Delaware
Incarnus Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia
Innovex Merger Corp.	North Carolina
Innovex Sağlık Hizmetleri Araştırma Pazarlama Danışmanlık Sanayi ve Ticaret Limited Şirketi	Turkey
Innovex Sağlık Urunleri Pazarlama ve Hizmet Danismanlik Anonim Sirketi	Turkey
Inteliqet, Inc.	Delaware
Intercontinental Medical Statistics International, Ltd.	Delaware
Intercontinental Medical Statistics Kenya Ltd.	Kenya
Interface Clinical Services Ltd.	United Kingdom
Interstatistik AG	Switzerland
IPP Informacion Promocional y Publicitaria S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
IQVIA Medical Development (Dalian) Co., Ltd.	China
IQVIA (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand

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IQVIA Adriatic d.o.o. za Konzalting	Croatia
IQVIA Afrique de l'Ouest Francophone	Cote d'Ivoire
IQVIA AG	Switzerland
IQVIA Analytics Services Private Limited	India
IQVIA Asia Pacific Commercial Holdings LLC	North Carolina
IQVIA Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH	Germany
IQVIA BioSciences Holdings, LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Biotech LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Biotech Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Cancer Research	Belgium
IQVIA Chinametrik LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Clinical AB	Sweden
IQVIA Commercial Deutschland GmbH	Germany
IQVIA Commercial Finance Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA Commercial GmbH & Co. OHG	Germany
IQVIA Commercial I LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Commercial Rus LLC	Russia
IQVIA Commercial Trading LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Consulting and Information Services India Private Limited	India
IQVIA CSMS GmbH	Germany
IQVIA CSMS US Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA Digital Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA Finance Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Finland Oy	Finland
IQVIA FZ-LLC	United Arab Emirates
IQVIA Government Solutions Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA Health Transformation Private Limited	India
IQVIA Healthcare - Sole Proprietorship L.L.C.	United Arab Emirates
IQVIA Healthcare Consulting LLC	Palestine
IQVIA Healthcare for Health Consulting LLC	Palestine
IQVIA Hellas Technology Solutions Single Member S.A.	Greece
IQVIA Holdings (UK) Ltd.	United Kingdom

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IQVIA Holdings Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
IQVIA Holdings France SAS	France
IQVIA Holdings Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA IES Brasil Ltda.	Brazil
IQVIA IES Denmark ApS	Denmark
IQVIA IES Europe Limited	United Kingdom
IQVIA IES European Holdings	United Kingdom
IQVIA IES Overseas Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
IQVIA IES Puerto Rico Inc.	Puerto Rico
IQVIA IES South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa
IQVIA IES UK Limited	United Kingdom
IQVIA Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA Information Medical Statistics (Israel) Ltd.	Israel
IQVIA Information Solutions GmbH	Austria
IQVIA Information, S.A.	Spain
IQVIA Integrated Services NL	Netherlands
IQVIA Investment Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
IQVIA Korea Co. Ltd.	Republic of Korea
IQVIA Laboratories (Beijing) Co. Ltd.	China
IQVIA Laboratories Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
IQVIA Laboratories Canada Inc.	Canada
IQVIA Laboratories Holdings LLC	Delaware
IQVIA Laboratories Japan K.K.	Japan
IQVIA Laboratories LLC	North Carolina
IQVIA Laboratories Ltd	United Kingdom
IQVIA Lebanon S.a.r.l.	Lebanon
IQVIA Life Sciences Solutions (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	China
IQVIA Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Maroc S.à r.l.	Morocco
IQVIA Medical Development (Hefei) Co., Ltd.	China
IQVIA MedTech Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA MedTech NV	Belgium

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IQVIA Operations France SAS	France
IQVIA Pharma Inc.	North Carolina
IQVIA Pharma Services Corp.	North Carolina
IQVIA Pharmaceutical Marketing Services Ltd.	Slovenia
IQVIA Phase One Services LLC	Kansas
IQVIA Quality Metric Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA RDS (India) Private Ltd.	India
IQVIA RDS (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
IQVIA RDS and Integrated Services Belgium NV	Belgium
IQVIA RDS Argentina S.R.L.	Argentina
IQVIA RDS Asia Inc.	North Carolina
IQVIA RDS Austria GmbH	Austria
IQVIA RDS Brasil Ltda.	Brazil
IQVIA RDS Bulgaria EOOD	Bulgaria
IQVIA RDS Canada ULC	Canada
IQVIA RDS Canada West ULC	Canada
IQVIA RDS Chile	Chile
IQVIA RDS Clindata (Pty.) Ltd.	South Africa
IQVIA RDS Clindepharm (Pty.) Ltd.	South Africa
IQVIA RDS Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
IQVIA RDS Costa Rica S.A.	Costa Rica
IQVIA RDS Czech Republic s.r.o.	Czechia
IQVIA RDS d.o.o. Beograd	Serbia
IQVIA RDS Denmark A/S	Denmark
IQVIA RDS East Africa Limited	Kenya
IQVIA RDS East Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
IQVIA RDS Eastern Holdings GmbH	Austria
IQVIA RDS Egypt LLC	Egypt
IQVIA RDS Estonia OU	Estonia
IQVIA RDS Finland Oy	Finland
IQVIA RDS France SAS	France
IQVIA RDS Funding LLC	North Carolina

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IQVIA RDS GesmbH	Austria
IQVIA RDS GmbH	Germany
IQVIA RDS Guatemala, S.A.	Guatemala
IQVIA RDS Hellas Single Member S.A.	Greece
IQVIA RDS Holdings	United Kingdom
IQVIA RDS Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
IQVIA RDS Hungary Pharmaceutical Development and Consulting Limited Liability Company	Hungary
IQVIA RDS Inc.	North Carolina
IQVIA RDS Ireland Ltd.	Ireland
IQVIA RDS Israel Ltd.	Israel
IQVIA RDS Italy SRL	Italy
IQVIA RDS Latin America LLC	North Carolina
IQVIA RDS Latvia SIA	Latvia
IQVIA RDS Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
IQVIA RDS Netherlands B.V.	Netherlands
IQVIA RDS Nigeria Limited	Nigeria
IQVIA RDS Norway	Norway
IQVIA RDS Panama Inc.	Panama
IQVIA RDS Peru S.r.l.	Peru
IQVIA RDS Philippines Inc.	Philippines
IQVIA RDS Poland Sp. Zoo	Poland
IQVIA RDS Pty. Limited	Australia
IQVIA RDS Pty. Ltd.	New Zealand
IQVIA RDS Slovakia, s.r.o.	Slovakia
IQVIA RDS Software Services LLC	Delaware
IQVIA RDS South Africa (Pty.) Ltd.	South Africa
<b>IQVIA RDS Spain S.L.</b>	Spain
IQVIA RDS Taiwan Ltd.	Taiwan
IQVIA RDS UAB	Lithuania
IQVIA RDS UK Holdings Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA RDS Ukraine	Ukraine
IQVIA RDS Vietnam LLC	Vietnam

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IQVIA Regional Headquarter	Saudi Arabia
IQVIA Research and Development Solutions Saudi Arabia Limited	Saudi Arabia
IQVIA Romania S.R.L.	Romania
IQVIA Services Japan LLC/IQVIA Services Japan G.K.	Delaware
IQVIA Site Solutions Japan GK	Japan
IQVIA Soluções de Tecnologia do Brasil Ltda	Brazil
IQVIA Solutions (NZ) Limited	New Zealand
IQVIA Solutions (Pty.) Ltd.	South Africa
IQVIA Solutions a.s.	Czechia
IQVIA Solutions Argentina S.A.	Argentina
IQVIA Solutions Asia Pte. Ltd	Singapore
IQVIA Solutions Australia Holdings Pty. Ltd.	Australia
IQVIA Solutions Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
IQVIA Solutions B.V.	Netherlands
IQVIA Solutions Bangladesh Limited	Bangladesh
IQVIA Solutions Belgium BV	Belgium
IQVIA Solutions Bolivia S.R.L.	Bolivia
IQVIA Solutions Bulgaria Eood	Bulgaria
IQVIA Solutions Canada Inc.	Canada
IQVIA Solutions Colombia S.A.	Colombia
IQVIA Solutions Consulting Myanmar Company Limited	Myanmar
IQVIA Solutions del Peru S.A.	Peru
IQVIA Solutions Denmark AS	Denmark
IQVIA Solutions do Brasil Ltda.	Brazil
IQVIA Solutions Egypt Ltd.	Egypt
IQVIA Solutions Enterprise Management Consulting (Hainan) Co., Ltd.	China
IQVIA Solutions Enterprise Management Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
IQVIA Solutions Finance B.V.	Netherlands
IQVIA Solutions Finance UK I Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions Finance UK II Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions Finance UK III Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions Finance UK V Ltd.	United Kingdom

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IQVIA Solutions Global Holdings UK Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
IQVIA Solutions HQ Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions Ireland Limited	Ireland
IQVIA Solutions Italy S.r.l.	Italy
IQVIA Solutions Japan LLC/IQVIA Solutions Japan G.K.	Delaware
IQVIA Solutions Kazakhstan LLC	Kazakhstan
IQVIA Solutions Korea Ltd.	Republic of Korea
IQVIA Solutions Kuwait for Technical Consultations	Kuwait
IQVIA Solutions Lanka (Private) Limited	Sri Lanka
IQVIA Solutions LLC	Russia
<b>IQVIA Solutions Luxembourg S.à r.l.</b>	Luxembourg
IQVIA Solutions Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
IQVIA Solutions Norway AS	Norway
IQVIA Solutions Operations Center Philippines Inc.	Philippines
IQVIA Solutions Pakistan (Private) Limited	Pakistan
IQVIA Solutions Philippines Inc.	Philippines
IQVIA Solutions Poland Sp. z o.o	Poland
IQVIA Solutions Portugal, Unipessoal Lda	Portugal
<b>IQVIA Solutions Puerto Rico Inc.</b>	Puerto Rico
IQVIA Solutions Regional Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
IQVIA Solutions Republica Dominicana, S.R.L.	Dominican Republic
IQVIA Solutions s.r.o.	Slovakia
IQVIA Solutions Saudi Arabia Limited	Saudi Arabia
IQVIA Solutions Services Ltd.	Hungary
IQVIA Solutions Taiwan Ltd.	Taiwan
IQVIA Solutions Tunisia S.à r.l.	Tunisia
IQVIA Solutions UK Investments Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Solutions UK Limited	United Kingdom
IQVIA Sweden AB	Sweden
IQVIA Technology Services Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Technology Solutions Colombia Ltda.	Colombia

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IQVIA Technology Solutions Egypt LLC	Egypt
IQVIA Technology Solutions Romania Srl	Romania
IQVIA Technology Solutions s.r.o.	Slovakia
IQVIA Technology Solutions s.r.o.	Czechia
IQVIA Technology Solutions Ukraine LLC	Ukraine
IQVIA Technology Tunisia S.à r.l.	Tunisia
IQVIA Tibbi Istatistik Ticaret ve Musavirlik Ltd. Sirketi	Turkey
IQVIA Trading Management Inc.	Delaware
IQVIA West Africa	Senegal
IQVIA World Publications Ltd.	United Kingdom
IQVIA Zagreb d.o.o.	Croatia
IVM Plus GmbH	Germany
Kun Tai Medical Development Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Kun Tuo Medical Research & Development (Beijing) Co. Ltd.	China
Laboratorio Commuq Pharma SLU	Spain
LH Perspectives Limited	United Kingdom
Linguamatics Limited	United Kingdom
Linguamatics Solutions Limited	United Kingdom
LINICA, Inc.	Japan
M&H Informatics (BD) Ltd.	Bangladesh
MCRA (U.K.) Ltd.	United Kingdom
MCRA Germany GmbH	Germany
MCRA Switzerland GmbH	Switzerland
MCRA, LLC	Delaware
MedForce Medical Education, LLC	Delaware
Medicines Evaluation Unit Limited	United Kingdom
Medpages International Proprietary Limited	South Africa
Med-Vantage, Inc.	Delaware
Mercados Y Analisis, S.A.	Spain
Mercurial Insights Holding Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Mercurial Insights Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Meridian Research Vietnam Ltd.	Vietnam

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Metrika Business Intelligence Consulting, Inc.	Canada
Mighty myT, Inc	Japan
MZI Healthcare, LLC	Florida
New Experimental Therapeutics Of San Antonio, LLC	Texas
Nexelis Europe	Belgium
Nexelis Group LLC	Delaware
Nexelis Marburg GmbH	Germany
NEXT BRASIL LTDA.	Brazil
Next Texas, LLC	Texas
NEXT Virginia, LLC	Texas
Novasyste Services Corp.	Canada
Novasyste, LLC	California
Novex Pharma Laboratorio S.L.	Spain
Nuevo Health Pty Limited	Australia
Omni Care Consult	Belgium
Open Applications Consulting Limited	Ireland
Operaciones Centralizadas Latinoamericana Limitada	Chile
Optimum Contact Limited	United Kingdom
Orange Health Solutions, Inc.	Delaware
Outcome Sciences, LLC	Delaware
Penderwood Limited	United Kingdom
Pharma Deals Limited	United Kingdom
Pharma Strategy Group Limited	United Kingdom
Pharmaforce, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
PharmaReview Limited	United Kingdom
Pharmaspectra Group Ltd.	United Kingdom
Pharmaspectra Informatics Private Limited	India
Phoenix Group Holdings, LLC	New Jersey
PJ Monoceros-O K.K.	Japan
PJ Monoceros-OO K.K.	Japan
Polaris Management Partners, LLC	New Jersey
Polaris Solutions Ltd.	Hong Kong

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Polaris Solutions, LLC	New York
PR Editions S.A.S.	France
Prioritis Limited	United Kingdom
Privacy Analytics Inc.	Canada
Prometheus Research, LLC	Connecticut
PT IQVIA RDS Indonesia	Indonesia
PT IQVIA Solutions Indonesia	Indonesia
Purple Moon Agency LLC	Colorado
Q Squared Solutions (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
Q Squared Solutions (Quest) LLC	Delaware
Q Squared Solutions B.V.	Netherlands
Q Squared Solutions BioSciences LLC	Delaware
Q Squared Solutions China (Quest) Limited	United Kingdom
Q Squared Solutions China Limited	United Kingdom
Q Squared Solutions Expression Analysis LLC	Delaware
Q Squared Solutions Group Inc.	Delaware
Q Squared Solutions Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
Q Squared Solutions Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
Q Squared Solutions Holdings LLC	Delaware
Q Squared Solutions S.A.	Argentina
QCare Site Services, Inc.	North Carolina
Q-Consult Zorg Groep B.V.	Netherlands
QH Research Limited	United Kingdom
Q-Talent B.V.	Netherlands
Quality Health Limited	United Kingdom
Quintiles Benin S.A.R.L.U.	Benin
Quintiles Commercial Laboratorio S.L.U.	Spain
Quintiles Finance Uruguay S.r.L.	Uruguay
Quintiles Mauritius Holdings	Mauritius
Quintiles Medical Development (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
Quintiles Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Quintiles West Africa Limited	Ghana

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RCA Factory SAS	France
RedPharma SA	Belgium
REPSCO Promotion SAS	France
REPSCO RECRUTEMENT FORMATION SAS	France
Rules-Based Medicine Inc.	Delaware
RxJet Transportation Services Corp.	Delaware
Sales & Marketing Outsource Solutions Ltd	Ireland
Salesway SAS	France
Shanghai Illuminera Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	China
Simpson Healthcare Executives, LLC	Connecticut
Source Informatics Limited	United Kingdom
StatFin Estonia OÜ	Estonia
STI Technologies Limited	Canada
Summit Global Health, LLC	Connecticut
Throttle Holdings Inc.	Delaware
UAB IQVIA Commercial	Lithuania
Value Outcomes s.r.o.	Czechia
Valuecentric Privacy Solutions LLC	Delaware
Vivacity Health Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Vorpal Technologies KK	Japan
WHIZDOTAI INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	India

### Subsidiary Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities

The following entities were, as of December 31, 2025, guarantors of IQVIA Inc.'s 5.700% Senior Secured Notes due 2028 and 6.250% Senior Secured Notes due 2029.

Entity	Role
IQVIA Inc.	Issuer
IQVIA Holdings Inc.	Guarantor
Benefit Holding, Inc.	Guarantor
BuzzeoPDMA LLC	Guarantor
Clinical Financial Services, LLC	Guarantor
Data Niche Associates, Inc.	Guarantor
IMS Software Services Ltd.	Guarantor
Innovex Merger Corp.	Guarantor
Intercontinental Medical Statistics International, Ltd.	Guarantor
IQVIA BioSciences Holdings, LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA Biotech LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA Commercial Finance Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA CSMS US Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA Digital Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA Government Solutions Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA Laboratories LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA Pharma Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA Pharma Services Corp.	Guarantor
IQVIA Phase One Services LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA RDS Asia Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA RDS Inc.	Guarantor
IQVIA RDS Latin America LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA RDS Software Services LLC	Guarantor
IQVIA Trading Management Inc.	Guarantor
MCRA, LLC	Guarantor
Med-Vantage, Inc.	Guarantor
Outcome Sciences, LLC	Guarantor
Q Squared Solutions (Quest) LLC	Guarantor
Q Squared Solutions Holdings LLC	Guarantor
QCare Site Services, Inc.	Guarantor
Rules-Based Medicine Inc.	Guarantor
RxJet Transportation Services Corp.	Guarantor

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-213927, 333-193212, 333-188431) of IQVIA Holdings Inc. of our report dated February 17, 2026 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedules and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Raleigh, North Carolina  
February 17, 2026

**CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF  
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ari Bousbib, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of IQVIA Holdings Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 17, 2026

/s/ Ari Bousbib

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Ari Bousbib

*Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President*

(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF  
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ronald E. Bruehlman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of IQVIA Holdings Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 17, 2026

/s/ Ronald E. Bruehlman

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Ronald E. Bruehlman  
*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ari Bousbib, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of IQVIA Holdings Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: February 17, 2026

/s/ Ari Bousbib

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Ari Bousbib

*Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President*

(Principal Executive Officer)

This certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed "filed" by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Report, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ronald E. Bruehlman, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of IQVIA Holdings Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: February 17, 2026

/s/ Ronald E. Bruehlman

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Ronald E. Bruehlman

*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer*

(Principal Financial Officer)

This certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed "filed" by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Report, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.